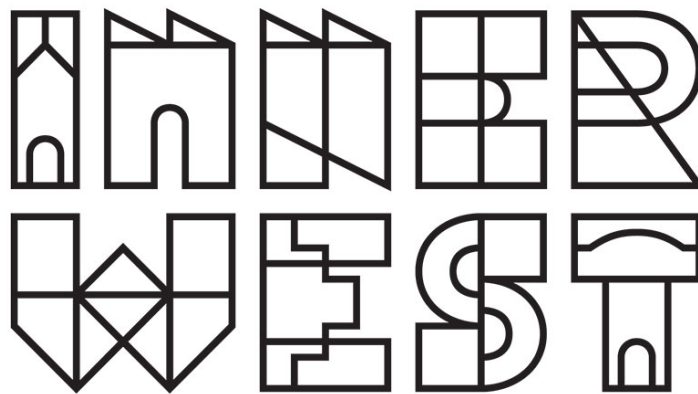


AGENDA



LOCAL TRAFFIC COMMITTEE MEETING

MONDAY 16 AUGUST 2021

10.00AM

Function of the Local Traffic Committee

Background

Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) is legislated as the Authority responsible for the control of traffic on all NSW Roads. The RMS has delegated certain aspects of the control of traffic on local roads to councils. To exercise this delegation, councils must establish a local traffic committee and obtain the advice of the RMS and Police. The Inner West Council Local Traffic Committee has been constituted by Council as a result of the delegation granted by the RMS pursuant to Section 50 of the Transport Administration Act 1988.

Role of the Committee

The Local Traffic Committee is primarily a technical review and advisory committee which considers the technical merits of proposals and ensures that current technical guidelines are considered. It provides recommendations to Council on traffic and parking control matters and on the provision of traffic control facilities and prescribed traffic control devices for which Council has delegated authority. These matters are dealt with under **Part A** of the agenda and require Council to consider exercising its delegation.

In addition to its formal role as the Local Traffic Committee, the Committee may also be requested to provide informal traffic engineering advice on traffic matters not requiring Council to exercise its delegated function at that point in time, for example, advice to Council's Development Assessment Section on traffic generating developments. These matters are dealt with under **Part C** of the agenda and are for information or advice only and do not require Council to exercise its delegation.

Committee Delegations

The Local Traffic Committee has no decision-making powers. The Council must refer all traffic related matters to the Local Traffic Committee prior to exercising its delegated functions. Matters related to State Roads or functions that have not been delegated to Council must be referred directly to the RMS or relevant organisation.

The Committee provides recommendations to Council. Should Council wish to act contrary to the advice of the Committee or if that advice is not supported unanimously by the Committee members, then the Police or RMS have an opportunity to appeal to the Regional Traffic Committee.

Committee Membership & Voting

Formal voting membership comprises the following:

- one representative of Council as nominated by Council;
- one representative of the NSW Police from each Local Area Command (LAC) within the LGA, being Newtown, Marrickville, Leichhardt and Ashfield LAC's.
- one representative from the RMS; and
- State Members of Parliament (MP) for the electorates of Summer Hill, Newtown, Heffron, Canterbury, Strathfield and Balmain or their nominees.

Where the Council area is represented by more than one MP or covered by more than one Police LAC, representatives are only permitted to vote on matters which effect their electorate or LAC.

Informal (non-voting) advisors from within Council or external authorities may also attend Committee meetings to provide expert advice.

Committee Chair

Council's representative will chair the meetings.

Public Participation

Members of the public or other stakeholders may address the Committee on agenda items to be considered by the Committee. The format and number of presentations is at the discretion of the Chairperson and is generally limited to 3 minutes per speaker. Committee debate on agenda items is not open to the public.

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Parking Matters

Nil at the time of printing.

Late Items

Nil at time of printing.

6 Part B - Items for Information Only

Nil at the time of printing.

7 Part C - Items for General Advice

Nil at the time of printing.

8 General Business

9 Close of Meeting

**Minutes of Local Traffic Committee Meeting
Held remotely on 19 July 2021**

Meeting commenced at 10.08AM

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COUNTRY BY CHAIRPERSON

I acknowledge the Gadigal and Wangal people of the Eora nation on whose country we are meeting today, and their elders past and present.

COMMITTEE REPRESENTATIVES PRESENT

Clr Victor Macri	Councillor – Midjuburi-Marrickville Ward (Chair)
Bill Holliday	Representative for Jamie Parker MP, Member for Balmain
Omar Rodriguez	Representative for Ron Hoenig MP, Member for Heffron
Roisin Murphy	Representative for Jo Haylen MP, Member for Summer Hill
Maryanne Duggan	Representative for Jodi MacKay MP, Member for Strathfield
SC Anthony Kenny	NSW Police – Inner West Police Area Command
SC Germaine Grant	NSW Police – Burwood Police Area Command
James Suprain	Transport for NSW (TfNSW)

NON VOTING MEMBERS IN ATTENDANCE

Clr Marghanita da Cruz	Councillor – Gulgadya-Leichhardt Ward (Alternative Chair)
Colin Jones	Inner West Bicycle Coalition (IWBC)
Keith Stallard	Inner West Bicycle Coalition (IWBC)
John McNeil	Inner West Bicycle Coalition (IWBC)
Adrian Prichard	Transit Systems – Inner West Bus Services
Manod Wickramasinghe	IWC's Traffic & Transport Planning Manager
George Tsaprounis	IWC's Coordinator Traffic Engineering Services (South)
Sunny Jo	IWC's Coordinator Traffic Engineering Services (North)
Jason Scoufis	IWC's Traffic & Parking Planner
Jenny Adams	IWC's Engineer – Traffic & Parking Services
Mohammed Haque	IWC's Civil Engineer
Pierre Ayoub	IWC's Civil Engineer
Christina Ip	IWC's Business Administration Officer

VISITORS

Charmila Sathianandan	Item 4 - Transport for NSW (TfNSW)
Bonnie Mo	Item 4 - Transport for NSW (TfNSW)
Gauam Pathmanathan	Item 4 - Arenco
Angelo Stratikopoulos	Item 4 - Arenco
Anthony Leung	Item 8 and 9 - Stantec

APOLOGIES:

SC Sam Tohme	NSW Police – Burwood Police Area Command
Sgt Charles Buttrose	NSW Police – Leichhardt Police Area Command

DISCLOSURES OF INTERESTS:

Nil.

CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

The minutes of the Local Traffic Committee meeting held on 21 June 2021 were confirmed, with amendments to the discussion of Item 8 to record comments from the representative for the Member for Balmain, as follows:

The representative for the Member for Balmain commented that the consultation does not consider that there are two distinct areas, the areas north and south of Springside Street, that would be impacted differently by a 'No Left Turn' restriction from Moodie Street. The representative raised the following concerns:

1. Residents from the area south of Springside Street would suffer from the out-of-area traffic avoiding the bank up at Darling Street to turn left at Moodie Street but would benefit from being able to turn left at Moodie Street.
2. Residents from the area north of Springside Street cannot access their area from Darling Street as a result of the one way sections of McCleer and Manning Streets and this also applies to any out-of-area rat runners. On the other hand they can readily turn left at Callan Street and also at Toelle Street when it is re-opened.
3. A 'No Left Turn' restriction would impact residents from streets south of Callan Street who need the left turn from Moodie Street to head westbound on Victoria Road. This impact will likely worsen if the Norton Street, James Street, Darley Road and City West Link intersections are upgraded and when Rozelle Interchange traffic merges with traffic from Darling and Moodie Streets going towards the Iron Cove Bridge.
4. Traffic in the side streets of Victoria Road, between Darling Street and Gordon Street will worsen when the City West Link intersections are upgraded and traffic is increased. Residents in these side streets will face the same problem Moodie Street residents face now.

MATTERS ARISING FROM COUNCIL'S RESOLUTION OF MINUTES

The Local Traffic Committee recommendations of its meeting held on 21 June 2021 are awaiting adoption.

EMAIL CONFIRMATION OF OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

The representative for NSW Police – Inner West supported the Officer's recommendations for the items in their PAC.

The representative for NSW Police – Burwood supported the Officer's recommendations for the items in their PAC.

The representative for the Member for Strathfield supported the Officer's recommendations.

LTC0721(1) Item 1 Wardell Road/Riverside Crescent, Marrickville/ Dulwich Hill - No Left Turn Restriction (Djarrawunang-Marrickville Ward/Summer Hill Electorate/Inner West PAC)

SUMMARY

A 'No Left Turn' restriction was installed in early 2021 to ban vehicles heading northeast in Wardell Road from making a left turn into Riverside Crescent, Dulwich Hill/ Marrickville. Since the sign was installed, Council has received numerous correspondence from the community regarding the negative impact the banned left turn movement restriction has had on traffic delays and travel times in Wardell Road , in particular in the weekday AM peak

period heading towards Dulwich Hill.

A number of treatments are proposed to alleviate traffic congestion whilst supporting cycling for the on-road sections of the Greenway.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT:

1. The 'No Left Turn' sign in Wardell Road facing northeast bound motorists at Riverside Crescent be replaced with a 'No Left Turn Vehicles over 6 metres' sign subject to TfNSW approval of a TMP.
2. The BB lines in Riverside Crescent at Wardell Road be adjusted by relocating 1m northeast for a length of 10 metres.
3. A concept design for traffic calming in the form of kerb extensions at the Tennyson Street/Riverside Crescent be prepared for consideration by Traffic Committee
4. A 30 km/h speed limit in Ness Avenue along the on-road Greenway route be supported for a 12-month trial period subject to approval of the trial by TfNSW

DISCUSSION

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

1. **The 'No Left Turn' sign in Wardell Road facing northeast bound motorists at Riverside Crescent be replaced with a 'No Left Turn Vehicles over 6 metres' sign subject to TfNSW approval of a TMP.**
2. **The BB lines in Riverside Crescent at Wardell Road be adjusted by relocating 1m northeast for a length of 10 metres.**
3. **A concept design for traffic calming in the form of kerb extensions at the Tennyson Street/Riverside Crescent be prepared for consideration by Traffic Committee**
4. **A 30 km/h speed limit in Ness Avenue along the on-road Greenway route be supported for a 12-month trial period subject to approval of the trial by TfNSW**

For motion: Unanimous

**LTC0721(1) Item 2 Liberty Street and Kingston Road, Enmore / Newtown / Camperdown – Trucks and request to reclassify road – LTC0321
Item 15 General Business (Damum-Stanmore Ward / Newtown Electorate /Inner West PAC)**

SUMMARY

Council has received concerns regarding truck movements along Liberty Street and Kingston Road, Enmore and an Item was raised in General Business at the March 2021 Committee meeting to assess the need for reclassification of the existing Regional Road. Past traffic count data was compared with current traffic volume counts and it is recommended that no action be taken at this time and the traffic situation in the area continue to be monitored.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT this report be received and noted.

DISCUSSION

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT this report be received and noted.

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 3 Bailey Street, at Enmore Road, Newtown – 10km/h 'Shared Zone' Treatment – Design Plan 10133 (Damun -Stanmore Ward / Newtown Electorate / Inner West PAC)

SUMMARY

Council has finalised a design plan (10133) for a 10km/h 'Shared Zone' treatment in Bailey Street at Enmore Road, Newtown. The proposal for a 'Shared Zone' with threshold treatments and associated signs and line markings will improve safety and accessibility for pedestrians and traffic conditions at this location. The proposed works are part of recommendations endorsed in September 2019 and listed in the Newtown Local Area Traffic Management (LATM) report.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT the detailed design plan for the 10km/h 'Shared Zone' treatment in Bailey Street at Enmore Road, Newtown and associated signs and line markings (as per Plan No.10133) be APPROVED, subject to separate TfNSW approval.

DISCUSSION

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT the detailed design plan for the 10km/h 'Shared Zone' treatment in Bailey Street at Enmore Road, Newtown and associated signs and line markings (as per Plan No.10133) be APPROVED, subject to separate TfNSW approval.

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 4 Terminus Street, Petersham – TfNSW Petersham Station Upgrade Project - Signs and Line Markings Plan 150272-PET-CI-DRG-45402 (Damun -Stanmore Ward/ Newtown Electorate/ Inner West PAC)

SUMMARY

The signs and line marking plan for the proposed traffic / parking changes in Terminus Street, Petersham associated with Petersham Station Upgrade Project works have been submitted to Council (150272-PET-CI-DRG-45402) by Arengo, on behalf of TfNSW. It is recommended that the signs and line marking plan be approved.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT the detailed signs and line marking plan for Terminus Street, Petersham (as part of Petersham Station Upgrade works) as per the attached plan (Signage and Line Marking Plan - Sheet 2 - 150272-PET-CI-DRG-45402) be approved.

DISCUSSION

Public speakers: Charmila Sathianandan, Bonnie Mo, Gauam Pathmanathan and Angelo Stratikopoulos attended at 10.08am.

TfNSW project managers made a presentation on how parking will be impacted by the Petersham Station Upgrade Project works and presented results of community consultation noting that:

- Six out of the 60 community submissions received raised questions around parking and the kiss and ride space. None of these six submissions raised an issue with the removal of parking spaces on Terminus Street.
- Additional notifications were delivered via doorknocking of 89 properties in Terminus Street and Railway Street (between Terminus Street and Brighton Street) and a letterbox drop notification within a 500 metre radius of the station.
- Residents identified parking as an existing issue in the area.
- Residents requested for timed parking spots in the untimed sections on Terminus and Railway Streets, and for the existing timed parking spaces to be extended into the weekends. TfNSW commented that these requests are outside the scope of the station upgrade works.

Committee members raised a number of issues which were addressed by the speakers as follows:

- Due to low pedestrian and vehicle volumes, Terminus Street would not have met the warrants for a marked pedestrian crossing. The width of the road does not allow for a pedestrian refuge to be installed.
- The speed zone in Terminus Street will be reduced to 40km/h as part of the LGA-wide project to reduce traffic speeds. This is not within the scope of the station upgrade.
- The project's planning approval includes a condition specifying that the tree is to be retained due to community desire to keep it. An arborist is present during works to ensure the tree is not damaged.
- The Manager of the White Cockatoo Hotel has been consulted throughout the project and has not raised any objections to the changes. Cllr Macri requested TfNSW obtain a response from the Hotel's owner and provide to the Committee before the project is approved by Council.
- Bike hoops will be installed on Trafalgar Street as part of the project.
- Residents were concerned that seating would encourage loitering in the area. There is some seating adjacent to the stair and there is a possibility of installing an additional seat. Shelters are not part of the project scope.

(Speakers left at 10.30am)

Due to concerns with the substantial loss of parking, the Chair requested that Council Officers investigate any design changes that could help retain some parking spaces, including seeking advice from an arborist to determine if the tree, which is located within the proposed kerb blister area, is at the end of its lifecycle and whether more trees could be incorporated into the design in lieu of this tree being removed. Council Officers were also asked to consult residents and businesses regarding the loss of parking.

The Item was deferred until Council Officers obtained the requested information.

The TfNSW representative requested that Council Officers keep the project manager informed on how they intend to proceed.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT the detailed signs and line marking plan for Terminus Street, Petersham (as part of Petersham Station Upgrade works) as per the attached plan (Signage and Line Marking Plan - Sheet 2 - 150272-PET-CI-DRG-45402) be deferred until Council Officers investigate changes to the design to retain some of the parking spaces lost in Terminus Street (including consideration of the removal of the large tree in the kerb blister area and replacement of this tree with a number of smaller trees), and consult with affected residents and businesses regarding the loss in parking.

For motion: Cllr Macri

Abstained: TfNSW

LTC0721(1) Item 5 Fred Street, Dulwich Hill - Proposed Painted Island Treatment

SUMMARY

Council has received concerns raised by a number of residents and motorists regarding safety along Fred Street and at the intersection of Fred Street/ Victoria Street and Eltham Street. It has been raised with Council that on many occasions, vehicles drive into Fred Street, against the one-way direction of travel with drivers either unaware of the current 'No Entry' signage or wilful intent to disobey the no entry restrictions. Council has proposed a painted island treatment in order to enhance the current no entry restrictions and to possibly deter illegal traffic behaviour.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT

1. the proposed painted island treatment, including travel direction arrow and extension of existing 'No Stopping' restrictions to 15m, on both sides of Fred Street north of the intersection of Fred Street, Victoria Street and Eltham Street, Dulwich Hill, be approved.
2. Physical kerb blister islands to replace the painted island treatment be approved in principle and listed on Council's forward Capital Works Program.

DISCUSSION

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT

1. the proposed painted island treatment, including travel direction arrow and extension of existing 'No Stopping' restrictions to 15m, on both sides of Fred Street north of the intersection of Fred Street, Victoria Street and Eltham Street, Dulwich Hill, be approved.
2. Physical kerb blister islands to replace the painted island treatment be approved in principle and listed on Council's forward Capital Works Program.

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 6 Unwins Bridge Road, adjacent to Tillman Park, Tempe – Proposed New Mid-Block Signalised Pedestrian Crossing – Design Plan 10111 (Midjuburi – Marrickville Ward / Heffron Electorate/ Inner West PAC)

SUMMARY

Detailed design plans have now been finalised for the proposed new mid-block signalised pedestrian crossing in Unwins Bridge Road, adjacent to Tillman Park, Tempe. The purpose of the proposed works is to increase pedestrian safety at the existing raised pedestrian zebra crossing which has a poor road safety history. The proposed works received funding from the TfNSW Blackspot Program and the works will improve pedestrian and motorists' safety and addresses residents' concerns about speeding, driver behaviour and pedestrian safety at this location. Consultation has been undertaken with nearby owners and occupiers of properties along Unwins Bridge Road regarding the proposal. It is recommended that the proposed detailed design plans be approved.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT the detailed design plans for the proposed new mid-block signalised pedestrian crossing on Unwins Bridge Road, adjacent to Tillman Park, Tempe, including associated signposting and line marking (as per the attached plans No. 10111) be APPROVED.

DISCUSSION

It was noted that this item is within the Heffron Electorate, not the Summer Hill Electorate as stated in the report.

The Member for Heffron, Ron Hoenig MP, submitted his support for the proposal.

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT the detailed design plans for the proposed new mid-block signalised pedestrian crossing on Unwins Bridge Road, adjacent to Tillman Park, Tempe, including associated signposting and line marking (as per the attached plans No. 10111) be APPROVED.

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 7 Alt Street at intersections with Church Street and Charlotte Street, Ashfield- Investigation on the warrant of pedestrian crossings (Leichhardt – Gulgadya Ward/Summer Hill Electorate/Burwood PAC)

SUMMARY

The Inner West Bicycle Coalition representative, at the Local Traffic Committee meeting of the 3 August 2020, under General Business, requested that traffic, speed and pedestrian counts be conducted in Alt Street, between Church Street and Charlotte Street, Ashfield, with view to installing a pedestrian crossing if warrant permits under the Transport for NSW (TfNSW) or RMS guidelines.

Council at its meeting on the 25 August 2020 resolved or noted that:

Staff will arrange a pedestrian/traffic volume count in the area to determine if the site meets the warrants for a crossing. The Ashfield Traffic Management Study (ATMS) also recommended the need to calm traffic in Alt Street at this location.

This report outlines the results of traffic and pedestrian count survey carried out in November 2020 at the proximity intersections of Alt Street/Church Street and Alt Street/Chandos Street where pedestrian activity is most occurrent.

The outcome of the results generally determined that there is a low or non-consistent pedestrian activity in crossing the road through the day or week to warrant the establishment of crossings under the TfNSW or RMS guidelines. Council will review and investigate alternate possible cross-over and/or traffic control measures for improved safety to pedestrians under the recommendation of the ATMS and Ashfield/Inner West Council Pedestrian Access Mobility Plan (PAMP).

Officer's Recommendation

THAT:

1. The report be received and noted that no warrant can be made to justify the installation of a pedestrian crossing in Alt Street between Charlotte Street and Church Street, nor the intersection sides of Church Street and Charlotte Street, Ashfield; and
2. Council staff review and investigate other alternate and possible cross-over and/or traffic control measures to improve pedestrian safety in the area.

DISCUSSION

It was noted that this item is within the Gulgadya-Leichhardt Ward, not the Djarrawunang-Ashfield Ward as stated in the report.

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

1. **The report be received and noted that no warrant can be made to justify the installation of a pedestrian crossing in Alt Street between Charlotte Street and Church Street, nor the intersection sides of Church Street and Charlotte Street, Ashfield; and**
2. **Council staff review and investigate other alternate and possible cross-over and/or traffic control measures to improve pedestrian safety in the area.**

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 8 Leichhardt West Precinct Parking Study (Gulgadya-Leichhardt Ward/ Balmain Electorate/ Leichhardt PAC)

SUMMARY

The Leichhardt West Precinct Parking Study reviewed the location, supply, demand and distribution of short and long stay parking, commercial, residential, employee, and commuter parking. The work consisted of examining existing conditions including parking data,

community submissions, observed parking conditions, existing permit allocation, and future land uses within the Leichhardt West precinct.

A community survey was also undertaken to gauge the parking issues faced by different users. With consideration of the above a draft parking management strategy for Leichhardt West was developed.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT:

1. The Draft Leichhardt West Precinct Parking Study including the Draft Leichhardt West Parking Strategy be endorsed for community consultation; and
2. The draft report be placed on Public Exhibition, providing a minimum 28 days for submissions and the results be reported back to the Traffic Committee.

DISCUSSION

Clr da Cruz stated that residents of Hawthorne Street are interested in angle parking and asked whether this within the scope of the study. Council Officers are not aware of this request; however, they advised that the request may be considered if raised during the consultation.

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

1. The Draft Leichhardt West Precinct Parking Study including the Draft Leichhardt West Parking Strategy be endorsed for community consultation; and
2. The draft report be placed on Public Exhibition, providing a minimum 28 days for submissions and the results be reported back to the Traffic Committee.

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 9 Rozelle North Precinct Parking Study (Baludarri-Balmain Ward/Balmain Electorate/Leichhardt PAC)

SUMMARY

The Rozelle North Precinct Parking Study reviewed the location, supply, demand and distribution of short and long stay parking, commercial, residential, employee, and commuter parking. The work consisted of examining existing conditions including parking data, community submissions, observed parking conditions, existing permit allocation, and future land uses within the Rozelle North precinct.

A community survey was also undertaken to gauge the parking issues faced by different users. With consideration of the above a draft parking management strategy for Rozelle North was developed.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT:

1. The Draft Rozelle North Precinct Parking Study including the Draft Rozelle North

- Precinct Parking Strategy be endorsed for community consultation; and
2. The draft report be placed on Public Exhibition, providing a minimum 28 days for submissions and the results be reported back to the Traffic Committee.

DISCUSSION

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

1. The Draft Rozelle North Precinct Parking Study including the Draft Rozelle North Precinct Parking Strategy be endorsed for community consultation; and
2. The draft report be placed on Public Exhibition, providing a minimum 28 days for submissions and the results be reported back to the Traffic Committee.

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 10 Henry Lane, Lewisham - Proposed 'No Stopping' Restrictions (Damun- Stanmore Ward/ Summer Hill Electorate/ Inner West PAC)

SUMMARY

Council has received concerns of parked vehicles at the T-junction of Henry Lane, Lewisham resulting in difficulties for some residents maneuvering at the T-junction due to the narrowness of the two laneways. Therefore, Council is proposing to implement a 6 metre length of 'No Stopping' restriction to remove potential obstructions and improve the ability of motorists to maneuver at the T-junction.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT a 6 metre 'No Stopping' zone on the western side of Henry Lane, Lewisham, along the eastern boundary of property No.16 Henry Street, Lewisham.

DISCUSSION

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT a 6 metre 'No Stopping' zone on the western side of Henry Lane, Lewisham, along the eastern boundary of property No.16 Henry Street, Lewisham.

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 11 Victoria Road, Marrickville - Proposed Short-Term Parking

(Midjuburi- Marrickville Ward/Summer Hill Electorate/Inner West PAC)

SUMMARY

Following representations from local businesses, Council is proposing to implement a 50 metre section of one-hour parking, along the western side of Victoria Road, north of its intersection with Sydenham Road. Council has now undertaken community consultation to gauge the community's view in relation to introducing a section of time-restricted parking on Victoria Road, Marrickville, immediately north of Sydenham Road, in order to improve parking turnover in the vicinity of the local businesses.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT a 50-metre section of '1P 9am – 5pm Monday to Saturday' on western side of Victoria Road, Marrickville between the signalised intersection of Victoria & Sydenham Road and northern boundary of property 191 Victoria Road, Marrickville be APPROVED.

DISCUSSION

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT a 50-metre section of '1P 9am – 5pm Monday to Saturday' on western side of Victoria Road, Marrickville between the signalised intersection of Victoria & Sydenham Road and northern boundary of property 191 Victoria Road, Marrickville be APPROVED.

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 12 Constitution Road, Dulwich Hill - Proposed 'No Parking' Restrictions (Djarrawunang - Ashfield Ward/ Summer Hill Electorate/ Inner West Pac)

SUMMARY

Council's Resource Recovery department have raised concerns of traffic and pedestrian safety during garbage collection times outside 115 – 117 Constitution Road, Dulwich Hill. Following an investigation into this matter by a Council Traffic Officer, it is now recommended that a 12 metre section of 'No Parking' restriction during the waste collection times be approved on the southern side of Constitution Road, immediately east of driveway to 115-117 Constitution Road, Dulwich Hill.

Officer's Recommendation

THAT a 12-metre section of 'No Parking 4pm Monday – 10am Tuesday' restriction on southern side of Constitution Road, Dulwich Hill, immediately east of driveway to 115 – 117 Constitution Road, Dulwich Hill be APPROVED.

DISCUSSION

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT a 12-metre section of ‘No Parking 4pm Monday – 10am Tuesday’ restriction on southern side of Constitution Road, Dulwich Hill, immediately east of driveway to 115 – 117 Constitution Road, Dulwich Hill be APPROVED.

For motion: Unanimous

**LTC0721 Item 13 Cavendish Street, Stanmore - Resident Parking Scheme Proposal
(Damun - Stanmore Ward/ Newtown Electorate/ Inner West PAC)**

SUMMARY

In response to a community petition received from a number of residents of Cavendish Street, Stanmore between Holt Street and Merchant Street, Council has investigated a proposal for Residential Parking Scheme. This report provides the results of the residential parking scheme investigation into Cavendish Street, Stanmore, between Holt Street and Merchant Street, with the recommendation of not to support the proposal.

Officer’s Recommendation

THAT the proposed Residential Parking Scheme in Cavendish Street, Stanmore between Holt Street and Merchant Street is not be supported at the present time due to less than required Level of Support as outlined in Inner West Council’s Public Domain Parking Policy.

DISCUSSION

The Committee members agreed with the Officer’s recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT the proposed Residential Parking Scheme in Cavendish Street, Stanmore between Holt Street and Merchant Street is not be supported at the present time due to less than required Level of Support as outlined in Inner West Council’s Public Domain Parking Policy.

For motion: Unanimous

LTC0721(1) Item 14 Proposed Resident Parking Scheme in Rozelle (Baludarri-Balmain Ward/ Balmain Electorate/ Leichhardt PAC)

SUMMARY

Council has received multiple requests from residents of Foucart Street, Hutcheson Street and Denison Street for a Resident Parking Scheme (RPS) to address issues with WestConnex workers’ long-term parking within the residential streets.

Officer’s Recommendation

THAT:

1. A ‘2P 8am-6pm, Permit Holders Excepted, Area R1’ parking restriction be installed on:
 - a. Both sides of Foucart Street between Albert Street and Lilyfield Road, Rozelle;
 - b. Both sides of Hutcheson Street, Rozelle;

- c. Western side of Alice Street between Albert Street and Mary Street, Rozelle;
 - d. Western side of Denison Street between Cashman Street and Cheltenham Street, Rozelle;
 - e. Both sides of Cashman Street, Rozelle.
 - f. Northern side of Lilyfield Road between Foucart Lane and Foucart Street.
2. 10m 'No Stopping' zone to be installed at intersections where Resident Parking Scheme is implemented;
3. A '2P 8am-6pm Mon-Fri, 4P 8am-1pm Sat' restriction be installed on the angle parking spaces only on the eastern side of Denison Street along Easton Park.

DISCUSSION

Council Officers tabled a number of submissions received regarding the amended proposal. Residents raised concerns that:

- Some Foucart Street residents will be disadvantaged by the loss of parking from the proposed 10m 'No Stopping' zone at the intersection of Joseph Street. In response to these concerns, Council Officers further recommended that the three parking spaces on the north side of Joseph Street, between Foucart Street and Foucart Lane, be relocated to the south side of the street and included in the RPS, and a 10m 'No Stopping' zone be installed at Foucart Street at Joseph Street. This will provide parking for residents in 24 and 26 Foucart Street who will lose parking in front of their property.
- The RPS is not necessary as the parking problems are caused by WestConnex. Council Officers stated that providing an RPS will give residents a better chance of parking near their properties without competing with WestConnex vehicles parking in the streets.
- The 10m 'No Stopping' zones are excessive and could be reduced to increased parking supply.
- Concerns with visibility when exiting Foucart Lane and Foucart Street onto Lilyfield Road. Council Officers will investigate this issue separately.
- One resident changed their vote and now supports the inclusion of Albert Street in the proposed RPS. In response to the revised support rate for an RPS in Albert Street, Council Officers proposed an additional recommendation that the south side of Albert Street, between Hutcheson Street and Foucart Street, be included in the RPS and a 10m 'No Stopping' zone be installed at that section of Albert Street.

Clr Macri asked what the process is for residents, who will not be part of the RPS, to later request to be included. Council Officers advised that the Traffic & Transport Planning Manager has delegated authority to make minor modifications to an existing RPS and this would allow a small number of properties not included in the proposed RPS to be later considered for inclusion.

The Committee members agreed with the Officer's recommendation.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

1. **A '2P 8am-6pm, Permit Holders Excepted, Area R1' parking restriction be installed on:**
 - a. **Both sides of Foucart Street between Albert Street and Lilyfield Road, Rozelle;**
 - b. **Both sides of Hutcheson Street, Rozelle;**
 - c. **Western side of Alice Street between Albert Street and Mary Street, Rozelle;**
 - d. **Western side of Denison Street between Cashman Street and**

- Cheltenham Street, Rozelle;
- e. Both sides of Cashman Street, Rozelle.
 - f. Northern side of Lilyfield Road between Foucart Lane and Foucart Street.
2. 10m 'No Stopping' zone to be installed at intersections where Resident Parking Scheme is implemented;
 3. A '2P 8am-6pm Mon-Fri, 4P 8am-1pm Sat' restriction be installed on the angle parking spaces only on the eastern side of Denison Street along Easton Park.
 4. Based on additional feedback, '2P 8am-6pm, Permit Holders Excepted, Area R1' parking restriction be also installed on:
 - a. the southern side of Joseph Street between Foucart Street and Foucart Lane with the existing parking on the northern side of the street being relocated to the southern side of the street and replaced with appropriate 'No Parking' restrictions
 - b. the south side of Albert Street, between Hutcheson Street and Foucart Street

For motion: Unanimous

General Business

LTC0721 Item 15 Request for 10km/h 'Shared Zone' in Prospect Street, Leichhardt

Clr da Cruz requested for a 10km/h 'Shared Zone' in Prospect Street, Leichhardt as the street has no footpath, has high pedestrian volume and is close to schools and a child care centre. Council Officers advised that Prospect Street has been identified in the Pedestrian Access and Mobility Plan as a location for further investigation.

LTC0721 Item 16 Proposed Whites Creek Lane, Leichhardt cycleway and 10km/h 'Shared Zone'

Clr da Cruz questioned the status of the proposed cycleway and 10km/h 'Shared Zone' along Whites Creek Lane. Council Officers will follow up on this and provide an update.

LTC0721 Item 17 Request to designate McCarthy Lane and Cahill Lane, Annandale, a cycle route

The representative for the Member for Balmain requested that Council consider connecting McCarthy Lane with Cahill Lane in Annandale and designating it as a bike route.

LTC0721 Item 18 Request for cycle route improvements on Albion Street, Annandale

Clr da Cruz asked for improvements to the Albion Street cycle route at the intersection of Johnston Street to make it safer for cyclists to cross Johnston Street.

LTC0721 Item 19 Request for 10km/h 'Shared Zone' on Etonville Parade, Croydon

Clr da Cruz requested a 10km/h 'Shared Zone' for Etonville Parade, Croydon as it connects to the Iron Cove cycleway.

LTC0721 Item 20 Request for traffic calming in Wetherill Street, Croydon

Residents of Wetherill Street, Croydon have requested for a 10km/h 'Shared Zone' or other traffic calming treatment in the street.

Meeting closed at 11.02am.

Item No: LTC0821(1) Item 1

Subject: 182-198 VICTORIA ROAD AND 28-30 FAVERSHAM STREET,
MARRICKVILLE – DA 201900096 – CONSENT CONDITIONS 30 AND 31 –
AMENDED SIGNS AND LINE MARKINGS PLAN FOR HANS PLACE AT
FAVERSHAM STREET N156271-08-01 (MIDJUBURI - MARRICKVILLE
WARD / SUMMER HILL ELECTORATE / INNER WEST PAC)

Prepared By: Jennifer Adams - Engineer – Traffic and Parking Services

Authorised By: Manod Wickramasinghe - Traffic and Transport Planning Manager

SUMMARY

An amended detailed line marking and signage plan for Hans Place and Faversham Street, Marrickville has been submitted by TOGA Wicks Park Development as part of development consent conditions for DA201900096 for the proposed mixed-use development at 182-198 Victoria Road and 28-30 Faversham Street, Marrickville. The amendment proposes to introduce new 'No Stopping' signage and a new 'No Right Turn' ban for vehicles over 8 metres exiting the private access way. It is recommended that the submitted plan be supported in principle subject to TfNSW's approval.

RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

1. The amended detailed line marking and signage plan for Hans Place and Faversham Street, Marrickville showing new 'No Stopping' restrictions and a new 'No Right Turn' ban for vehicles over 8 metres exiting the private access way (as per the attached Plan B – N156271-08-01) be approved; and
2. The costs of the supply and installation of the associated signage are to be borne by the applicant in accordance with Council's Fees and Charges.

BACKGROUND

A report went to the Committee at its 15 February 2021 meeting (LTC0221 – Item1) detailing the signage and line marking plans to satisfy DA201900096 consent conditions 30 and 31 (Plan B – N156271-06-02 and Plan C – N156271-06-01 Victoria Road). These plans were approved at Council's meeting 9 March 2021. An amended detailed line marking and signage plan has now been received by Council for Hans Place and Faversham Street, Marrickville (N156271-08-01).

The amendment proposes to introduce new 'No Stopping' signage and a new 'No Right Turn' ban for vehicles over 8 metres exiting the private access way.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

All works and costs of implementation works associated with the proposal will be borne by the applicant.

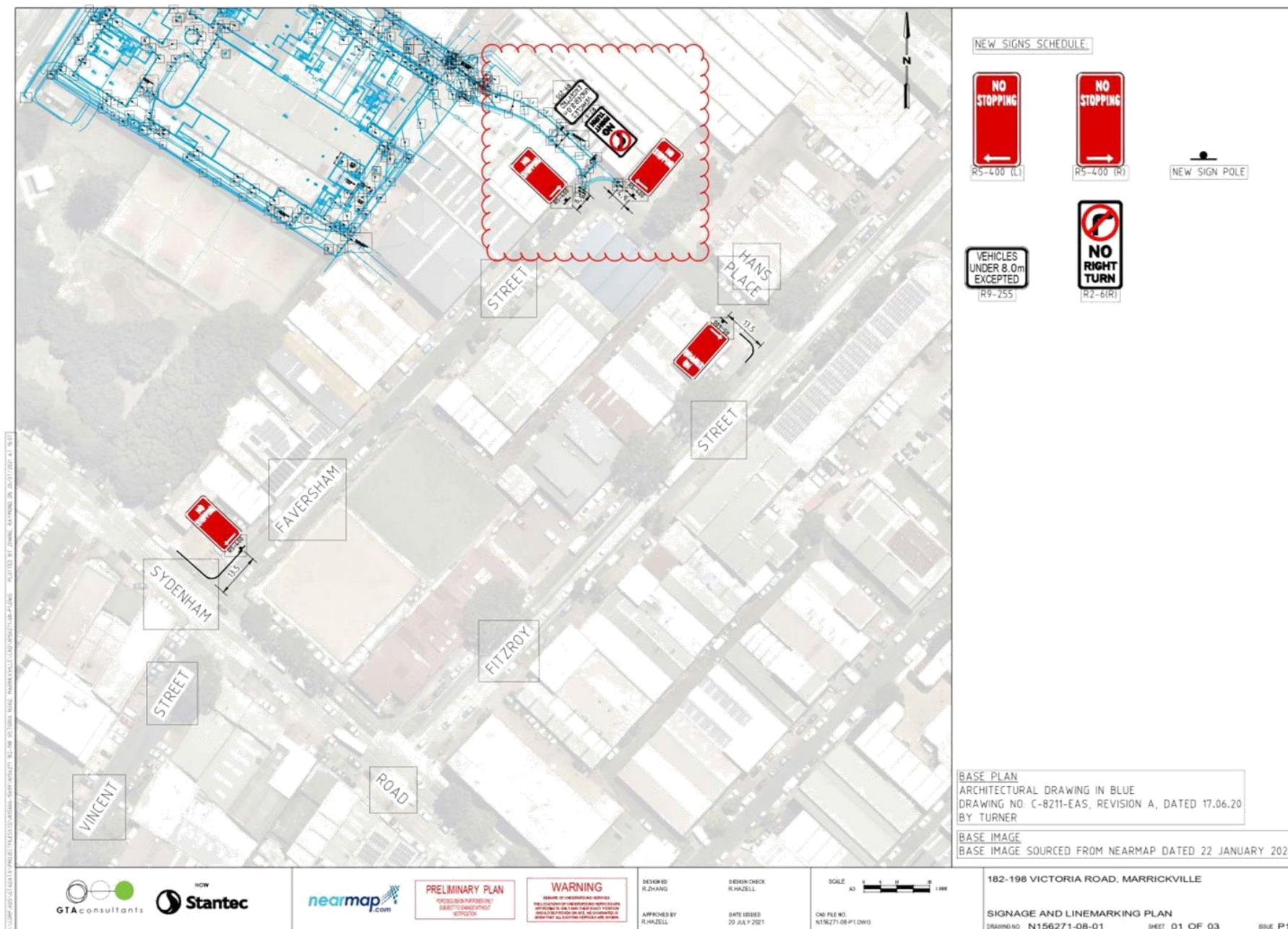
DISCUSSION

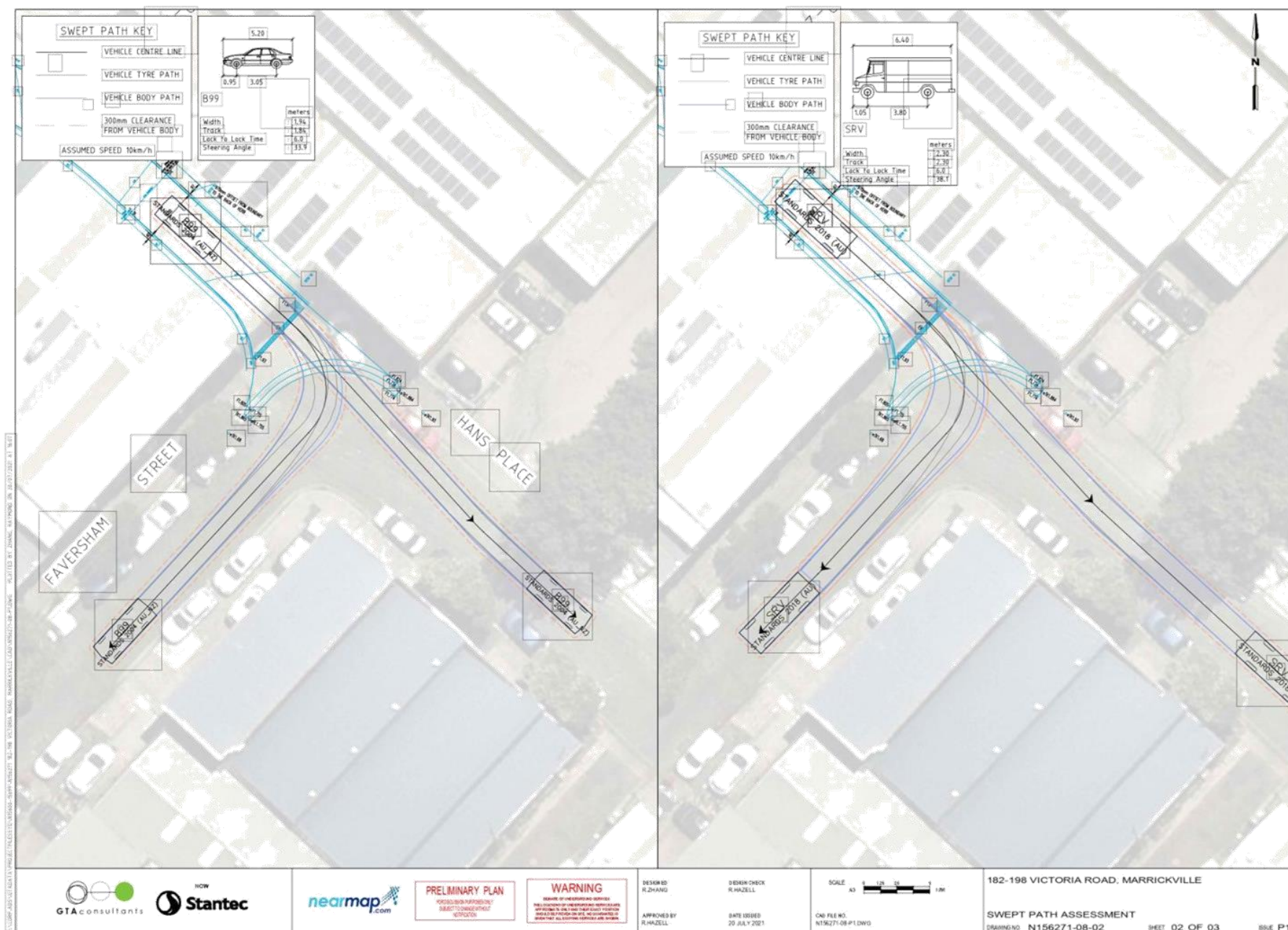
The approved plan are provided in Attachment 1 and following that is the amended plan in Attachment 2. Changes are enclosed within the 'cloud'. It is recommended that the submitted amended plan be supported in principle subject to concurrence of TfNSW that no TMP is required. No further consultation is considered necessary due to it being a new section of road.

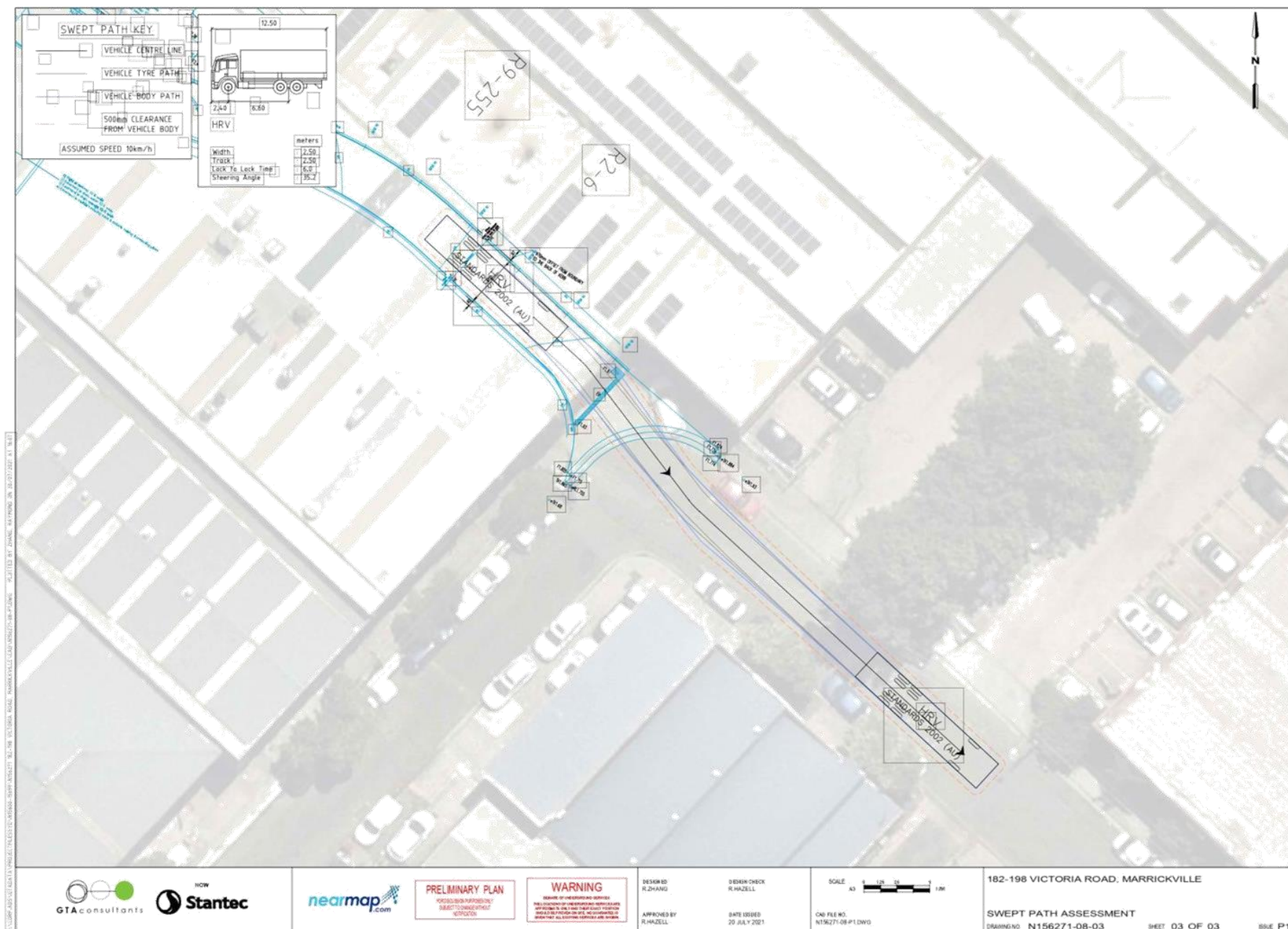
ATTACHMENTS

1. [↓](#) Approved Plans - 182-198 Victoria Road and 28-30 Faversham Street, Marrickville
2. [↓](#) Updated Plans - 182-198 Victoria Road and 28-30 Faversham Street, Marrickville









Item No: LTC0821(1) Item 2
Subject: GROSVENOR CRESCENT (BETWEEN DOVER STREET AND SMITH/LONGPORT STREET), SUMMER HILL- TEMPORARY FULL ROAD CLOSURE.
(BOUNDARY GULGADYA-LIECHHARDT WARD&DJARRAWUNANG-ASHFIELD WARD/SUMMER HILL ELECTORATE/BURWOOD PAC)

Prepared By: Boris Muha - Engineer – Traffic and Parking Services

Authorised By: Manod Wickramasinghe - Traffic and Transport Planning Manager

SUMMARY

Council has received an application from DD Traffic Management Pty Ltd for approval of a temporary full road closure of Grosvenor Crescent, between Dover Street and Carlton Crescent/Longport Street, Summer Hill from 5.00AM Saturday 9th October 2021 through to 5.00AM on Monday 11th October 2021 (with a contingency period of 1 week) for essential rail overbridge works around a scheduled weekend rail closure.

RECOMMENDATION

THAT the proposed temporary full road closure of Grosvenor Crescent, between Dover Street and Carlton Crescent/Longport Street, Summer Hill from 5.00AM Saturday 9th October 2021 through to 5.00AM on Monday 11th October 2021 (with a contingency period of 1 week) BE APPROVED for essential rail overbridge works around a scheduled weekend rail closure subject to, but not limited to, the following conditions:

1. A Traffic Management Plan (TMP) for the attached Traffic Control Plan (TCP) be submitted to TfNSW prior to the start of works;
2. The Traffic Control Plan (TCP) be amended to include electronic VMS notification boards at all approaches to the closed section of Grosvenor Street and placed out at least (14) day prior to the closure. The boards are to be positioned at locations and worded appropriately to the satisfaction of Council;
3. A Road Occupancy License be obtained by the applicant from the Transport Management Centre;
4. All affected residents and businesses, including, Transit Systems, STA, NSW Police Area Command, Fire & Rescue NSW and the NSW Ambulance Services be notified in writing, by the applicant, of the proposed temporary full road closure at least 7 days in advance of the closure with the applicant making reasonable provision for stakeholders; and
5. The occupation of the road carriageway must not occur until the road has been physically closed.

BACKGROUND

The above section of Grosvenor Crescent has been previously closed off in the past to carry out essential inspection and maintenance of the rail bridge (beneath, aside, and atop) during rail closure weekend periods. Appropriate traffic control is to be carried out to detour motorists via alternate routes.

See **Attachment 1** for Detour Plan and **Attachment 2** for Traffic Control Plan (TCP)

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Under Council's Fees & Charges, the applicant is to pay a fee for the temporary full road closure.

OTHER STAFF COMMENTS

A full road closure is required to carry out all works effectively and efficiently around the given time of the rail closure period on that weekend.

The applicant has been advised to amend their TCP to include electronic variable message signage (VMS) at all approach locations to the closed section of Grosvenor Street and placed out at least 14 days prior to the closure. This allows motorists beforehand to determine and seek alternate routes around the closure.

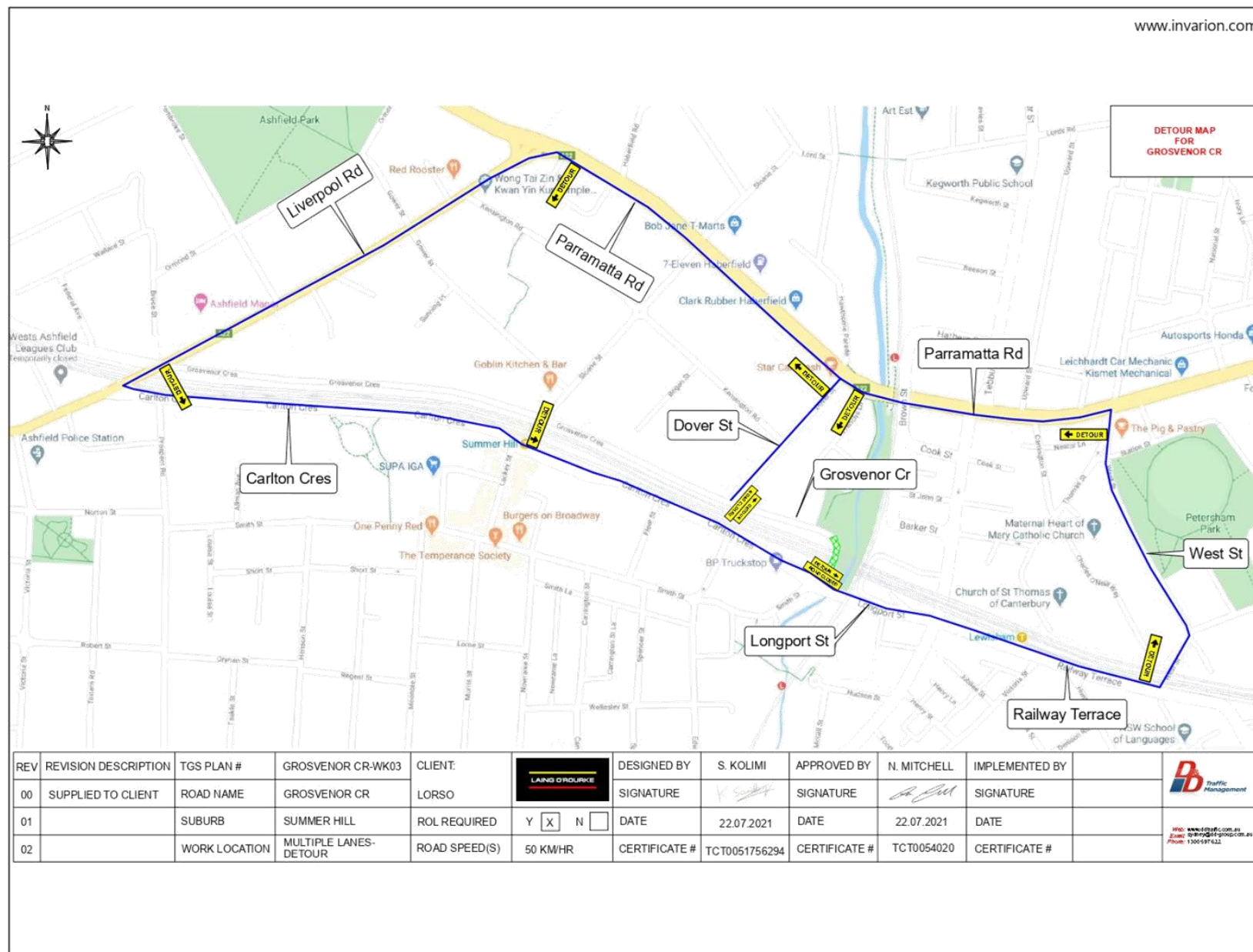
PUBLIC CONSULTATION

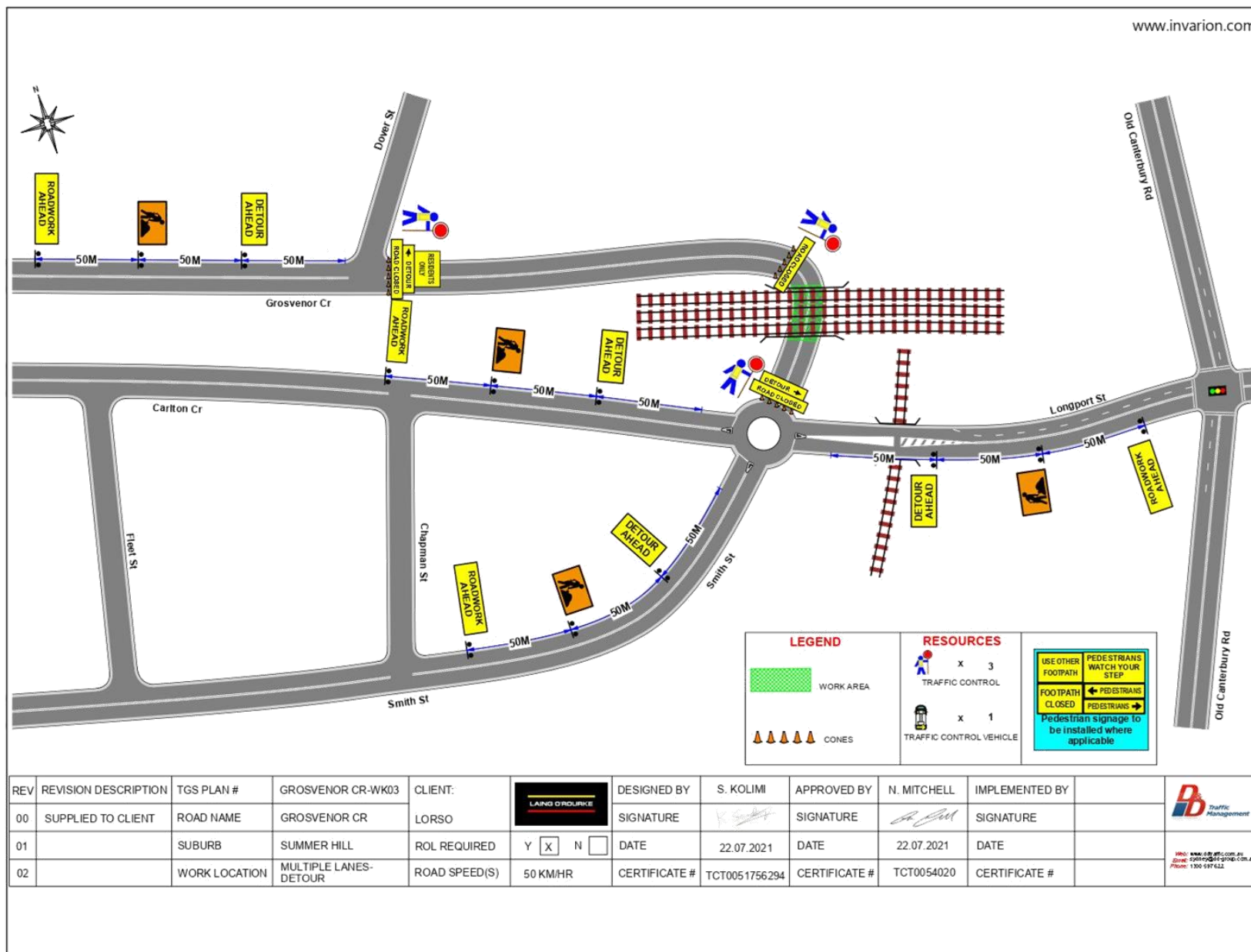
The applicant is to notify all affected residents and businesses in writing at least 7 days prior to the commencement of works.

The proposed road closure is currently advertised on Council's website in accordance with the Roads Act 1993.

ATTACHMENTS

1. [↓](#) Grosvenor Crescent- Detour Map
2. [↓](#) Grosvenor Crescent- Traffic Control Plan (TCP)





Item No: LTC0821(1) Item 3

Subject: COLLEGE STREET, BALMAIN - TEMPORARY FULL ROAD CLOSURE FOR UNDERGROUND PIPE WORKS (BALUDARRI - BALMAIN/ BALMAIN ELECTORATE/ LEICHHARDT PAC)

Prepared By: Vinoth Srinivasan - Engineer - Traffic and Parking Services

Authorised By: Sunny Jo - Coordinator Traffic Engineering Services (North)

SUMMARY

Council has received an application from Sydney Water for the approval of a temporary full road closure of College Street, between Cameron Street and Trouton Street, Balmain from Tuesday, 7 September 2021 to Tuesday 30 November 2021 to facilitate underground pipe works in College Street, Balmain.

RECOMMENDATION

THAT the proposed temporary full road closure of College Street, between Cameron Street and Trouton Street, Balmain from Tuesday, 7 September 2021 to Tuesday 30 November 2021 (contingency period 4 weeks) be approved for the proposed underground pipe works in College Street, Balmain subject to, but not limited to the following conditions:

1. A Road Occupancy License be obtained by the applicant from the Transport Management Centre;
2. All affected residents and businesses, including NSW Police Area Command, Fire & Rescue NSW and the NSW Ambulance Services be notified in writing, by the applicant, of the proposed temporary full road closure at least 7 days in advance of the closure with the applicant making reasonable provision for stakeholders; and
3. The occupation of the road carriageway must not occur until the road has been physically closed.

BACKGROUND & OTHER STAFF COMMENTS

Council has received an application from All Road Group on behalf of Sydney Water for approval of a temporary full road closure of College Street, between Cameron Street and Trouton Street, Balmain from Tuesday, 7 September 2021 to Tuesday 30 November 2021.

This road closure application is sought for the renewal of existing 150mm sewer pipe at College Street, Balmain.

The Traffic Management Plan (TMP) and Traffic Control Plan (TCP) submitted with the application is attached.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Under Council's Fees & Charges, the applicant is to pay a fee for the temporary full road closure.

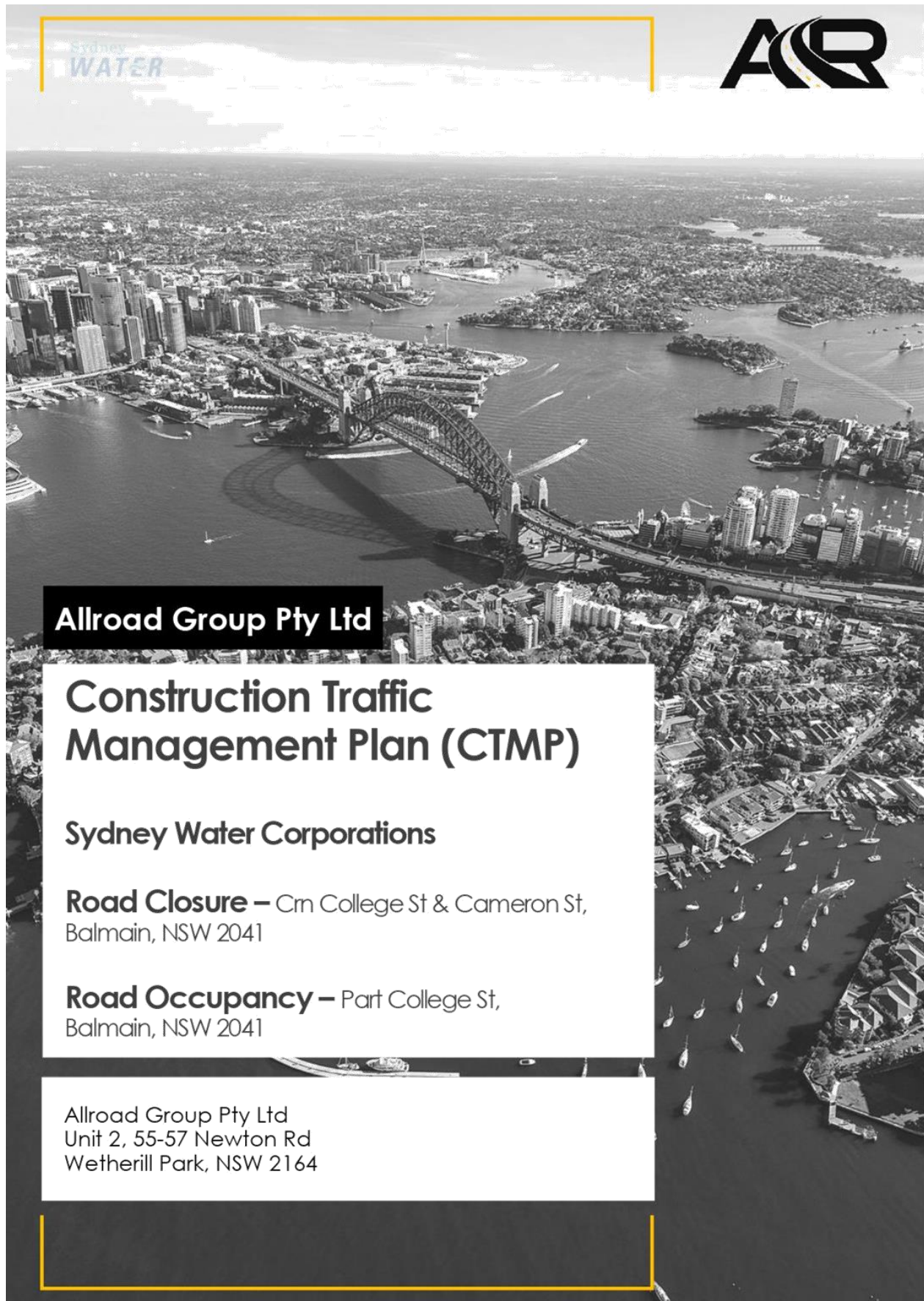
PUBLIC CONSULTATION

The applicant is to notify all affected residents and businesses in writing at least 7 days prior to the commencement of works.

The proposed road closure is currently advertised on Council's website in accordance with the Roads Act 1993.

ATTACHMENTS

1. [↓](#) College Street, Balmain - Traffic Management Plan and Traffic Control Plan



Sydney WATER

ASR

Allroad Group Pty Ltd

Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)

Sydney Water Corporations

Road Closure – Cm College St & Cameron St, Balmain, NSW 2041

Road Occupancy – Part College St, Balmain, NSW 2041

Allroad Group Pty Ltd
Unit 2, 55-57 Newton Rd
Wetherill Park, NSW 2164



Document & Version Control

Project Name: Renewal of existing 150mm sewer pipe located under the storm water channel at Mort St, Balmain

Client: Sydney Water Corporations

File Reference: ARG 21-017 TMP

Version	Date	Author	Approved by
Draft	12/07/2021	R. Gandhi	K. Hussain
V 1.0	13/07/2021	R. Gandhi	K. Hussain
V 1.1	15/07/2021	R. Gandhi	K. Hussain

Allroad Groups consultants are qualified personal, with the relevant "Prepare a Work Zone Traffic Management Plan" accreditation.

This CTMP has been prepared for the Client and for the specific purpose of seeking approval for their works, as stated in the document.

Allroad Group does not accept any responsibility for any amendments of the content of this report by a third party.

This document has been prepared based on the Client's descriptions, their requirements and other information provided by the Client and other third parties

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1. Introduction

This Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP) has been commissioned by Sydney Water for the Renewal of existing 150mm sewer pipe at College St, Balmain.

The purpose of this report is to detail the Traffic Management during the construction works, which would minimize traffic impacts on the surrounding road network, ensure safety and efficiency for workers, pedestrians and road users, and provide information regarding the construction vehicle access routes and any changed road conditions (if applicable).

The CTMP and Traffic Guidance Schemes (TGSs) have been prepared in accordance with:

- Australian Standards 1742.1 2019
- Australian Standards 1742.2 2019
- Australian Standards 1742.3 2019
- WHS Act 2011 and Regulation 2017
- AS1319 – Safety signs for the occupational environment
- Austroads "Temporary Traffic Management Manual" 2019
- RMSs/ TfNSW "Traffic Control at Work Sites Technical Manual" V5.0 & V6.0

The Applicant is not allowed to commence constructions until the CTMP has been approved by Inner West Council.

Allroad Group is responsible for the preparation of this CTMP and the Traffic Guidance Schemes (TGSs) only and not for its implementation, which is the responsibility of the Contractor. Allroad Group will take no responsibility for any amendments of the documents and plans by a 3rd party.

2. Key Stakeholders

The table below shows the Key Stakeholders of the project.

Company	Contact Name	Position	Contact Details
Sydney Water Corporation	Kamal Hussain	Project Coordinator	kamal.hussain@sydneywater.com.au 0418 962 916

Table 1 - Key Stakeholders

3. Construction Site Location & Context



Figure 1 - Construction Site Location

3.1 Site Location

The construction site is located at College St, in the suburb of Balmain and under the jurisdiction of Inner West Council. The site is bounded by the following roads:

College St:

North: Trouton St
East: Mort St
West: Cameron St

3.2 Road Hierarchy

The road hierarchy within the area of the construction site is presented in *Figure 2* and described below.



Figure 2 - Road Hierarchy

3.2.1 Regional Roads

Mullens St is a 2-lane, 2-way road in Balmain. It runs in a North-South direction. The road provides a link between Montague St to the north and to Robert St to the South.

Speed Limit: 40km/h - 50km/h

Distance to Site: 800m

Darling St is a 2-lane, 2-way road in Balmain. It runs in a North-South direction. The road provides a link between Victoria Rd to the south and to Weston St to the east.

Speed Limit: 40km/h - 50km/h

Distance to Site: 600m

3.2.2 Council Roads

College St is a 1-lane, 2-way road in Balmain. It runs in a Northeast - Southwest direction (in the vicinity of the site). The road provides a link between Trouton St to the north and to Darling St to the south.

Speed Limit: 50km/h

Distance to Site: 0m



Trouton St is a 1-lane, 2-way road in Balmain. It runs in a Northwest - Southeast direction (in the vicinity of the site). The road provides a link between College St to the north and to Campbell St to the south.

Speed Limit: 50km/h

Distance to Site: 80m

Cameron St is a 1-lane, 2-way road in Balmain. It runs in an East-West direction (in the vicinity of the site). The road provides a link between Clayton St to the south and to Grove St to the north.

Speed Limit: 40km/h

Distance to Site: 0m

Mort St is a 1-lane, 2-way road in Balmain. It runs in a Northeast - Southwest (in the vicinity of the site). The road provides a link between Darling St to the south and ends in the suburb of Balmain.

Speed Limit: 50km/h

Distance to Site: 60m

Church St is a 1-lane, 2-way road in Balmain. It runs in a Northeast - Southwest (in the vicinity of the site). The road provides a link between Darling St to the south and to the McKell St to the north.

Speed Limit: 50km/h

Distance to Site: 70m



4. Council Permits

4.1 Council Permits

The Applicant has to ensure that all below required council permits have been applied and approved from Inner West Council before commencing works.

1. Road Opening Permit
2. Road Occupancy Permit
3. Road Closure Permit

5. Construction & Traffic Management

New sewer pipe (2 lines) to be laid by micro tunneling from a pit at College St near the intersection of Cameron St. The new pipelines to be connected to 2 existing access chambers located at Cameron St. Traffic diversion/detour will be in place for the entire duration of the construction.

5.1 Construction Stages: Dates & Work Hours

The project consists of 1 Stage. The start and end dates as well as the working hours are shown in the table below:

Dates and Times	
Duration of Entire Project excluding unexpected events such as weather etc.:	14 Weeks + 4 Weeks as contingency
Stage 1.1	Site establishment
Beginning Stage 1.1:	07/09/2021
Finish Date Stage 1.1:	07/09/2021
Hours of Work during Stage 1.1:	0700 to 1700
Stage 1.2	Excavation of the pit and micro tunnelling
Beginning Stage 1.2:	08/09/2021
Finish Date Stage 1.2:	30/11/2021
Hours of Work during Stage 1.2:	0700 to 1700 Monday to Friday 0800 to 1300 Saturday

Table 2 - Project Overview



5.2 Description of Works, Duration & Traffic Management

The tables below provide an overview of the construction stage, its duration, the description of works as well as the traffic managements.

Stage 1.1 (Duration: 1 Day)	
Construction Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Site Establishment
Traffic Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stop/ Slow Control ARG 21-768 TCP

Table 3 - Stage 1 Overview

Stage 1.2 (Duration: 14 Weeks)	
Construction Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excavation of 5m x 5m micro tunnelling pit on College St at the Crn of Cameron St. Laying of 225mm new sewer main by tunnelling two lines.
Traffic Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Road Closure Detours <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Traffic on Cameron St (SB) Detour via following, with "Road Closed" sign at the intersection of Cameron St (SB) and College St: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cameron St (SB) Mort St (EB) Trouton St (NB) College St (WB) Traffic on Cameron St (NB) Detour via following, with "Road Closed" sign at the intersection of Cameron St (NB) and College St: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cameron St (NB) Church St (WB) Curtis St (SB) Mort St (EB) Trouton St (NB) College St (WB)



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Traffic on College St (EB) Detour via following, with "Road Closed" sign at the intersection of Cameron St (EB) and College St: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cameron St (EB) ▪ Mort St (EB) ▪ Trouton St (NB) ▪ College St (WB) ○ Traffic on Mort St (WB) Detour via following, with "Road Closed/ Local Traffic Only" sign at the intersection of Mort St (WB) and Trouton St: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Mort St (WB) ▪ Cameron St (NB) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ARG 21-769 TCP
--	---

Table 4 - Stage 2 Overview

The Traffic Guidance Schemes for this project are shown in **Appendix A**.

5.3 Impact on nearby Construction Sites

There are no construction works in the proximity of the construction site.

5.4 Resident Access to Properties

All residents will be able to access their properties at all times.

Residents will be notified 7 days prior to the commencement of the work according to SWC's customer relations protocol.



5.6 Traffic Controller Requirements

All Traffic Controllers (TCs) who attend the construction site must hold the following accreditation in order to perform their Traffic Control duties:

- Traffic Controller Ticket
- Implement Traffic Control Plans Ticket

All Traffic Controllers must also wear the appropriate PPE for the time of day & weather.

Before commencing work all Traffic Controllers are required to attend inductions for the project if mandatory and attend toolbox talks prior to each shift.

All Traffic Controllers need to have suitable TGSs and SWMS for the project on site, any modifications to the TGSs have to be signed off by a Traffic Control Team Leader who holds at least a "Implement Traffic Control Plan" ticket.

The traffic control devices such as signage and delineation must be in place before the Traffic Controllers commence work.



6. Safety Devices

To protect workers from oncoming or passing traffic as well as road users from hazards within the construction site, safety measurements have to be taken.

Static Construction Sites that are closer than 3m to the edge of a live traffic lane require protection by safety barrier systems.

All Safety Barriers shall conform to the requirements of "Road Safety Barrier Systems" AS 3845.

6.1 Safety Barrier System

ArmorZone Waterfilled Barriers with 0 flare for 40 km/h in accordance with RMS accepted Safety Barrier Systems will be used at the end of the Road Closures.

Items	Description
Barrier System	ArmorZone Waterfilled Barrier
Accepted Speed	50km/h
Barrier Offset (AS 1742.3 Cl 4.13.4)	0.3m for traffic speeds 40km/h or less

Table 5 - Safety Barrier System Information

6.2 Street Lighting

College St does not have sufficient street lighting in the vicinity of the construction site to support night Works lighting towers will be used.

6.3 Fencing

Temporary exclusion fencing and noise barriers will be erected along the entire site and will be maintained for the duration of the construction works. The fencing is to ensure that only authorized personal can enter the site. The site access gates will be located on College St.

6.4 VMS Strategy

A Variable Message Board will be positioned near the work site to inform drivers of the construction works and will display related messages. VMS Boards will be supplied one week prior to the commencement of the works.

The following messages will be displayed and are subject to Council approval:

	Prior to Commencement of Works	During Construction Works
Cameron St - SB	<div>ROADWORKS ON COLLEGE ST</div> <div>FROM ... TO ...</div>	<div>COLLEGE ST CLOSED</div> <div>USE DTOURS</div>
Mort St - EB	<div>ROADWORKS ON COLLEGE ST</div> <div>FROM ... TO ...</div>	<div>COLLEGE ST CLOSED</div> <div>USE DTOURS</div>

Table 6- VMS Strategy



7. Construction Site Management

7.1 Site Compound

The Site Compound/ Shed of the construction site is located at College St within the construction area.

7.2 Contractor Parking Arrangements

Parking Spaces for staff and contractors are in designated parking areas on the surrounding roads.

7.3 Material Handling

Handling of all materials throughout the constructions shall comply to the following:

- all loading operations of materials will occur within the construction site boundary
- no loading outside of provisioned areas
- equipment, materials and waste will be kept within the construction site boundary

7.4 Environmental Procedures

A range of measurements, including those outlined in the Environmental and Sedimental Control Plan (ESCP) shall be implemented to ensure the following:

- no dirt or debris from construction vehicles is tracked onto the public road network
- reduce impacts to sensitive receivers, including, where practicable, operating noisy equipment away from sensitive receivers and implementing respite periods
- watering of dusty activities will be undertaken, or activities temporarily halted and then resumed once weather conditions have improved
- spill kits will be provided at appropriate locations and near the site compound, parking area, dangerous goods areas, and the main project work area
- all vibratory compactors must not be used closer than 30m from residential buildings, unless vibration monitoring confirms compliance with the vibration criteria
- **Construction Environment Management Plan (CEMP) must be available on site during the construction works.**



8. Construction Site Access Management

The site access for each stage including Heavy Vehicle Routes will be outlined in the sections below. Construction Vehicles will use the indicated site accesses and ingress/egress the site in a forward motion, no reverse movements are allowed. Any turning movements will be carried out within the construction site boundaries.

No construction vehicles should obstruct any pedestrian crossings or footpaths. No Traffic Controller should stop general traffic to allow construction vehicles to enter or exit the site, without an approval from the council.

Definition of Light & Heavy Vehicles for the purpose of this CTMP:

- Light Vehicles – Car, Ute, Four-Wheel Drive, small bus and concrete trucks up to 9.6m in length
- Heavy Vehicles – range from a 12.5m Heavy Rigid Vehicle (HRV) up to 26.0m B-Doubles

All drivers must comply with the Driver Code of Conduct, outlined in Section 8.2.

All heavy construction vehicles will consult the NHVR Route Planner to determine their movements to and from site. The NHVR Route Planner can be viewed at <https://www.nhvr.gov.au/road-access/journey-planner>.

Transport for NSWs Oversize Over Mass Unit will be notified of the roadworks in the event that an oversized load needs to pass the worksite.

Considerations with detailed information for the Planning & Designing for Work Site Access are laid out in Table 5-3 of the TCWS V6.

8.1 Site Access – Stage 1

The Site Entrance will be on College St as shown in the VMP for Stage 1 (**Appendix B**). Heavy Construction Vehicles will use the following routes to enter and leave the site:

	Route	Description
Ingress		Construction Ingress via: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Victoria Rd (NB/ SB) - Darling St (NB) - Mort St (EB) - Cameron St (NB) - College St (EB)
Egress		Construction Egress via: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - College St (EB) - Cameron St (SB) - Mort St (WB) - Darling St (SB) - Victoria Rd (NB/ SB)

Table 7 - Site Access - Stage 1

8.1.1 Construction Vehicle Movements per Day

The following Construction Vehicles will be on site:

- 5T Disposal Truck
- Excavator
- Car/ Utes

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat	Sun
Light Vehicles	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 2	/
Heavy Vehicles	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 2	/

Table 8- Construction Vehicle Movements Stage 1



8.3 Driver Code of Conduct

All Drivers on Site must:

- be responsible and accountable for their own actions while operating a company vehicle
- must have a current Driver License for the class of vehicle they are operating
- comply with all traffic and road legislations
- undertake daily pre-start checks of oil, tyre pressures, radiator and battery levels of company vehicles that they regularly use
- drive within the legal speed limit incl. driving to the environmental conditions
- not drive outside the approved Heavy Vehicle Routes
- be cognizant of the noise and emission requirements imposed within the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)
- not queue on public roads unless an approval has been sought
- never drive under the influence of alcohol and other drugs, incl prescriptions and over the counter medication that cause drowsiness, influences brain functions, neural activities and various vital functions of the body
 - report to their supervisor if they have been prescribed medication prior to the start of the works
- avoid distraction when driving
 - adjust car stereos/ mirrors etc. before setting off or pull over to safely do so
 - not play with their mobile phone while operating the vehicle
- report ALL near-misses, crashes, and scrapes to their manager
- report vehicle defects to a manager prior to the next use of the vehicle
- keep loads covered at all times



9. Public Transport Services

9.1 Railway Services

The *Integrated Public Transport Service Planning Guidelines, Sydney Metropolitan Area* (Transport for NSW – December 2013) states that rail services influence the travel choices of areas that are within 800m (10min walk) of a railway station.

The closest station to the construction site is Town Hall and is approx. 5km south-east of the site. This suggests that the construction works will not have any impact on the commute by rail.

9.2 Ferry Services

The closest Wharf to the construction site is Balmain Wharf and is approx. 300m east of the site. The proposed road closure and the construction works will not have any impact on the commute by Ferries.

9.3 Bus Services

The *Integrated Public Transport Service Planning Guidelines, Sydney Metropolitan Area* (Transport for NSW – December 2013) states that bus services influence the travel choices of areas that are within 400m (5min walk) of a bus stop.

The closest bus stop to the construction site is "204117 – Grove St opp Bay St" and won't be affected by construction works.



10. Impacts on the Community

10.1 Communication Strategy

A Community Stakeholders Action Plan (CSAP) will be established by Sydney water to inform residents in the area, schools and businesses of the proposed construction works. Resident access will be maintained at all times. Inner West Council being a Stakeholder will receive a copy of the CSAP as well.

10.2 Pedestrian Management

Pedestrians will not be affected by the construction works. Pedestrian Movement as shown in **Appendix C**.

10.3 Cyclist Management

Cyclist can either use the road together with the vehicles on the road and obey the detours of the road or dismount their bicycles, cross the road as per Pedestrian Movement Plan and pass the work area on the footpath.

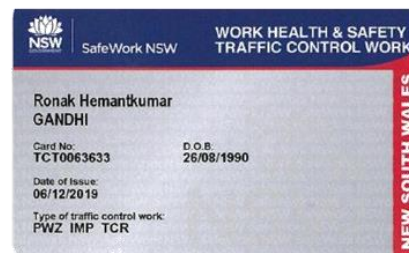
10.4 Emergency Services

Emergency vehicle can ingress and egress the site using the indicated site access on College St.

R. H. Gandhi

Ronak Gandhi
Planner







B.E. Civil
ME/MEM Civil
PWZTMP No: TCT0063633





Appendix A – Traffic Guidance Schemes



Compliance Notes: 1. Plans Scale 1:500 2. A or B size signs are to be used 3. 700mm cones are required with retroreflective bands 4. Cone spacing is in accordance with AGTM-19 5. Appropriate PPE is to be worn for the conditions 6. Traffic Controllers to use radios when verbal communication is required 7. Any site specific conditions to be noted 8. All signs subject to +25%, -10% tolerances 9. Sign checks are required every hour 10. Any active Traffic Controllers to have escape route and 1.5 D sight site distance at their location 11. Drawn IAW AS 1742.3 2009, TCAWS V5 2018 & AGTM-19	Designed by: Ronak Gandhi License No: TCT 0063633 Signature:  Date: 08/07/2021	Legend  5x Traffic Controller  Micro Tunneling Pit (5m x 5m x 3m) 	 Client: 	Site Specific Notes: Short Term Works Stop/ Slow Stage 1.1 Modifications are to be marked on the plan. Only current Work Zone Traffic Management card holders can amend TGSS	Project: 82004545 Work Location: Crn College St & Cameron St, Balmn, NSW 2041 Drawing No: ARG 21-768 TGS Page: 01 of 01
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Compliance Notes: 1. Plans Scale 1:500 2. A or B size signs are to be used 3. 700mm cones are required with retroreflective bands 4. Cone spacing is in accordance with AGTM-19 5. Appropriate PPE is to be worn for the conditions 6. Traffic Controllers to use radios when verbal communication is required 7. Any site specific conditions to be noted 8. All signs subject to +25%, -10% tolerances 9. Sign checks are required every hour 10. Any active Traffic Controllers to have escape route and 1.5 D sight line distance at their location 11. Drawn IAW AS 1742.3 2009, TCAWS V5 2018 & AGTM-19	Designed by: Ronak Gandhi License No: TCT 0063633 Signature:  Date: 08/07/2021	Legend  4x Traffic Controller  Micro Tunneling Pit (5m x 5m x 3m)  Temporary Fencing  VMS Board  Water Filled Barrier 	 Client: 	Site Specific Notes: Long Term Works Road Closure Stage 1.2 Modifications are to be marked on the plan. Only current Work Zone Traffic Management card holders can amend TGSS	Project: 82004545 Work Location: Cm College St & Cameron St, Balmain, NSW 2041 Drawing No: ARG 21-769 TGS Page: 01 of 01
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Appendix B – Vehicle Movement Plan



Compliance Notes: 1. Plans Scale 1:500 2. A or B size signs are to be used 3. 700mm cones are required with retroreflective bands 4. Cone spacing is in accordance with AGTM-19 5. Appropriate PPE is to be worn for the conditions 6. Traffic Controllers to use radios when verbal communication is required 7. Any site specific conditions to be noted 8. All signs subject to +25%, -10% tolerances 9. Sign checks are required every hour 10. Any active Traffic Controllers to have escape route and 1.5 D sight site distance at their location 11. Drawn IAW AS 1742.3 2009, TCAWS V5 2018 & AGTM-19	Designed by: Ronak Gandhi License No: TCT 0063633 Signature: Date: 08/07/2021	Legend 	 Client:	Site Specific Notes: Vehicle Movement Plan Stage 1.2 Modifications are to be marked on the plan. Only current Work Zone Traffic Management card holders can amend TGSS	Project: 82004545 Work Location: Cm College St & Cameron St, Balmain, NSW 2041 Drawing No: ARG 21-770 TGS Page: 01 of 01
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Appendix C – Pedestrian Movement Plan



Compliance Notes: 1. Plans Scale 1:500 2. A or B size signs are to be used 3. 700mm cones are required with retroreflective bands 4. Cone spacing is in accordance with AGTM-19 5. Appropriate PPE is to be worn for the conditions 6. Traffic Controllers to use radios when verbal communication is required 7. Any site specific conditions to be noted 8. All signs subject to +25%, -10% tolerances 9. Sign checks are required every hour 10. Any active Traffic Controllers to have escape route and 1.5 D sight site distance at their location 11. Drawn IAW AS 1742.3 2009, TCAWS V5 2018 & AGTM-19	Designed by: Ronak Gandhi License No: TCT 0063633 Signature: Date: 08/07/2021	Legend 4x Traffic Controller Micro Tunneling Pit (5m x 5m x 3m) Pedestrian Path Temporary Fencing VMS Board Water Filled Barrier 	 ALLROAD GROUP Client: Sydney WATER	Site Specific Notes: Pedestrian Movement Plan Stage 1.2 Modifications are to be marked on the plan. Only current Work Zone Traffic Management card holders can amend TGSS	Project: 82004545 Work Location: Cm College St & Cameron St, Balmain, NSW 2041 Drawing No: ARG 21-771 TGS Page: 01 of 01
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Item No: LTC0821(1) Item 4
Subject: TEMPE SOUTH FINAL LOCAL AREA TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT (LATM) STUDY
(MIDJUBURI-MARRICKVILLE WARD/HEFFRON ELECTORATE/INNER WEST PAC)

Prepared By: Sunny Jo - Coordinator Traffic Engineering Services (North)

Authorised By: Manod Wickramasinghe - Traffic and Transport Planning Manager

SUMMARY

The Tempe South Local Area Traffic Management (LATM) study has been finalized for consideration and adoption.

This report was previously considered by the Traffic Committee on 19 April 2021 and was deferred 'until a determination regarding the signalized exit from Bunnings was received from the minister for Transport'.

Since the deferral, Council held meetings with Transport for NSW (TfNSW) and Bunnings regarding vehicular access arrangements for the Tempe Bunnings site (728-750 Princes Highway, Tempe). A number of options were discussed, including the feasibility of traffic signals at the exit driveway in Princes Highway between Brooklyn Street and Foreman Street, to facilitate alternate vehicular access to and from Princes Highway. This option was not supported by TfNSW due to safety and network efficiency reasons, with Bunnings also indicating that they do not intend to modify their development consent and the approved layout design. Additionally, TfNSW did not support the provision of banning traffic from Smith Street into Union Street by signage as there is insufficient space to install a physical island to block travel.

Public Exhibition of the draft Tempe South LATM study was undertaken between November 2020 and January 2021, with community feedback and revised final recommendations as outlined in Attachment 1.

The revised recommendations mostly remain unchanged except Union Street, where an alternative treatment with minimal changes have been adopted by Council.

Having considered the submissions, a review was undertaken for a 'No Entry' treatment from Smith Street to Union Street at Princess Highway traffic signals, a shared zone treatment in Union Street and a partial road closure in Brooklyn Street. Further consultation for these treatments is required.

The remaining treatments were generally supported by the community, and these are outlined in Appendix E: Engagement Outcomes Report.

RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

1. The final Tempe South Local Area Traffic Management (LATM) Study and proposed treatments be noted;
2. The recommended treatments as outlined in Attachment 2 be adopted;
3. At grade contrasting pavement entrance treatment, installation of mountable kerbs, marked parking bays on both sides of the road be installed in Union Street between Princes Highway and Edwin Street. Further, a 40km/h speed limit zone be established in Union Street subject to approval from Transport for NSW;

4. Detailed design of the recommended treatments be reported back to the Traffic Committee; and
5. After a 12-month period following the issue of an Occupation Certificate for the Bunnings Development at 728-750 Princess Highway, a LATM review be undertaken by Council and reported back to the Traffic Committee.

BACKGROUND

The Tempe South LATM study was undertaken as a condition of consent for the Tempe Bunnings development at 728-750 Princes Highway, Tempe. The study was developed to address traffic and parking impacts arising from the Tempe Bunnings development.

Using intersection counts, traffic count and parking data collected in March 2020, site audits, and crash history, a draft report was exhibited during December 2020 and January 2021. Assessing the community feedback, the proposed treatment list was revised and listed in Attachment 2.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The estimated cost for the proposed works total \$1,370,994 including a 10% contingency and 10% design costs. Under the consent conditions for the Bunnings development, the applicant is expected to cover the design and construction of the adopted LATM treatments, including a review of the LATM scheme following a 12-month period.

OTHER STAFF COMMENTS

Additional feasibility study was undertaken by Bitzios Consulting examining traffic signals at the Bunnings Warehouse driveway on Princes Highway. The signalized access is to provide an alternative access point onto Princes Highway, so that Bunnings traffic on residential roads can be minimised. The report looked at two options for vehicular access to and from the site and found that the site met the warrant assessment as outlined in TfNSW's *Traffic Signal Design – Section 2 Warrants*. However during the initial DA assessment stage, Roads and Maritime Services were unable to support traffic signals as there were concerns with network operations. Recent discussions with TfNSW staff confirmed that this position has remained unchanged.

A number of suggestions and alternate proposals raised by the community, MP representatives and councillors were considered and discussed in detail with TfNSW. These are discussed as tabled below.

Treatment Option	Comments
'Left and right only' signage treatment at traffic signals from Smith Street to Union Street at Princes Highway	This proposal was discussed with TfNSW. The left and right proposal northbound from Smith Street without any physical control is a hazard for the pedestrian movement across Union Street. Due to the narrow road width of Union Street, there is insufficient space a physical island to block travel from Smith Street to Union Street. Additionally, there are safety issues for the pedestrian crossing leg across Union

	Street as the wait time is very long, and pedestrians may try to cross illegally and may conflict with an illegal vehicular movement from Smith Street. TfNSW experience with these trialed in other locations has not worked, with NSW Police not supporting such signage.
Bunnings development site to change its vehicle access arrangements, including new traffic signals at the exit driveway of 750 Princes Highway	<p>The vehicular access arrangements for the Bunnings development was discussed at great lengths between the applicant, TfNSW and Council.</p> <p>TfNSW position regarding the provision of traffic control signals (TCS) on Princes Highway for access directly into the development site (Bunnings) has not changed. The provision of an TCS site at this location would create a 'see through affect' with neighbouring existing TCS sites, posing significant safety concerns for the network users but would also significantly impact the operation and efficiency of the classified network (Princes Highway). As such TfNSW does not support the provision of TCS for access directly into the Bunnings site due to the impact to network safety and efficiency.</p>
Suggest Bunnings modify their development application to change its vehicle access arrangements	Changes to vehicle access arrangements would be a substantial change to the original development application which may not fit the criteria of a MOD (section 4.55). Bunnings have confirmed that they do not intend to pursue this option.
Shared zone in Union Street from Princes Highway to Edwin Street	This was included in the draft LATM study and had a low level of support from Union Street residents. With the 'left and right only' proposal at traffic signals not being feasible, the road conditions would not meet the requirements for a shared zone. As an alternative, at grade contrasting pavement, installation of mountable kerbs, marked parking bays, and a reduced 40km/h speed limit for Union Street is recommended.
Speed humps in Union Street	This was included in the draft LATM study and had a low level of support from Union Street residents. As an alternative, at grade contrasting pavement, installation of mountable kerbs, marked parking bays, and a reduced 40km/h speed limit for Union Street is recommended.
Partial road closure in Brooklyn Street at Princes Highway	With the 'left and right only' restriction at Union Street not being feasible, a partial road closure in Brooklyn Street is not required.

PUBLIC CONSULTATION

Public exhibition for the draft study was undertaken during November 2020 to January 2021, with 519 visits to Council's YourSay project page, about 92 completing the online survey. Council also received submissions from Union Street and Smith Streets resident groups, as well as submissions from businesses from nearby Woods Street and Princes Highway.

Survey responses were categorized based on each treatment being proposed, with most generally indicating a preference for one option over another.

For Union Street, a high level of objection to both options (46%) over shared zone (27%) or flat top humps (30%). Considering the close proximity of this street to the Bunnings site, an alternate proposal of providing at grade contrasting pavement, installation of mountable kerbs, marked parking bays, and a reduced 40km/h speed limit is recommended.

As noted in the previous report, additional tasks were undertaken following a review of the submissions, including an additional tube count survey in February 2021, recalculation of traffic volumes, changes to the concept design based on community feedback, and the development of recommended treatments.

ATTACHMENTS

1. [↓](#) Recommended treatments
2. [↓](#) Tempe South LATM Study Final Report
3. [↓](#) Appendix A Crash Data Maps
4. [↓](#) Appendix B Tube Counts & Parking Data Maps
5. [↓](#) Appendix C Site Audit Data and Maps
6. [↓](#) Appendix D LATM Treatment Concept Designs
7. [↓](#) Appendix E Engagement Outcomes Report

Tempe South Local Area Traffic Management Study

Recommended Treatments

Street	Treatment	Location	Estimated Cost ¹
Smith Street	Road Narrowing & Contrasting Pavement	Between Princess Highway and Wood Street	\$135,058
Holbeach Avenue	Speed cushions & road narrowing	Adjacent to No.14 Holbeach Avenue	\$17,090
Stanley Street	Flat top road hump	Adjacent to No.14 Stanley Street and No.32 Stanley Street	\$85,841
Wentworth Street Flat top road hump	Wentworth Street Flat top road hump	Adjacent to No.6 Wentworth Street, approximately 20m south of Princess Highway	\$91,211
Union Street	Contrasting pavement threshold, installation of rolltop kerbs, marked parking bays, and 40km/h speed limit	Between Princess Highway and School Lane	\$230,080
Edwin Street	Flat top road hump	Adjacent to No.23 Edwin Street	\$45,170
Tramway Street	Contrasting pavement threshold and flat top road hump	Approximately 30m south of Unwins Bridge Road	\$81,170
Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets	Contrasting pavement threshold	Approximately 10m south of Princess Highway	\$90,000
Total			\$1,370,994

1. Estimated costs include 10% contingency and 10% design costs

Tempe South LATM Study Final Report



Inner West Council

6 July 2021

Item 4



Attachment 2

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Document Issue History

Report File Name	Prepared	Reviewed	Issued	Date	Issued to
P4533.001R Tempe South LATM Study – Draft Report_DRAFT	C. Mak / G. Yin	SP. Power	C. Mak	24/07/2020	Sunny Jo < sunny@innerwest.nsw.gov.au >
P4533.002R Tempe South LATM Study – Draft Report	C. Mak / G. Yin	G. Yin / SP. Power	G. Yin	25/09/2020	Sunny Jo < sunny@innerwest.nsw.gov.au >
P4533.003R Tempe South LATM Study – Final Report	C. Mak / G. Yin	SP. Power	C. Mak	29/03/2021	Sunny Jo < sunny@innerwest.nsw.gov.au >
P4533.004R Tempe South LATM Study – Final Report	C. Mak	G. Yin	G. Yin	06/04/2021	Sunny Jo < sunny@innerwest.nsw.gov.au >
P4533.005R Tempe South LATM Study – Final Report	C. Mak	G. Yin	G. Yin	06/07/2021	Sunny Jo < sunny@innerwest.nsw.gov.au >



Tempe South LATM Study: Final Report
Project: P4533 Version: 005



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Background

As part of the conditions of consent for an approved Bunnings Warehouse at 728-750 Princes Highway, the Eastern City Planning Panel has conditioned that a Local Area Traffic Management (LATM) study to be undertaken for the Tempe South area, in order to manage the impacts of the proposed development.

Study Area

The study area for the LATM study consists of local roads in Tempe South, which are Barden Street, Edwin Street, Fanning Street, Foreman Street, Hart Street, Holbeach Avenue, Smith Street, South Street, Stanley Street, Station Street, Tramway Street, Union Street, Wentworth Street and Zuitton Lane. Data analysed and concept designs developed during the study are limited to these roads.

At the beginning of the study, background information and documents relating to the proposed Bunnings development were reviewed, providing information on future proposed traffic and road changes in the area. This included a desktop study of existing site conditions and review of surrounding land uses and road network information.

Data Review

Crash history, traffic and parking data were analysed as part of the study. Traffic and parking surveys were conducted to capture the levels of traffic and parking demand within the study area. This included tube counts, parking occupancy surveys and intersection counts.

Crash history data between January 2014 and December 2018 were analysed. It was found that 12 crashes occur within the study area, with two (2) involving vehicles at intersections with Princes Highway. Five (5) of the crashes occurred along Holbeach Avenue, two (2) occurred along Smith Street and two (2) occurred along Edwin Street. Out of the five (5) Holbeach Avenue crashes, four (4) involved Vulnerable Road Users (VRU), which included motorcyclists, pedal cyclists and pedestrians.

Traffic surveys were undertaken on 19 March 2020, Thursday and 21 March 2020, Saturday, recording relevant data such as traffic volumes, heavy vehicle volumes and 85th percentile speeds. The surveys were undertaken during the early stages of the COVID-19 pandemic, therefore, the surveys may not have accurately reflected typical traffic conditions. However, Council decided to proceed with the LATM study and the traffic survey data was subsequently deemed suitable for the study.

From the traffic surveys, it was found that some of the local roads have relatively higher average daily traffic volumes than other roads in the study area. The 85th percentile speeds on these roads are also relatively higher than the other roads, with speeds of more than 40 km/h but lower than the speed limit of 50 km/h. Some roads with a truck load limit were also found to be used by heavy vehicles.

The crash history and traffic survey data analysed helped to identify roads that require LATM devices in order to provide traffic calming and reduce vehicle speeds, reduce general traffic volumes by deterring traffic, reduce heavy vehicle volumes and reduce crash. Parking occupancy and duration surveys were undertaken for Barden Street, Fanning Street, Smith Street and a section of South Street on 19 March 2020, Thursday and 21 March 2020, Saturday. The parking surveys were also undertaken during the early stages of the COVID-19 pandemic, and may not accurately reflect typical parking conditions. The parking data showed that on average, Smith Street had 18 vacant spaces on Thursday and 27 vacant spaces on Saturday.

It is understood that up to 13 parking spaces along Smith Street will be removed as part of the Bunnings development. The parking survey data was used to determine the number of available kerbside parking spaces on a typical Thursday and Saturday and assess the impact of removing spaces due to Bunnings. These numbers then influenced the LATM treatment options proposed along Smith Street, as different LATM devices may also require removal of some kerbside parking spaces. It was found that Smith Street will have very few or no available parking spaces left when excluding parking that was removed due to the

Bunnings and the LATM devices. This may result in any parking overflow onto surrounding streets. The existing parking occupancy of around 50% along the surrounding Barden and South Streets mean that these roads are able to absorb any of the Smith Street parking overflow.

Site Audits

Site audits of existing traffic and parking signage, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, LATM devices and refuse collection issues were undertaken on Wednesday 4 March 2020. Audits for Edwin and Tramway Streets were undertaken on Tuesday 15 September 2020, including site observations of current school traffic operations.

A finding of the audit was the lack of truck load limit signage on the northern end of Wentworth Street near Princes Highway, which is peculiar due to the presence of such signage on the southern end of Wentworth Street and other local roads in the study area. This finding was taken into consideration when developing the LATM concept designs.

Traffic Generation and Impact

Approximated traffic generation rates and traffic volumes from previous studies were reviewed and adjusted to better represent potential traffic using local streets north of Princes Highway, namely Union Street. It was determined that Union Street could accommodate up to approximately 30% of Bunnings generated traffic leaving the site, based on acceptable performance limits of a local road.

The closure of Union Street was also explored and was determined as not feasible due to the effects to other local streets and required alternative routes.

Risk Priority Scoring Assessment

A scoring system was developed to determine streets that require LATM treatments. This was based on the crash history and traffic data analysed, and other factors such as existing road width, availability of existing LATM devices, distance to schools and existing and future land use. Points were allocated to each road or road section based on the level of risk. The higher the points, the higher the risk for future crashes, and hence the higher the need for LATM devices.

Based on the scoring criteria, seven (7) streets (priority streets), being Smith Street, Edwin Street, Holbeach Avenue, Stanley Street, Union Street, Wentworth Street and Tramway Street, had relatively higher scores than other roads in the study area. Therefore, LATM devices are recommended to be implemented on these roads.

Proposed Treatments Justification

A detailed selection criteria and list of suitable LATM measures were developed based on existing devices in the area and typical LATM devices presented in *Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8 - Local Area Traffic Management*.

Treatment options were then proposed for each of the four priority streets to address the specific issue(s) identified:

- **Smith Street Option 1:** Road narrowing using kerb blisters to slow down traffic, with contrasting pavement to highlight the change in road environment
- **Smith Street Option 2:** Mountable concrete median to provide a horizontal deflection and slow down traffic
- **Other Smith Street treatments:** on-road and off-road bicycle transitions, extension of shared path and angled on-ramp for cyclists, along with a widened footpath on the western side of Smith Street. An optional landscaped verge may also be provided between the widened footpath and roadway, which will result in the removal of kerbside parking.
- **Holbeach Avenue Option 1:** A set of four speed cushions at mid-block to provide a vertical deflection and slow traffic down
- **Holbeach Avenue Option 2:** A set of two speed cushions at mid-block to provide a vertical deflection and road narrowing using kerb blisters, with the aim of slowing down traffic

- **Stanley Street Option 1:** Flat top road humps at two mid-block locations to provide a vertical deflection and slow traffic down
- **Stanley Street Option 2:** Road narrowing using kerb blisters at two mid-block locations to slow traffic down
- **Wentworth Street Option 1:** Road narrowing using kerb blisters at both ends of the road to slow traffic down, with contrasting pavement to highlight the change in road environment
- **Wentworth Street Option 2:** Flat top road humps at both ends of the road to provide a vertical deflection and slow traffic down
- **Other Wentworth Street treatment:** Truck restriction signage at the northern end of Wentworth Street where there is no existing signage.
- **Union Street Option 1:** Flat top road humps at two mid-block locations to provide a vertical deflection and slow traffic down
- **Union Street Option 2:** A 10 km/h shared zone between Princes Highway and School Lane to slow down traffic and providing priority to pedestrians
- **Edwin Street:** A flat top road hump west of Stanley Street to slow traffic and deter non-local traffic
- **Tramway Street:** Contrasting Pavement Threshold at Unwins Bridge Road and Edwin Street to act as a visual gateway and deter non-local traffic
- **Other Union Street treatments:** A contrasting pavement at the entry of Union Street at Princes Highway to deter non-local traffic from using these streets.

Where possible, landscaping is proposed to improve the aesthetics of the street environment and enhance sense of place.

Additionally, contrasting thresholds have also been proposed for Barden Street, Fanning Street, Hart Street and Station Street to visually separate the local streets and the Princes Highway. This assists in highlighting the local road environment and deter non-local traffic from using these streets. This treatment can also be used to support a reduction in speed limit in the future, subject to discussion and approval by Transport for NSW.

The existing bus stop along Princes Highway outside the site of the development may be impacted by the development. The provision of replacement bus stops would be a matter for Transport for NSW and is outside the scope of this study

The traffic movements in and out of Bunnings site via Princes Highway and Smith Street have been considered during the Development Application (DA) stage of the development. Any changes to traffic movements to Bunnings cannot be changed during the development of this LATM study.

Infrastructure Itemisation

Each option was broken down into individual components including signage. Treatments requiring signage include bicycle infrastructure at Smith Street, speed cushions and flat top road humps.

Cost Estimation

Indicative costs for each component were estimated based on average standard costs provided by Inner West Council, as well as rates presented within *Local Infrastructure Benchmark Costs (IPART NSW)*. Naturally, the highest cost treatments include those requiring substantial civil works, such as flat top road humps, footpath widening, and kerb blisters.

Estimated costs for each option and measure ranges from \$18,000 to \$190,000, with the lowest cost treatment being the contrasting pavement, and the highest cost being the Smith Street treatment options.

Community Engagement and Further Tasks

A draft version of the LATM report was released for exhibition online between 3rd November 2020 and 12th January 2021.

On the Your Say Inner West website, participants could undertake a survey to vote for their most preferred treatment option. They could also provide additional comments. The community could also submit the feedback via email to Council.

Comments from the community engagement were collated and have been summarised into themes. Many of the comments were concerned with the effectiveness of the proposed treatments in deterring non-local traffic.

The following tasks were undertaken after reviewing the comments and survey results:

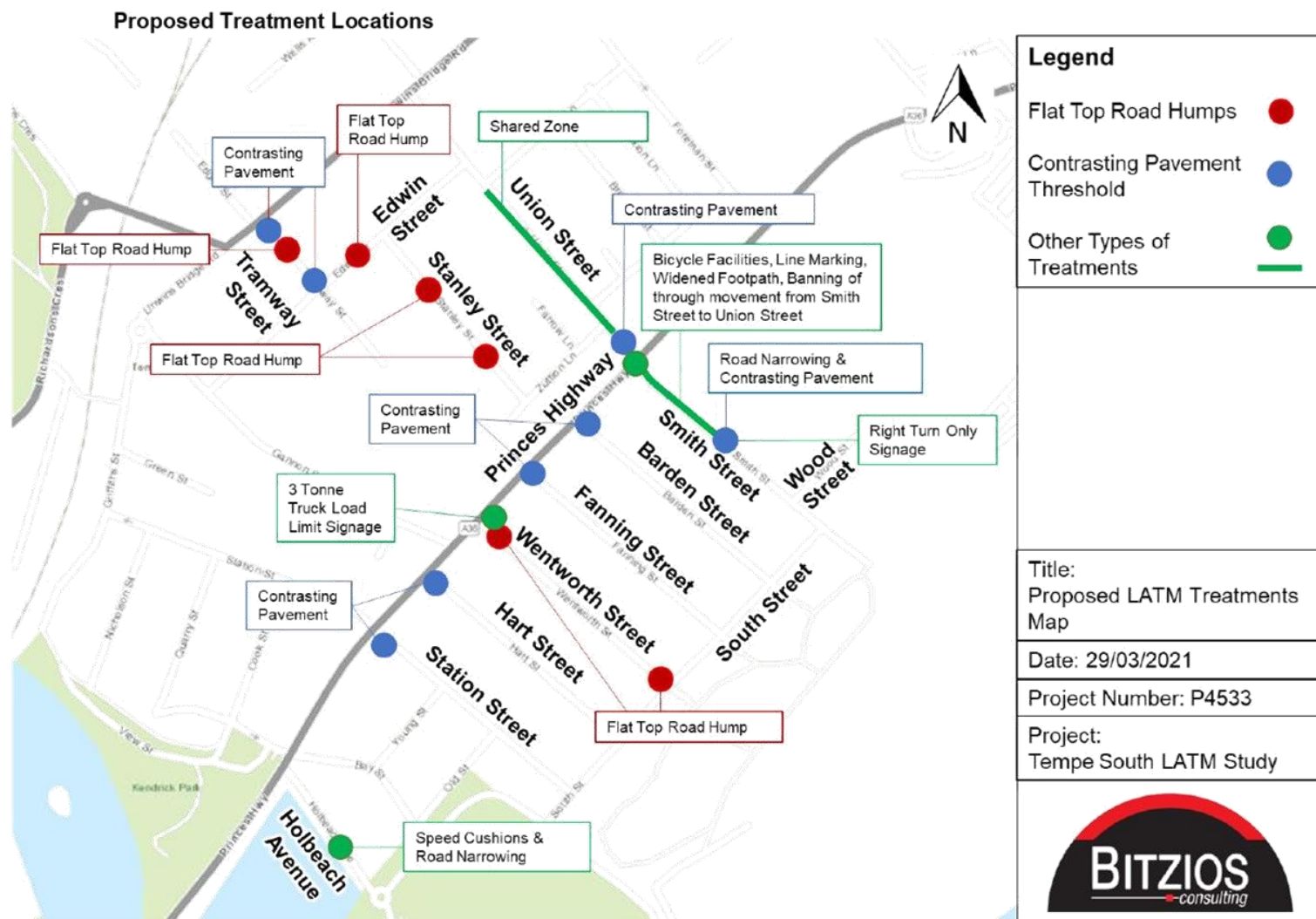
- Analysis of tube count surveys undertaken in February 2021
- Recalculation traffic volumes generated by Bunnings using more conservative trip generation rates
- Changes to concept designs based on community feedback
- Adoption of treatment options as preferred design based on survey results
- Recalculation of cost estimate based on updated concept designs

Adopted Treatments

The adopted treatments are:

- **Smith Street:**
 - Road narrowing using kerb blisters
 - Contrasting pavement
 - On-road and off-road bicycle transitions
 - Extension of shared path and angled on-ramp for cyclists
 - Widened footpath on the western side of Smith Street between Princes Highway and Bunnings access
- **Holbeach Avenue:** A set of two speed cushions at mid-block and road narrowing using kerb blisters
- **Stanley Street:** Flat top road humps at two mid-block locations
- **Wentworth Street:** Flat top road humps at both ends of the road
- **Union Street:**
 - A 10 km/h shared zone between Princes Highway and School Lane
 - A 'soft' road closure at Union Street and Princes Highway to ban northbound through traffic travelling from Smith Street to Union Street (subject to further community consultation)
 - A contrasting pavement at the entry of Union Street at Princes Highway
- **Edwin Street:** A flat top road hump west of Stanley Street
- **Tramway Street:** Contrasting pavement thresholds at Unwins Bridge Road and Edwin Street, and a flat top road hump in mid-block outside 404 Unwins Bridge Road
- **Barden Street, Fanning Street, Hart Street and Station Street:** Contrasting pavement threshold at Princes Highway

The estimated costs for the adopted treatments, including contingency and design costs, range from \$18,000 to \$135,000.



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- Appendix D: LATM Treatment Concept Designs
- Appendix E: Engagement Outcomes Report

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

As part of the conditions of consent for an approved Bunnings Warehouse at 728-750 Princes Highway, the Eastern City Planning Panel has conditioned that a Local Area Traffic Management (LATM) study to be undertaken for the Tempe South area, in order to manage the impacts of the proposed development.

Inner West Council (Council) has commissioned Bitzios Consulting to undertake this LATM study.

1.2 Study Area

The LATM study area includes the local roads adjoining Princes Highway and Unwins Bridge Road in the Tempe South precinct, namely:

- Barden Street
- Edwin Street
- Fanning Street
- Foreman Street
- Hart Street
- Holbeach Avenue (excluding the Tempe Recreation Reserve access road)
- Smith Street
- South Street
- Stanley Street
- Station Street (between Princes Highway and South Street)
- Tramway Street
- Union Street
- Wentworth Street
- Zuitton Lane

The study area and the proposed development (728-750 Princes Highway) are illustrated in Figure 1.1.



Adapted from ESRI Maps

Figure 1.1: Study Area

1.3 Purpose and Scope

This report details the assessment of the traffic conditions within the Tempe South study area and its findings. The study included:

- Review of existing conditions, including:
 - Surrounding Land Uses
 - Road Hierarchy
 - Public Transport and Active Transport
 - Garbage Collection
 - Parking Controls
- Review of Future developments, including proposed developments and traffic generation
- Crash Data Analysis
- Traffic and Parking Data Analysis, including:
 - Intersection traffic counts
 - Vehicle tube count speed and volume data
 - Heavy vehicle proportions
 - Parking occupancy data
- On site audit, including:

- Traffic and parking signs
- LATM and traffic calming devices
- Bicycle and pedestrian facilities
- Waste management
- Development of a scoring system and identification of priority streets for treatment
- Development of potential LATM treatments
- Recommendation and assessment of LATM treatments and locations
- Development of an infrastructure schedule based on treatment options
- Cost estimation of each type of the recommended treatment
- Methodology and assumptions used for cost estimation.

1.4 Local Area Traffic Management

1.4.1 What is Local Area Traffic Management

According to Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8 – Local Area Traffic Management (AGTM08-16) (summarised):

LATM is concerned with the planning and management of the usage of road space within a local traffic area. It involves the use of physical devices, streetscaping treatments and other measures (including regulations and other non-physical measures) to influence vehicle operation, in order to create safer and more pleasant streets in local areas.

LATM is essentially system-based and area-wide. It considers neighbourhood traffic-related problems and their proposed solutions in the context of the local area or a group of streets within it, rather than only at isolated locations. In addition, it requires that physical traffic measures be seen as a sequence of interrelated devices rather than individual treatments.

The primary target of LATM is to change driver behaviour, both directly by physical influence on vehicle operation, and indirectly by influencing the driver's perceptions of what is appropriate behaviour in that street. The objective is to reduce traffic volumes and speeds in local streets to increase amenity, liveability, and improve safety and access for all road users.

The need for LATM usually arises from:

- an intent to reduce traffic-related problems
- orderly traffic planning and management
- a need to modify 'transport' behaviour
- a desire to improve the community space and sense of place
- a desire to improve environmental, economic and social outcomes
- traffic interventions associated with new development or the implementation of pedestrian and bicycle plans and other local policies (e.g. RTA 2002).

1.4.2 Stages of a LATM

The general stages involved in preparing a LATM study, as per AGTM08-16, are outlined in Table 1.1. This study primarily covers Stage 2 of the LATM process, with partial coverage of Stage 3 items.

Table 1.1: Stages of a LATM

Tasks	Status in this study
Stage 1: Initiating an LATM program (completed)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decide that action is needed Define study area, precincts and functional hierarchy of roads Develop study plan, including type of treatments and study costs Develop consultation strategy Council decision Prepare brief for consultant, if required 	Completed by Council prior to start of the study
Stage 2: Data collection and problem identification	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define and collect required data Identify problems Identify potential solutions Define and confirm objectives 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Section 2 outlines the existing condition of the study area. Sections 3 to 5 outlines the data analysis and identification of problems. Section 6 outlines future conditions to be considered in the development of LATM plans. Section 9 outlines potential solutions that can be used in the study.
Stage 3: Development of plans	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clarify suitable strategies (including confirmation of LATM as an appropriate response) Develop outline schemes and supporting arterial improvements Consult on draft plans Assess and refine alternatives Select, present to council for adoption 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Section 9 outlines treatment options proposed
Stage 4: Scheme design	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Location and design of treatments Consult with nearby owners/occupiers Prepare contract documents 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Section 9 outlines the location of treatment options Section 10 lists the rationale for the location and design Section 11 outlines the components of treatments Section 12 outlines the estimated cost of the treatments
Stage 5: Implementation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Confirm timing and staging Conduct additional 'before' studies as required Community information Construct/install Safety audit 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Section 13 outlines a summary of feedback from community engagement Construction will be undertaken after approval by Local Traffic Committee and detailed design
Stage 6: Monitoring and review	

Tasks	Status in this study
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ After data collection, observation and reports ▪ Identify unanticipated impacts or outcomes ▪ Review technical and community assessment of scheme ▪ Revise as needed and feasible ▪ Record and report process and outcomes 	Not undertaken yet

Source: Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8: Local Area Traffic Management

1.5 Referenced Documents

The following documents have been reviewed and referenced as part of this LATM study.

- Draft Integrated Transport Strategy 2019
- Marrickville Bicycle Strategy August 2007
- Marrickville Pedestrian Access and Mobility Plan (PAMP) 2009
- Draft Inner West Council Public Domain Parking Policy 2019
- Crash database provided by Council
- Local Traffic Committee Report and Correspondence relating to traffic and development issues in the study area
- Development Consent conditions in relation to 728—750 Princes Highway, Tempe
 - Joint Regional Planning Panels (JRPP) report
 - Initial and revised traffic assessment reports by Transport and Traffic Planning Associates (TPPA)
 - Peer review of traffic assessment report by GTA Consultants
 - Other assessments
- Austroads Guide to Road Design, Part 6A Pedestrian and Cyclist Paths (AGRD06A-17)
- Austroads Guide to Traffic Management, Part 8 Local Area Traffic Management (AGTM08-16)
- RTA/RMS/Transport for NSW Technical Directions & Guidelines, including:
 - RTA NSW Bicycle Guidelines 2003
 - RTA Guide to Traffic Generating Development, 2002
 - Transport for NSW – Safer Speed policy and Guidelines Version 1 July 2012
 - RMS Permit Parking Guidelines 2005
- Australian Standards AS1742 - Manual of uniform traffic control devices:
 - AS1742.10 – 2009: Part 10: Pedestrian control and protection
 - AS1742.13 – 2009: Part 13: Local area traffic management
- Other RMS/Austroads Guidelines or Australian Standards

1.5.1 Previous LATM Studies

An LATM study was previously conducted by GTA Consultants (for Inner West Council) of the St Peters and Tempe area in 2010 (*St Peters/Tempe LATM Study 2010*). Details on this study are provided in Section 2.10.

2. EXISTING CONDITIONS

2.1 Geographic Location

The study area is located within the suburb of Tempe, approximately 7km south-east of the Sydney CBD (the City). Tempe is the southernmost suburb within the Inner West LGA.

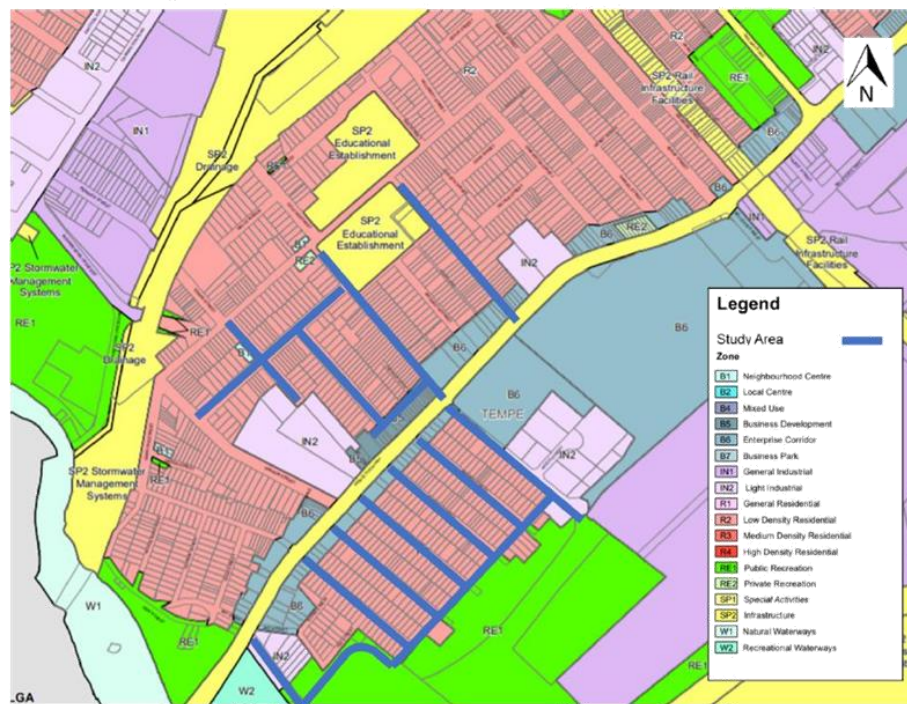
Cooks River and Alexandria Canal run along the western and southern boundaries of Tempe. Wolli Creek is located across Cooks River to the west and Sydney Airport land located across Alexandria Canal to the south.

2.2 Land Use

Based on the Marrickville Council LEP 2011, the study area is primarily comprised of the following land uses:

- R2 – Low Density Residential
- B6 – Enterprise Corridor (Commercial)
- IN2 – Light Industrial
- SP2 – Infrastructure (Educational Establishment i.e. schools)

The land zoning map is shown in Figure 2.1.



Source: Marrickville Local Environment Plan 2011, NSW Legislation

Figure 2.1: Tempe Land Zoning Map

2.2.1 Residential

The study area and roads listed in Section 1.1, mostly access low density residential lots, with some service access to commercial lots fronting Princes Highway and Wood Street.

2.2.2 Non-Residential

2.2.2.1 Commercial

Commercial lots are primarily located along the Princes Highway corridor, including tyre repair shops, motorcycle workshops, cafes, service stations, medical and dental clinics, a pub, a bus depot and other small retail. No large retail developments are located within the study area.

The larger commercial lots occupied by the IKEA Tempe and Decathlon sports stores are located towards the north east of the study area.

2.2.2.2 Industrial

Industrial land uses are located along the Princes Highway corridor, the eastern side of Smith Street, and Wood Street. As such, heavy vehicles access these lots using Smith Street and Wood Street.

The Tempe Bus Depot is located to the west of the study area on Princes Highway towards Gannon Street.

2.2.2.3 Schools

Two schools are located to the north of the study area along Unwins Bridge Road. Tempe Public School is bounded by Union Street, Foreman Street and Unwins Bridge Road.

2.2.3 Parks & Reserves

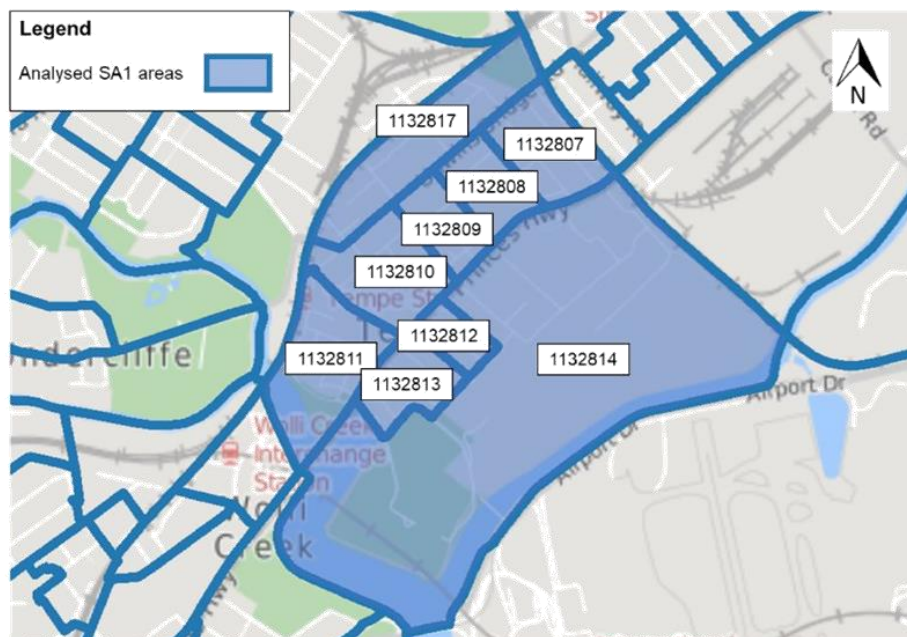
Located towards the south of the study area are large recreation spaces, including Tempe Lands, Tempe Dog Park, Tempe Golf Range, Tempe Recreation Reserve and Tempe Reserve. They are accessed via Holbeach Avenue and South Street.

2.3 Garbage Collection

Council garbage collection occurs on Fridays between 5:00 AM and 12:00 PM. Previous information indicates that 10.5m refuse collection vehicles are used. There are no fixed garbage collection routes.

2.4 Area Demographics

The 2016 Census data was reviewed to identify travel trends to and from the study area. Nine (9) SA1 level statistical areas (codes 1132807-1132814 and 1132817) cover majority of the suburb of Tempe including the study area, shown in Figure 2.2.



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS)

Figure 2.2: Analysed SA1 areas

Census data, including Journey to Work data, for the nine (9) SA1 areas were compared to the Greater Sydney average shown in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1: Tempe Demographic Data

Category	Tempe SA1 Areas	Greater Sydney Average
Age		
Young population between age 20 and 34	21%	23%
Aged population over age 65	12%	14%
Vehicle Ownership		
Vehicle ownership of one (1) motor vehicles or more	85%	88%
Vehicle ownership of two (2) motor vehicles or more	36%	50%
Mode of Travel to Work		
Public transport as mode of travel to work	41%	26%
Private vehicles as mode of travel to work	50%	67%
Bicycle riders as mode of travel to work	3%	1%
Walking only as mode of travel to work	4%	5%

A comparison of statistics reveals:

- The study area features a slightly higher proportion of younger residents and lower proportion of older residents than the Greater Sydney average
- Vehicle ownership in Tempe is less than the Greater Sydney average

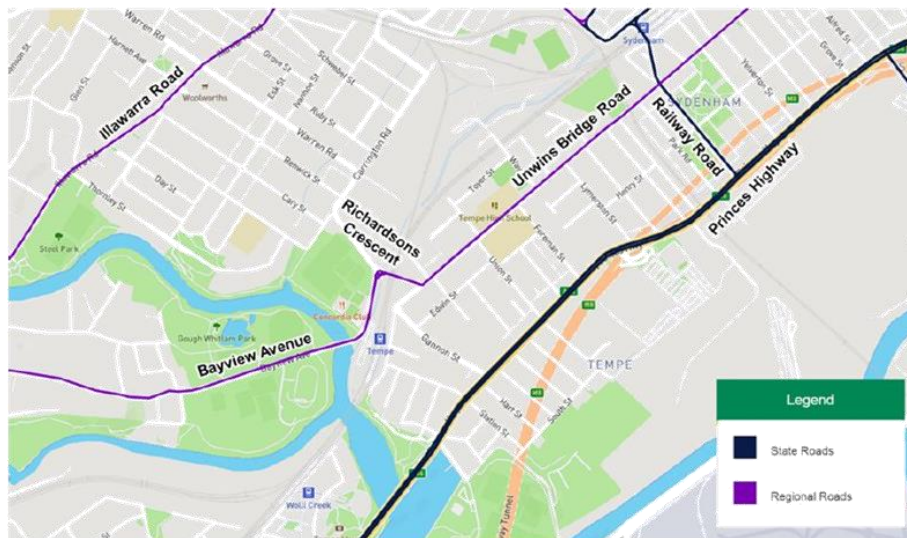
- Consistent with the lower vehicle ownership rate, a high proportion of Tempe residents use public transport to travel to work
- Proportion of residents cycling to work is higher than the Sydney average

Journey to work patterns are likely attributed to the number of public transport services available, including both buses and trains (detailed in Section 2.6) and active transport facilities (including cycling routes) nearby.

2.5 Road Classification

Road Classification in Tempe and surrounds is shown in Figure 2.3, featuring:

- State Road - Princes Highway within Tempe is a state road (HW1), while
- Regional Road – Unwins Bridge Road from Richardsons Crescent to Campbell Street, and Richardson Crescent from Cooks River to Unwins Bridge Road
- Local Roads - all other roads



Source: Transport for NSW – Road Classification Map

Figure 2.3: Road Classification in Tempe and Surrounds

2.6 Public Transport

2.6.1 Trains

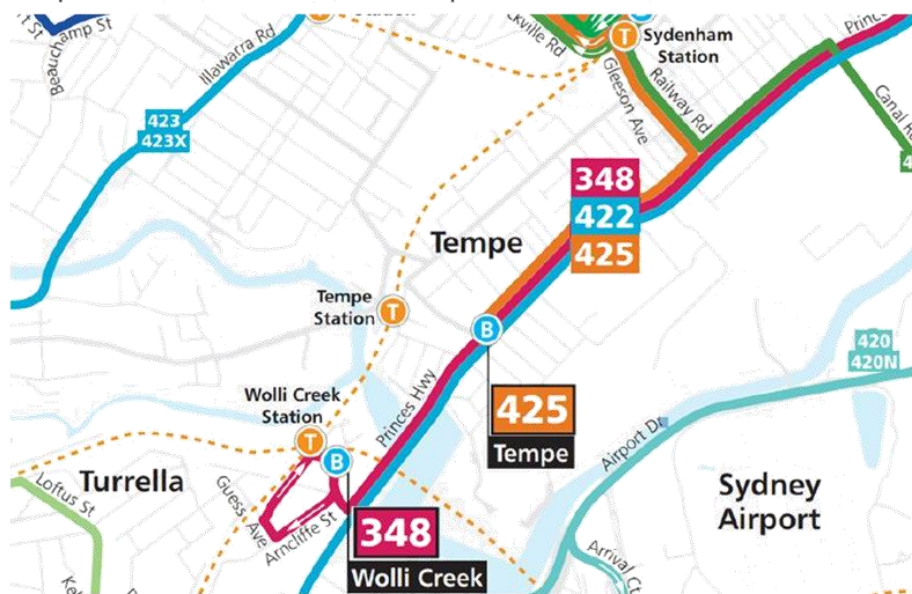
The nearest train station to the study area is Tempe railway station in the west, serviced by the T4 (Eastern Suburbs & Illawarra Line), with services running every 10 minutes per direction on weekdays off-peak. The next nearest station is Wolli Creek railway station located approximately 1km west of the study area and is within walking distance. Wolli Creek is serviced by both the T4 and T8 (Airport & South Line) services. Both T4 and T8 services stop at stations within the City.

2.6.2 Buses

Three public bus routes operate in the Tempe area along Princes Highway. The public bus network is shown in Figure 2.4. Additionally, there is one school bus route servicing Tempe High School students, which runs along Unwins Bridge Road.

The Tempe bus depot is located at the corner of Princes Highway and Gannon Street, accessed via Princes Highway.

The public and school bus services in Tempe are summarised in Table 2.2.



Source: Transit Systems

Figure 2.4: Public Bus Services in Tempe

Table 2.2: Bus Routes

Route Number	Route Description	Roads Served	Weekday Off-peak Frequency (min)
348	Bondi Junction to Wolli Creek	Princes Highway	30
422	Kogarah to Central Pitt Street	Princes Highway	15
425	Tempe to Dulwich Hill	Princes Highway	60
700S (School bus)	Earlwood to Tempe High School	Richardsons Crescent, Unwins Bridge Road, Collins Street	One AM service towards school, one PM service from school

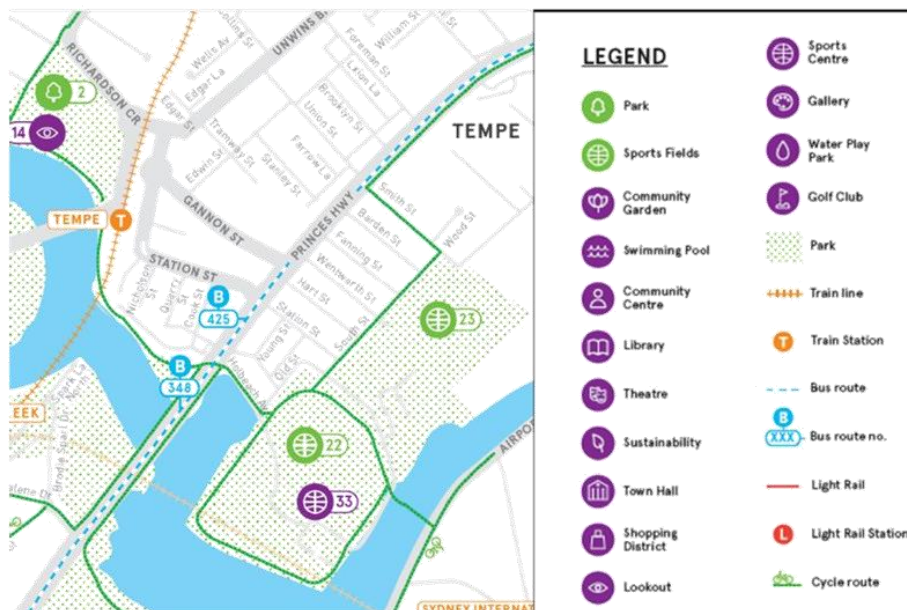
2.7 Other Transport

2.7.1 Bicycles

The local bicycle network (based on the Stay Active in Marrickville Map) is shown in Figure 2.5, and the (previously) proposed bicycle network in the Marrickville Bicycle Strategy 2007 is shown in Figure 2.6.

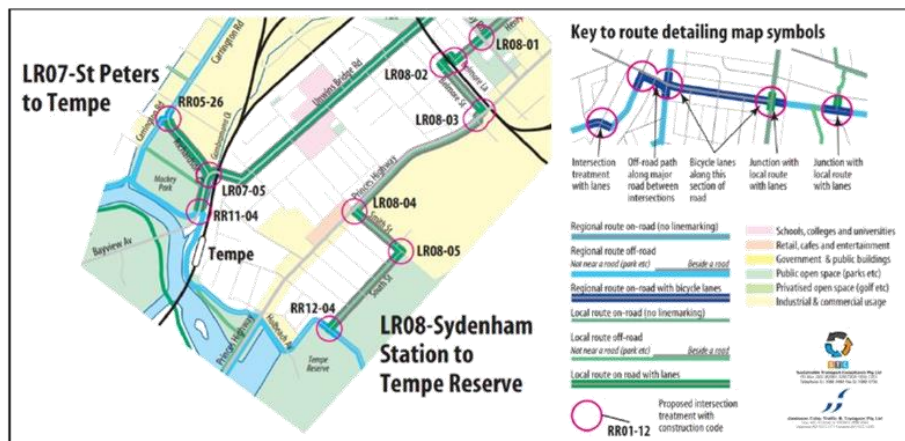
Two routes are present within the study area:

- Local Route L13 (shown as LR08 in Figure 2.6) – following Holbeach Avenue, South Street and Smith Street
- Alexandra Canal cycleway - following Holbeach Avenue, through Tempe Reserve and along Airport Drive on the southern bank of Alexandra Canal



Source: Staying Active in Marrickville Map (Inner West Council)

Figure 2.5: Existing Bicycle Routes in Tempe



Source: Marrickville Bicycle Strategy 2007

Figure 2.6: Proposed Bicycle Network in Tempe

Additionally, there are unpaved off-road paths within Tempe Lands that are used for walking and cycling. Entry points to Tempe Lands are located at the Smith Street cul-de-sac and at various points along South Street.

2.7.1.1 Bicycle Detour

As part of the Sydney Gateway Environment Impact Statement (November 2019), volumes were recorded on the cycleway on the southern bank of Alexandra Canal in March 2019. The average volumes on the cycleway were 600 cyclists and 100 pedestrians per day. During the morning and afternoon peaks, the volumes were 90 cyclists and 10 pedestrians.

Due to the permanent removal of the current shared path along Airport Drive as part of the Sydney Gateway project, a bicycle detour is proposed to follow the road through Tempe Recreation Reserve, to Tempe Wetlands near South Street and through the industrial lands to the east. Details of the detour are described in Section 6.3.2.

2.7.2 Pedestrians

The local footpath network is well connected through and surrounding the study area, with footpaths located along both sides of most roads. Signalised crossings are also provided at intersections and mid-block on Princes Highway and mid-block on Unwins Bridge Road. A pedestrian (zebra) crossing is also located on Union Street outside Tempe Public School.

2.7.3 Carshares

The use of carshare services has been increasingly popular in recent years. Popular carshare services used in Sydney include Car Next Door and GoGet, which operate in the study area and surrounds.

2.7.3.1 Car Next Door

Car Next Door is a carshare service that allows private car owners to rent their vehicles to other registered users on an hourly or daily service. As of March 2020, six (6) vehicles within or surrounding the study area have been signed up for Car Next Door, shown in Figure 2.7. It is important to note that the shown locations are approximate only.

2.7.3.2 Go Get

Go Get is another carshare service, where members are able to rent GoGet vehicles from their pods on an hourly or daily basis. As of March 2020, there are no GoGet pods within the study area; however, there are seven (7) nearby car pods within walking distance from the study area, including two (2) within the IKEA Tempe carpark. Additionally, IKEA Tempe has 12 van pods, with vans available to be rented. It is important to note that the pods in IKEA Tempe are located within its carpark and therefore can only be rented during the carpark's opening hours.

The location of GoGet car and van pods around the study area are shown in Figure 2.7.



Source: GoGet & Car Next Door, Adapted from GoogleMaps

Figure 2.7: GoGet Pod Locations in Tempe

2.7.3.3 Bunnings Car Share

As part of the Bunnings development application Consent Condition No.5 four (4) car share spaces are to be provided within the Bunnings development.

2.8 Parking Controls

Kerbside parking controls within the study area are shown in Figure 2.8). Most of the kerbside parking available is unrestricted on-street parallel parking with some time limited parking (one hour) along Union Street and Foreman Street. Due to the narrow nature of the roads in the study area, many vehicles were observed partially parking on the footpath (See Section 5).

Angled parking is provided along Holbeach Avenue near Bay Street. It provides unrestricted parking for residents as well as users of Tempe Recreation Reserve.

Persons with a disability (PWD) spaces are located along Edwin Street, Union Street, Foreman Street, Wentworth Street and Union Street.

There are 'No Parking' restrictions along Zuiton Lane and Farrow Lane due to their narrow widths. No Stopping restrictions are found along Union Street where kerb blisters are located.



Figure 2.8: Existing Parking Restrictions

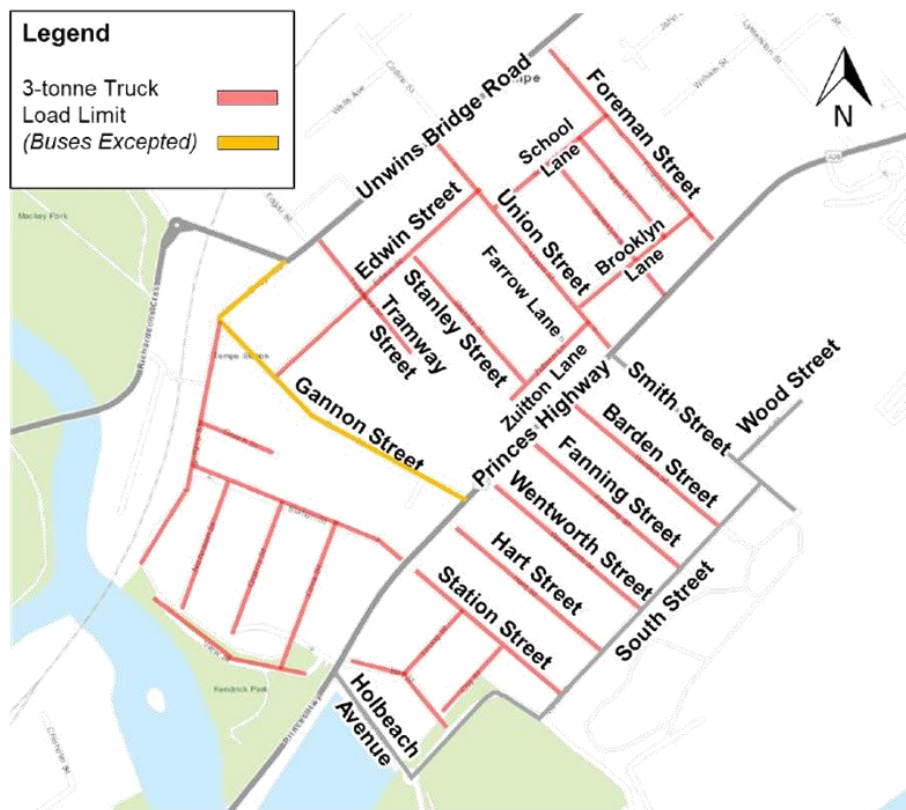
2.9 Truck Load Limits

A 3-tonne truck load limit is implemented in the study area and surrounds, covering local side roads near or connecting to Princes Highway, shown in Figure 2.9.

Wentworth Street was identified to maintain an inconsistent truck restriction, with signage only present at South Street (see traffic sign audit, section 5.1.2). It was confirmed the truck restriction applied along Wentworth street with signage missing at Princes Highway.

Another inconsistency of signage was at Tramway Street facing Unwins Bridge Road, where a "Gannon Street" tag plate was affixed to the truck limit sign. With the tag plate, it gives an indication that the truck limit applies to Gannon Street but not Tramway Street. It is possible that the tag plate was wrong affixed to this sign and should have been affixed to another sign on Unwins Bridge Road.

A 3-tonne truck load limit does not apply to Holbeach Avenue, South Street, Smith Street, Wood Street, Princes Highway and most of Unwins Bridge Road



Adapted from ESRI Maps

Figure 2.9: Truck Load Limit in Tempe

2.10 Previous LATM Study in Tempe

Planning approval of 630-726 Princes Highway (IKEA Tempe development) was granted by the NSW Department of Planning in July 2009. A condition of the approval required an LATM study to

be undertaken by Council “to identify the traffic and transport impacts of the proposed development and recommend ways in which any potential adverse impacts on local residential streets could be mitigated.” GTA Consultants was commissioned by the then-Marrickville Council to undertake the study which was completed in October 2010. IKEA Tempe opened in November 2011.

The study identified:

- Smith Street, South Street, Union Street and Wentworth Street have higher 85th percentile speeds compared to the other roads in the areas, ranging between 40 and 50 km/h on Thursdays and Saturdays, with 85th percentile speeds along Smith Street exceeding 50 km/h on Saturdays.
- One ‘fixed object’ crash occurred on Station Street near South Street.
- Speed humps on South Street and Union Street, median island rumble bars at Edwin Street, and the pedestrian crossing on Union Street outside Tempe Public School required repainting of line marking
 - It is important to note that the school crossing on Union Street was not a raised crossing as of 2010, and the nearby speed hump had since been replaced by a pair of kerb blisters with contrasting pavement.
 - The rumble bar at Edwin Street at Union Street had since been replaced by contrasting pavement
- Recommendation to introduce further LATM devices

The devices and measures implemented included:

- speed cushions on Smith Street
- the right turn ban from Princes Highway to Union Street
- the right turn ban from Gannon Street to Edwin Street
- the median island rumble strips at Edwin Street and Tramway Street
- closing the median gap at Station Street
- raised thresholds on Foreman Street, only at Unwins Bridge Road and Princes Highway

The speed cushions on Smith Street were eventually removed in 2012 and 2017 respectively, as a result of resident complaints about the noise produced by trucks driving over the speed cushions.

2.11 Existing LATM Devices & Measures

Existing LATM devices and traffic controls were identified during site audits, detailed in Section 5.1.

3. CRASH DATA ANALYSIS

3.1 Crash History Data

The NSW Speed Zoning Guidelines recommend a minimum of three years of crash data for a statistical crash analysis. For the purpose of this assessment, crash data between 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2018 was sourced from Council representing five (5) years of data. The data included reported crash events within the entire Inner West Council LGA and were filtered to include crashes within the study area. Crashes along Princes Highway within 15 metres from intersections of the study area roads were also included.

As per Rule 287 (3) of the NSW Road Rules 2014, crashes are only recorded if they are reported to police and when one of the following occurs:

- Any person is killed or injured
- Drivers involved in the crash do not exchange particulars
- When a vehicle involved in the crash is towed away.

The crash history between the five (5) years of data within and surrounding the study area were analysed, and a total of 12 crashes were recorded along streets within the study area. Out of the 12 crashes in the study area, two (2) involved vehicles at intersections with Princes Highway.

3.2 Crash Statistics

3.2.1 Crash History

Figure 3.1 shows the crash history between January 2014 and December 2018.

There is an overall trend of steady number of crashes per year, with less than 4 crashes happening each year. Most of the crashes involve an injury.

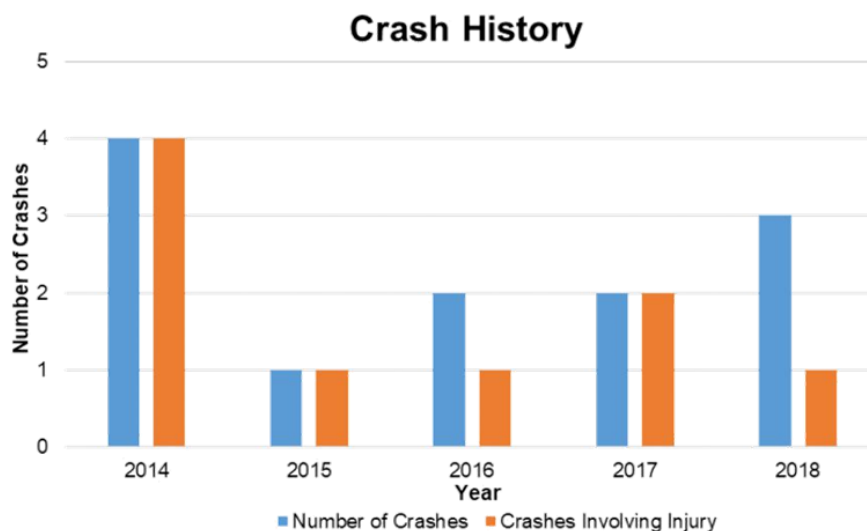


Figure 3.1: Crash History between January 2014 and December 2018

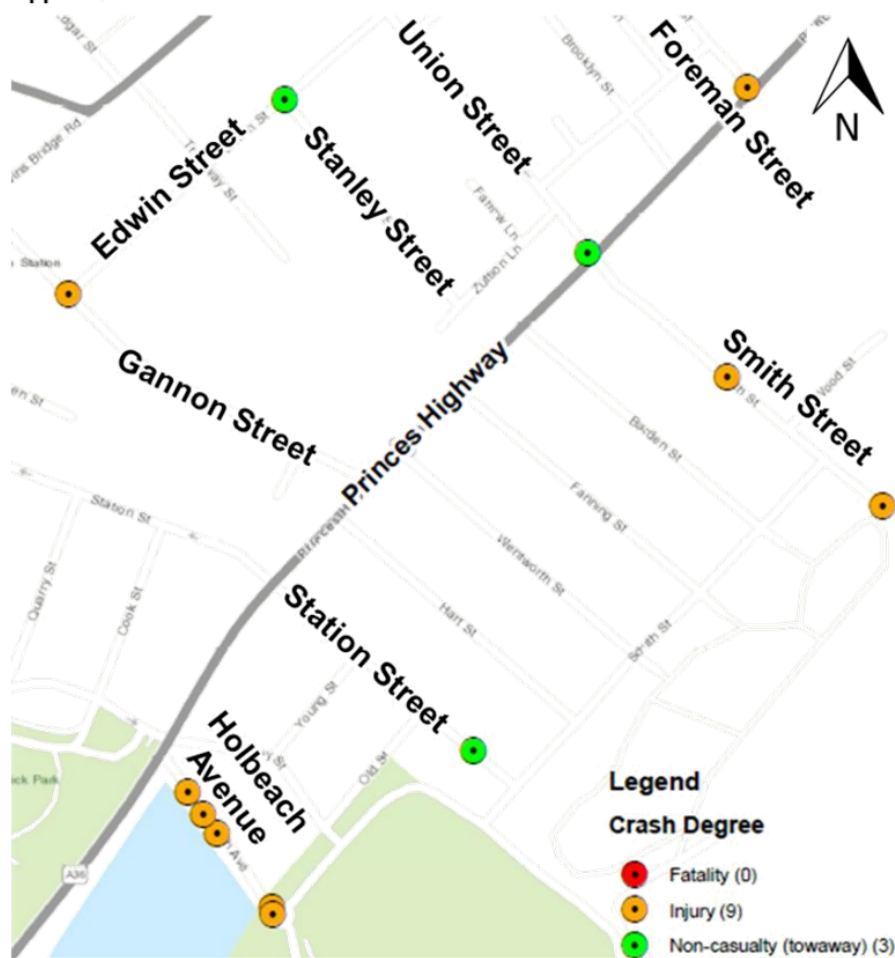
3.2.2 Crash Severity

Table 3.1 summarises the number of crashes within the 5 years of crash data based on crash severity.

Table 3.1: Number of Crashes Based on Crash Severity

Crash Severity	Number of Crashes	Percentage
Fatal	0	0%
Injury	9	75%
Non-casualty (towaway)	3	25%
Total	12	100%

The crash data shows that the majority of crashes within the study area were not fatal but resulted in injury (75%). The locations of the crashes are shown in Figure 3.2. They are also shown in Appendix A.



Adapted from ESRI Maps

Figure 3.2: Crash Degree Severity

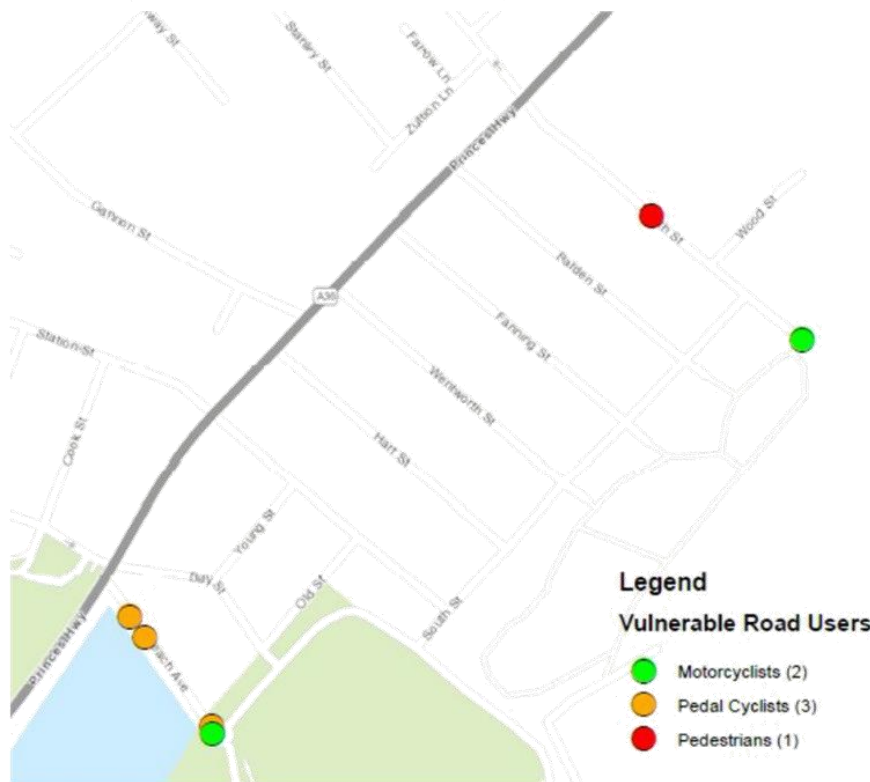
3.2.3 Vulnerable Road Users

Table 3.2 summarises the number of vulnerable road user (VRU) crashes within the 5 years of crash data based on crash severity. VRUs are classified into motorcyclists, pedal cyclists and pedestrians.

Table 3.2: Number of Vulnerable Road User Crashes Based on Crash Severity

Crash Severity	Vulnerable Road User			Total
	Motorcyclist	Pedal Cyclist	Pedestrian	
Fatal	0	0	0	0
Injury	2	3	1	6
Non-casualty (towaway)	0	0	0	0
Total	2	3	1	6
Percentage	33%	50%	17%	-

The crash data shows that all crashes involving vulnerable road users were not fatal, however, resulted in an injury. There were six (6) vulnerable road user crashes out of the total of 12 crashes, which is a relatively high percentage (50%). Pedal cyclists were recorded to have the highest percentage of vulnerable road user crashes (50%). The location of crashes involving VRU are shown in Figure 3.3. They are also shown in **Appendix A**.



Adapted from ESRI Maps

Figure 3.3: Vulnerable Road Users

3.3 Analysis of Trends and Contributing Factors

3.3.1 Crash Type

The 12 crashes were classified into road user movement (RUM) codes, as shown in Table 3.3. The crashes are also further detailed in Table 3.4, ordered by crash severity.

Table 3.3: Crash Summary by Crash Type

Crash Type	RUM Codes	Number of Crashes	Percentage of Total
Crashes involving pedestrians	00 – 09	1	8
Crashes involving vehicles from adjacent directions	10 – 19	3	25%
Crashes involving vehicles from opposing directions	20 – 29	0	0%
▪ Crashes involving vehicles from the same direction	30 – 39	1	8%
Crashes involving manoeuvring vehicles	40 – 49	4	33%
Crashes involving vehicles overtaking	50 – 59	0	0%
Crashes involving vehicles on path – vehicles hitting parked vehicles or objects on the roadway (e.g. animals, temporary objects)	60 – 69	0	0%
Crashes involving vehicles leaving the roadway on a straight length of road	70 – 79	2	17%
Crashes involving vehicles leaving the roadway on a curve	80 – 89	1	8%
Crashes involving vehicle passengers and miscellaneous crashes	90 – 99	0	0%
Total		10	100%

From Table 3.3, the majority of the crashes resulted from manoeuvring issues (33%).

Holbeach Avenue has the highest number of crashes, recording five (5) out of 12 crashes (42%). Out of the five crashes, three (3) crashes involved pedal cyclists (60%), and four (4) crashes resulted from manoeuvring issues (80%).

Considering this, this analysis will identify any trending issues and/or contributing factors that may have contributed to the likelihood of the aforementioned crash types.

Table 3.4: Crash Details by Road

Road	Crash Severity	Crash Type	Specific RUM Code	Vulnerable Road User
Holbeach Avenue	Injury	Involving manoeuvring vehicles	RUM 48: From footpath	Pedal Cyclist
Holbeach Avenue	Injury	Involving manoeuvring vehicles	RUM 47: Emerging from driveway	-
Holbeach Avenue	Injury	Involving manoeuvring vehicles	RUM 48: From footpath	Pedal Cyclist
Holbeach Avenue at South Street	Injury	Involving vehicles from adjacent directions	RUM 10: Cross traffic	Motorcyclist
Holbeach Avenue	Injury	Involving manoeuvring vehicles	RUM 49: Other Manoeuvring	Pedal Cyclist
Smith Street	Injury	Involving vehicles leaving the roadway on a straight length of road	RUM 74: Out of control on carriageway	Motorcyclist
Smith Street	Injury	Involving pedestrians	RUM 3: Playing, working, lying, standing on carriageway	Pedestrian
Princes Highway at Foreman Street	Injury	Involving vehicles from adjacent directions	RUM 13: Right near	-
Station Street	Non-casualty (towaway)	Involving vehicles leaving the roadway on a straight length of road	RUM 71: Left off carriageway into object / parked vehicle	-
Princes Highway at Smith Street	Non-casualty (towaway)	Involving vehicles from adjacent directions	RUM 10: Cross traffic	-
Edwin Street	Injury	Involving vehicles from the same direction	RUM 30: Rear end	-
Edwin Street at Stanley Street	Non-casualty (towaway)	Involving vehicles leaving the roadway on a curved length of road or when turning	RUM 85: Right off left bend into object / parked vehicle	-

3.3.2 Crash Casualty Rates

Typical casualty crash rates for urban and rural roads are provided within the NSW Speed Zoning Guidelines. A table of typical urban casualty rates from the NSW speed zoning guidelines is shown in Table 3.5.

Table 3.5: Typical Urban Casualty Rates

URBAN TYPICAL CASUALTY RATE (casualties per km per year)							
Road category	Speed zones						
	50	60	70	80	90	100	110
Motorway / freeway	–	–	0.049	0.039	0.463	0.148	1.219
State highway	0.014	0.450	0.827	0.217	0.177	0.101	0.177
Other classified road	0.102	1.351	1.361	0.360	0.253	0.111	0.007
Unclassified road	0.446	0.874	0.376	0.154	0.077	0.064	0.008

NOTE:

- Discretion is needed in comparing these rates to the rate on a particular section of road. A specific road section may not fall comfortably into any single category.
- The values do not suggest an acceptable level.

Source: Transport for NSW Centre for Road Safety - NSW Speed Zoning Guidelines (Section 3)

The typical urban casualty rate for a 50km/h unclassified road is 0.446 casualties per km per year.

Table 3.6 summarises the number of crashes per year and calculated casualty rate (casualties per year per km) for each section of road. Princes Highway was excluded as all other crashes along the road were not analysed. Station Street was also excluded as its only crash had no casualties.

Table 3.6: Crash Casualty Rate by Road

Road	Length (km)	Casualties						Rate	
		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total	Per year	Per km per year
Holbeach Avenue (south of Princes Highway, between Princes Highway & roundabout)	0.15	3	1	0	1	0	5	1	6.7
Smith Street	0.30	0	0	0	1	1	2	0.4	1.3
Edwin Street	0.34	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.2	0.6
Total		4	1	0	2	1	8	-	-

From the crash casualty rate results calculated in Table 3.6, it can be seen that Holbeach Avenue, Smith Street and Edwin Street present a rate exceeding the typical urban casualty rate of 0.446 casualties per km per year.

3.4 Crash Data Analysis Summary

Based on the crash analysis results, the majority of the crashes resulted from manoeuvring issues. Most of them also involved a vulnerable road user. Holbeach Avenue has the highest number of crashes, the highest number of crashes involving vulnerable road users, and the highest crash casualty rate in the study area.

4. TRAFFIC SURVEY DATA ANALYSIS

4.1 Environmental Capacity and Speed Performance Standards

The *RTA Guide to Traffic Generating Developments 2002* (GTGD) provides justification for an acceptable environmental limit for each road classification, listed in Table 4.1.

Table 4.1: Environmental Capacity Performance Standards

Road Class	Type	Maximum Speed (km/h)	Max Peak Hour Volume (veh / hour)
Local	Access way	25	100
	Street	40	200 goal 300 maximum
Collector	Street	50	300 goal 500 maximum

The *GTGD* also recommends that a typical residential street should ideally exhibit a flow of traffic less than 2,000 vehicles per day (vpd), with a design objective of less than 1,500 vpd to maintain a comfortable traffic environment for local residents.

4.2 Traffic Surveys

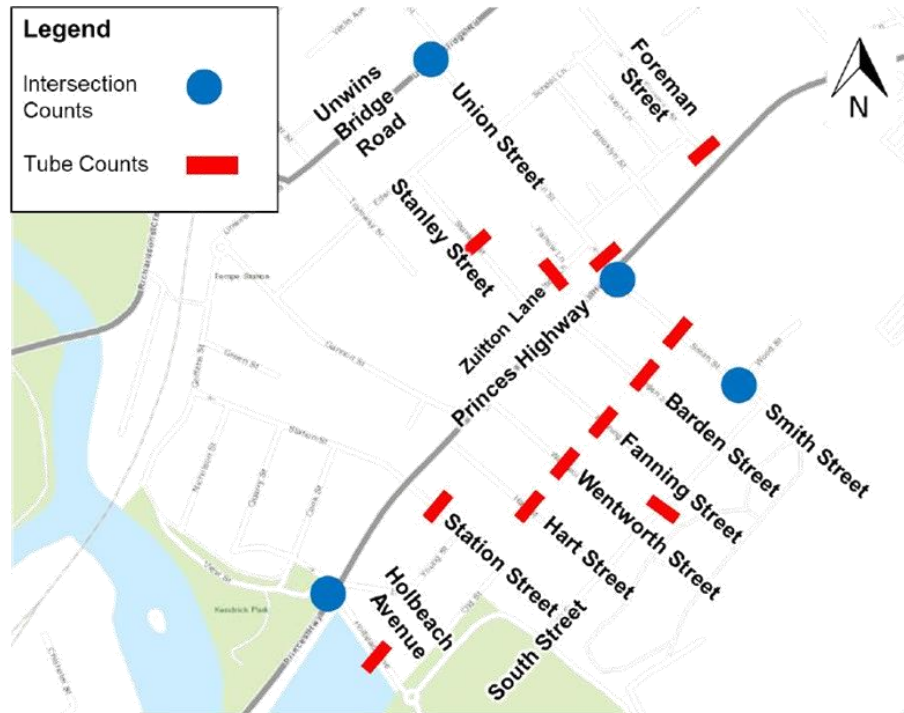
4.2.1 Data List

In March 2020, Council has commissioned Austraffic to undertake traffic surveys as part of the study and provided the surveys to Bitzios Consulting for analysis. In September 2020, Bitzios Consulting commissioned Matrix Data Collection to undertake further traffic survey for analysis. The traffic surveys undertaken are listed in Table 4.2. The data collected were analysed to provide information about traffic operation in the study area, such as volumes and speed.

Table 4.2: Traffic Survey Data

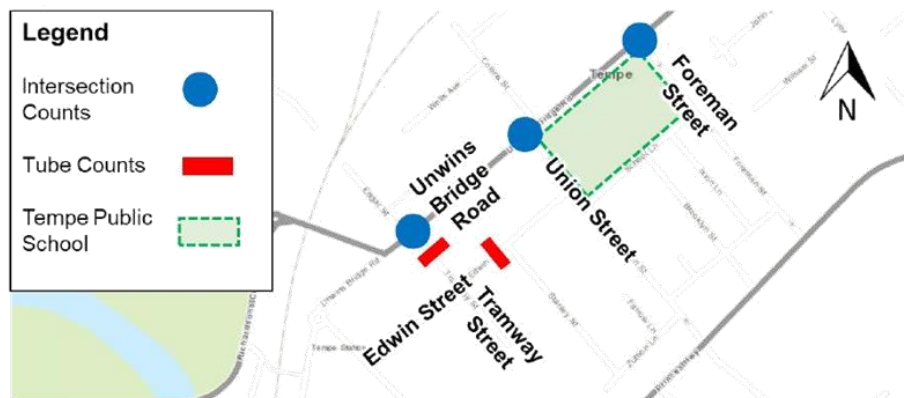
Survey	Date(s)	Time	Locations
Intersection Counts	19 March 2020, Thursday	16:00 PM to 18:00 PM	At four locations, shown in Figure 4.1: ▪ Princes Highway / Union Street / Smith Street
	21 March 2020, Saturday	11:00 AM to 13:00 PM	▪ Smith Street / Wood Street ▪ Unwins Bridge Road / Union Street ▪ Princes Highway / Holbeach Avenue
	8 September 2020, Tuesday	7:30 AM to 9:30 AM 14:00 PM to 16:00 PM	At three locations, shown in Figure 4.2: ▪ Unwins Bridge Road / Union Street ▪ Unwins Bridge Road / Foreman Street ▪ Unwins Bridge Road / Tramway Street
Tube Counts (Volumes & Speed)	19 March 2020, Thursday to 25 March 2020, Wednesday	24-hour	At multiple locations shown in Figure 4.1
	9 September 2020, Wednesday to 15 September 2020, Tuesday	24-hour	At Edwin Street and Tramway Street, shown in Figure 4.2

Survey	Date(s)	Time	Locations
Parking Occupancy & Duration	19 March 2020, Thursday	7:00 AM to 7:00 PM	At locations shown in Figure 4.3
	21 March 2020, Saturday	7:00 AM to 7:00 PM	



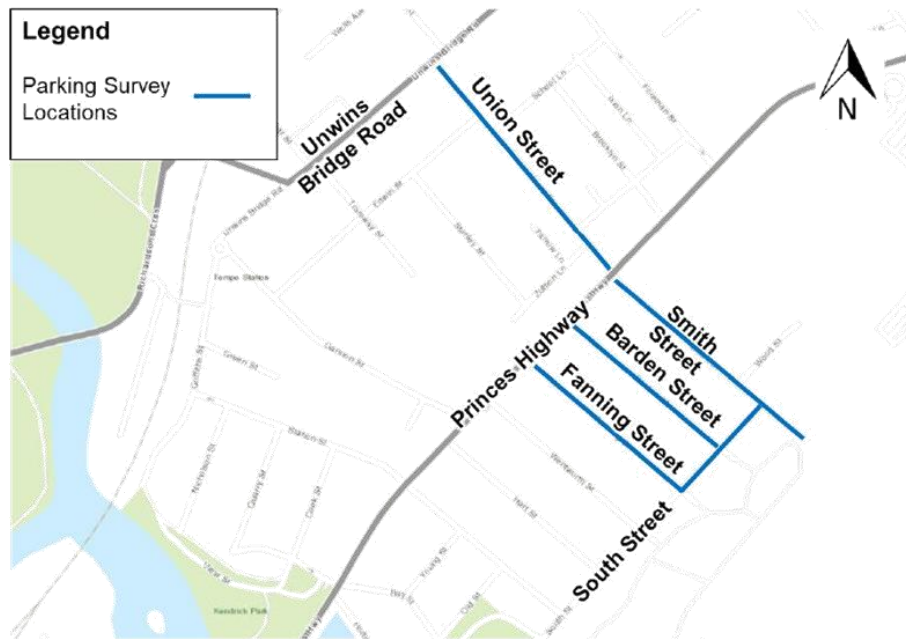
Adapted from ESRI Maps

Figure 4.1: Intersection Count & Tube Count Locations (March 2020)



Adapted from ESRI Maps

Figure 4.2: Intersection Count & Tube Count Locations (September 2020)



Adapted from ESRI Maps

Figure 4.3: Parking Survey Locations

It is important to note that the surveys in March were undertaken shortly after the start of the COVID-19 pandemic in New South Wales, when limits to gatherings have started to be imposed. The surveys in September were also undertaken in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic. As such, some workers would be working from home during the survey dates. Therefore, the surveys may not accurately reflect the usual traffic operation or parking condition before the pandemic. Schools were not closed and were operating as usual on both surveys.

Despite the potential inaccuracies in the data, Council made the decision to proceed with the LATM study with these volumes. This is acceptable as no traffic modelling is involved and hence volumes do not have to be accurate. **Any traffic volumes obtained are to be compared relative to other streets in the study area.** Streets with relatively higher volumes or heavy vehicle compositions than other streets would be identified as a potential location for LATM devices. This will likely be the same using pre-COVID or post-COVID traffic data. Vehicular speed is a representative of driver behaviour which is not influenced by changes in traffic volumes.

A comparison of the intersection counts data to previous traffic assessments or surveys are shown in Table 4.3.

4.2.2 Intersection Counts

In March 2020, intersection count surveys were undertaken on a Thursday afternoon and Saturday weekday, for the four intersections listed in Table 4.2. The peak hour intersection counts for the intersections for the Thursday and Saturday are shown in Figure 4.4 and Figure 4.5. It is important to note that there is a No Right Turn restriction from Princes Highway (southwest bound) to Union Street.

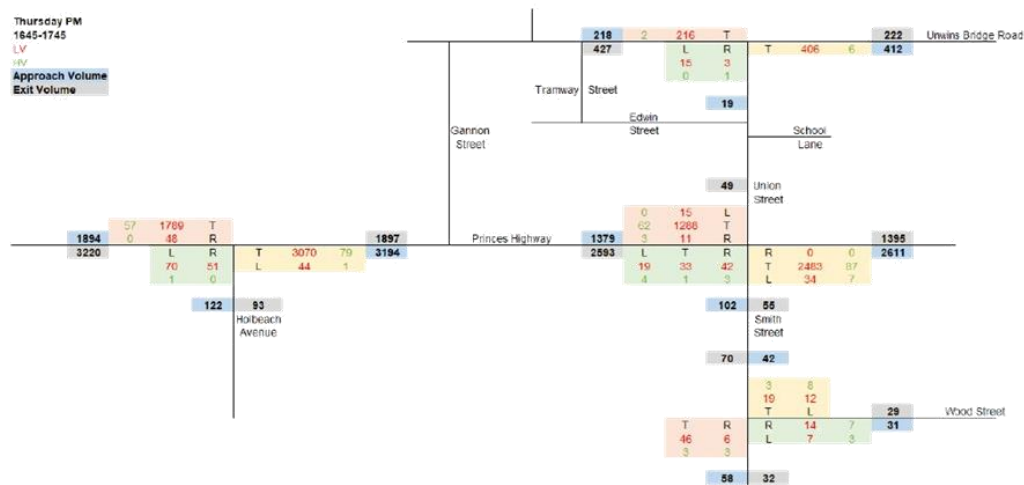


Figure 4.4: Thursday PM Peak Hour Intersection Counts (March 2020)

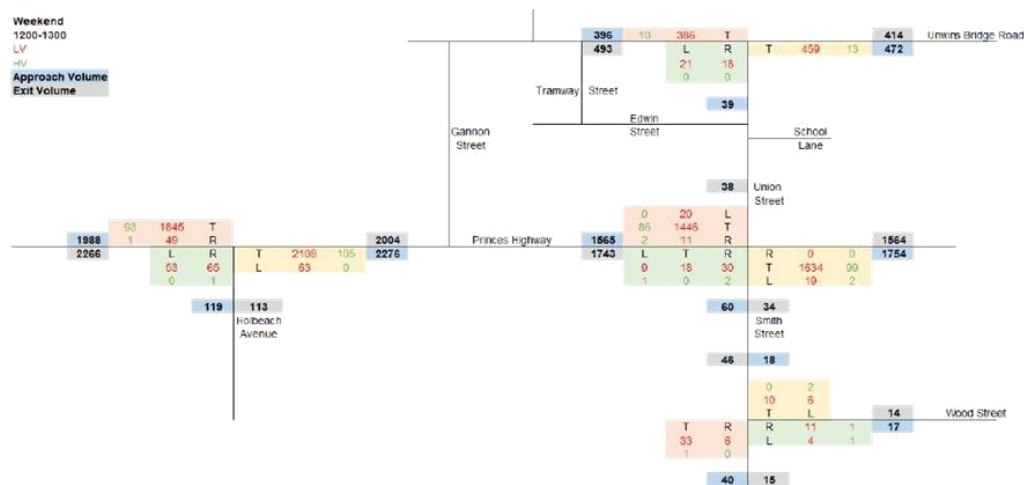


Figure 4.5: Saturday Peak Hour Intersection Counts (March 2020)

In September 2020, further intersection count surveys were undertaken on a Tuesday morning and afternoon, for the three intersections listed in Table 4.2. The surveys were undertaken to understand the traffic operations surrounding Tempe Public School before and after school hours. The peak hour intersection counts for the intersections for the Thursday and Saturday are shown in Figure 4.6 and Figure 4.7. It is important to note that there is a No Right Turn restriction from Unwins Bridge Road (eastbound) to Foreman Street, and a peak-hour only No Right Turn restriction from Unwins Bridge Road (eastbound) to Tramway Street.

It can be seen that the major vehicular routes are along Princes Highway and along Unwins Bridge Road for the Thursday and Saturday. This is expected as Princes Highway and Unwins Bridge Road are state and regional roads respectively.

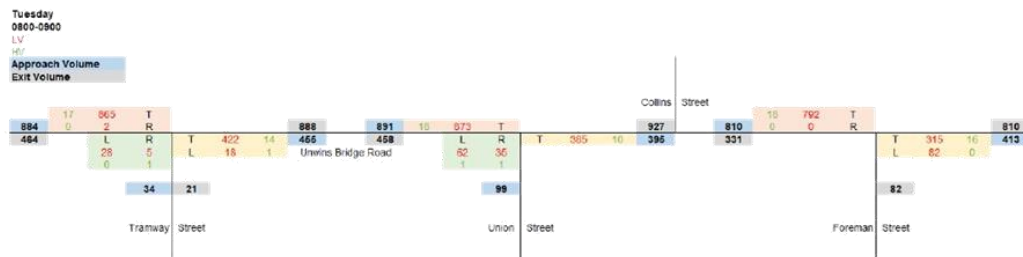


Figure 4.6: Tuesday AM Peak Hour Intersection Counts (September 2020)

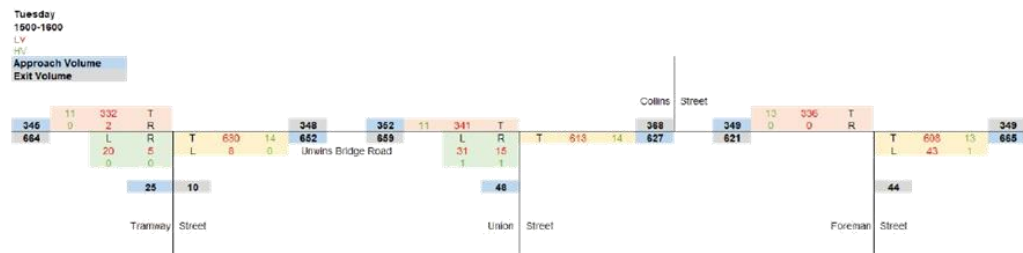


Figure 4.7: Tuesday PM Peak Hour Intersection Counts (September 2020)

As for heavy vehicular movement, due to the truck load limits in the Tempe area (see Section 2.9), heavy vehicles are only found along roads without any truck load limit, such as Princes Highway, Smith Street, Wood Street and Unwins Bridge Road. With the exception of Princes Highway, the number of heavy vehicles is not high, with at most 15 heavy vehicles per hour.

There are occasional heavy vehicles turning in and out of Holbeach Avenue and Union Street but the numbers are very low (less than 2 per movement). This shows that the existing truck load limit is well implemented and is effective in the Tempe area.

The existing No Right Turn restriction from Princes Highway to Union Street, introduced as part of the previous LATM study (Section 2.10), has also proven effective, with no vehicles observed to be turning right into Union Street.

From the intersection counts, less than 50 vehicles per hour use Union Street. However, tube count surveys will provide a better understanding on the utilisation of Union Street.

4.2.2.1 Comparison with pre-COVID data

A comparison of the intersection count data with previous traffic assessments and surveys in the area is shown in Table 4.3.

Table 4.3: Comparison of traffic volumes with pre-COVID surveys (Union Street / Smith Street / Princes Highway)

Traffic Assessment / Data	Survey Date(s)	Smith Street		Union Street
		Southbound volumes	Northbound volumes	Northbound volumes
Thursday PM				
TTPA Bunnings TIA	2017 or before (exact date unknown)	47	133	37
GTA peer review of the TIA	6 December 2018	46	131	72
This LATM study	19 March 2020	55	102	49
Saturday midday				
TTPA Bunnings TIA	2017 or before (exact date unknown)	33	50	22
GTA peer review of the TIA	8 December 2018	58	85	81
This LATM study	21 March 2020	34	60	38

The intersection counts are consistent with counts undertaken by Transport and Traffic Planning Associates (TTPA) as part of the Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) for the Bunnings Development (published October 2017) (see Section 6.2 for details of the development). However, they are lower than the counts undertaken by GTA Consultant for their peer review of the TIA (published January 2019), particularly for vehicles entering Union Street.

4.2.3 Tube Counts

24-hour tube counts were collected for seven days for all the study area roads. Information such as volumes, heavy vehicle composition, and speed data were recorded for both directions of the road.

From the data, the average daily traffic (ADT) volumes, the 85th percentile speeds, and daily heavy vehicle percentage and volumes were extracted for all directions of the locations, shown in Table 4.4. The directions stated were the directions on surveys. Relatively higher values are highlighted orange.

Maps showing the values of ADT, 85th percentile speeds, and heavy vehicle percentage and volumes are shown in **Appendix B**.

4.2.3.1 Traffic Volumes

All local streets in the study area have a VPD of less than 1,500, the comfortable limit for a local residential traffic environment as according to *GTGD*. Moderately high volumes of more than 500 vpd can be observed on Smith Street, South Street and Holbeach Avenue. Union Street and Edwin Street have volumes of between 400 to 500 vehicles. This is expected for Union Street as it is one of the more direct routes between Princes Highway and Unwins Bridge Road

Table 4.4: Tube Count Data Summary

Street	Location	Direction	ADT Volumes	85 th Percentile Speed (km/h)	Heavy Vehicle Composition	
					%	Volumes
Barden Street	Between Princes Highway & South Street	EB	71	30.5	4.9%	3
		WB	74	32.8	8.2%	6
Fanning Street	Between Princes Highway & South Street	EB	108	35.5	6.7%	7
		WB	112	34.4	4.3%	5
Foreman Street	Between Princes Highway and Brooklyn Lane	EB	261	34.1	5.7%	15
Hart Street	Between Princes Highway & South Street	EB	273	30.3	3.0%	8
		WB	63	30.4	9.5%	6
Holbeach Avenue	Between Princes Highway & Roundabout	NB	505	44.1	8.9%	45
		SB	551	40.9	4.9%	27
Smith Street	Between Princes Highway & Wood Street	EB	320	46.5	36.0%	115
		WB	604	38.8	25.0%	151
South Street	Between Smith Street & Station Street	NB	510	28.3	6.0%	31
		SB	182	30	25.0%	46
Stanley Street	Between Edwin Street & Zuitton Lane	EB	164	45.5	7.7%	13
		WB	120	41.9	7.8%	9
Station Street	Between Princes Highway & Young Street	EB	85	30.6	3.7%	3
		WB	20	31.7	7.0%	1
Union Street	Between Princes Highway & Zuitton Lane	WB	487	26.9	3.4%	17
Wentworth Street	Between Princes Highway & South Street	EB	72	32.1	6.7%	5
		WB	151	36.1	6.7%	10
Zuitton Lane	Between Union Street & Stanley Street	NB	123	22	5.6%	7
		SB	82	19.9	2.8%	2
Edwin Street	Between Stanley Street & Tramway Street	EB	290	31.1	6.9%	20
		WB	439	38.1	1.8%	8
Tramway Street	Between Unwins Bridge Road & Edwin Street	NB	253	19	2.8%	7
		SB	318	23.6	1.9%	6

4.2.3.2 85th Percentile Speeds

All local streets in the study area have an 85th percentile speed of less than the posted speed limit of 50 km/h. Most recorded 85th percentile speeds are less than 40 km/h, with Holbeach Avenue, Stanley Street and Smith Street having speeds between 40 and 50 km/h. It is important to note that on these roads, LATM devices aimed at reducing speeds and narrowing road widths are not present.

4.2.3.3 Heavy Vehicle Composition

Many of the streets in the study area with the 3-tonne truck load limit have heavy vehicle volumes of 10 or less. However, roads such as Stanley Street, Union Street, Foreman Street, Wentworth Street and Edwin Street have volumes of around 10 to 20 heavy vehicles per day.

Roads without the truck load limit have relatively higher heavy vehicle volumes per day, such as Holbeach Avenue, South Street and Smith Street. In particular, Smith Street has heavy vehicle volumes of more than 100 per day in each direction, justified by the commercial and industrial land use along Smith Street and Wood Street.

In terms of heavy vehicle percentages, most of the roads have a heavy vehicle percentage of more than 5%. In particular, Smith Street and South Street have relatively higher heavy vehicle percentages.

4.2.4 Parking Occupancy & Duration

Parking occupancy and duration surveys were undertaken on a Thursday and a Saturday in March 2020. The surveys were conducted in hourly periods between 7:00 AM to 7:00 PM. Roads surveyed are highlighted in Figure 4.3.

The surveys recorded a total of 291 spaces on the roads surveyed. 57% of these spaces were occupied on the Thursday while 54% of the spaces were occupied on the Saturday.

The parking occupancies by time of day and parking durations for the Thursday and Saturday are summarised in Table 4.5 to Table 4.8.

A map showing the average parking occupancy rates is provided in **Appendix B**.

Table 4.5: Thursday Parking Occupancy Rate by Hourly Period

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Parking Capacity	0700-0800	0800-0900	0900-1000	1000-1100	1100-1200	1200-1300	1300-1400	1400-1500	1500-1600	1600-1700	1700-1800	1800-1900	Average
Fanning Street	West	Entire Section	Unrestricted	34	59%	47%	44%	47%	47%	41%	50%	44%	47%	59%	62%	59%	50%
	East	Entire Section	Unrestricted	29	76%	72%	76%	69%	69%	76%	72%	69%	76%	72%	76%	90%	74%
Barden Street	West	Entire Section	Unrestricted	30	50%	50%	53%	60%	50%	40%	43%	50%	53%	60%	63%	47%	52%
	East	Entire Section	Unrestricted	33	52%	42%	45%	48%	45%	45%	45%	58%	58%	45%	48%	52%	49%
South Street	North	Between Fanning St & Barden St	Unrestricted	9	44%	22%	33%	33%	33%	33%	56%	33%	44%	44%	44%	33%	38%
		Between Barden St & Smith St	Unrestricted	10	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	50%	50%	50%	70%	45%
	South	Entire Section	Unrestricted	16	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Smith Street	West	Between Princes Hwy & South St	Unrestricted	31	61%	65%	74%	81%	77%	77%	84%	77%	87%	81%	77%	61%	75%
		Between South St & cul-de-sac	No Parking	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Cul-de-sac	-	No Parking	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	100%	300% ²	0%	100% ²

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Parking Capacity	0700-0800	0800-0900	0900-1000	1000-1100	1100-1200	1200-1300	1300-1400	1400-1500	1500-1600	1600-1700	1700-1800	1800-1900	Average
Union Street	East	Between cul-de-sac & Wood St	Unrestricted	3	33%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0%	86%
		Between Wood St & Princes Hwy	Unrestricted	27	59%	59%	63%	63%	63%	63%	70%	67%	63%	67%	63%	56%	63%
	East	Between Princes Hwy & Brooklyn Ln	No Parking	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		Between Brooklyn Ln & School Ln	Unrestricted	7	86%	43%	71%	71%	57%	71%	57%	71%	57%	71%	71%	71%	67%
			PWD	1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	58%
			Unrestricted	15	80%	80%	67%	67%	73%	67%	87%	80%	67%	80%	80%	80%	76%
			No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		Between School Ln & Unwins Bridge Rd	No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			Unrestricted	8	0%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	12%	12%	21%
	West	Between Unwins Bridge Rd & Edwin St	No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			No Parking	0	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100% ₂

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Parking Capacity	0700-0800	0800-0900	0900-1000	1000-1100	1100-1200	1200-1300	1300-1400	1400-1500	1500-1600	1600-1700	1700-1800	1800-1900	Average
			Unrestricted	7	86%	86%	86%	86%	86%	86%	86%	100%	100%	86%	71%	100%	88%
			No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100% ₂
		Between Edwin St & Zuitton Ln	No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			Unrestricted	27	78%	63%	52%	56%	59%	56%	56%	59%	59%	59%	67%	56%	60%
		Between Zuitton Ln & Princes Hwy	No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			1P ¹	4	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	25%	50%	50%	75%	50%	25%	60%
			No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		Total		291	57%	53%	55%	57%	55%	54%	56%	57%	58%	60%	61%	56%	57%

Notes:

1. 1P restriction during 8:30 AM - 6:00 PM Mon-Fri

2. A percentage of 100% for a No Stopping or No Parking restriction means there is a vehicle that is illegally stopping or parked. A percentage of 300% means there are three (3) vehicles that are illegally stopping or parked

Table 4.6: Saturday Parking Occupancy Rate by Hourly Period

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Parking Capacity	0700-0800	0800-0900	0900-1000	1000-1100	1100-1200	1200-1300	1300-1400	1400-1500	1500-1600	1600-1700	1700-1800	1800-1900	Average
Fanning Street	West	Entire Section	Unrestricted	34	50%	50%	41%	44%	41%	53%	62%	56%	59%	56%	50%	59%	52%
	East	Entire Section	Unrestricted	29	90%	93%	97%	93%	93%	90%	100%	83%	72%	69%	86%	90%	88%
Barden Street	West	Entire Section	Unrestricted	30	60%	53%	57%	50%	47%	57%	53%	53%	50%	47%	50%	40%	51%
	East	Entire Section	Unrestricted	33	61%	55%	42%	48%	45%	55%	55%	55%	55%	48%	55%	61%	53%
South Street	North	Between Fanning St & Barden St	Unrestricted	9	33%	22%	22%	33%	33%	33%	67%	67%	78%	67%	67%	67%	49%
		Between Barden St & Smith St	Unrestricted	10	50%	60%	50%	40%	50%	40%	40%	40%	40%	30%	40%	30%	43%
	South	Entire Section	Unrestricted	16	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	6%	6%	1%
Smith Street	West	Between Princes Hwy & South St	Unrestricted	31	71%	61%	65%	55%	61%	68%	71%	71%	71%	65%	68%	65%	66%
		Between South St & cul-de-sac	No Parking	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Cul-de-sac	-	No Parking	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	0%	0%	100% ₂

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Parking Capacity	0700-0800	0800-0900	0900-1000	1000-1100	1100-1200	1200-1300	1300-1400	1400-1500	1500-1600	1600-1700	1700-1800	1800-1900	Average
Union Street	East	Between cul-de-sac & Wood St	Unrestricted	3	0%	0%	0%	33%	0%	0%	0%	0%	33%	33%	33%	33%	14%
		Between Wood St & Princes Hwy	Unrestricted	27	48%	48%	48%	44%	48%	41%	52%	52%	56%	59%	52%	56%	50%
	East	Between Princes Hwy & Brooklyn Ln	No Parking	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		Between Brooklyn Ln & School Ln	Unrestricted	7	71%	57%	71%	71%	43%	43%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	65%
			PWD	1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	100%	67%
			Unrestricted	15	80%	80%	73%	80%	73%	53%	60%	80%	80%	80%	93%	73%	76%
			No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		Between School Ln & Unwins Bridge Rd	No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			Unrestricted	8	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	12%	1%
	West	Between Unwins Bridge Rd & Edwin St	No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			No Parking	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Parking Capacity	0700-0800	0800-0900	0900-1000	1000-1100	1100-1200	1200-1300	1300-1400	1400-1500	1500-1600	1600-1700	1700-1800	1800-1900	Average
			Unrestricted	7	71%	71%	71%	71%	57%	43%	43%	71%	86%	86%	71%	0%	62%
			No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		Between Edwin St & Zuitton Ln	No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			Unrestricted	27	67%	67%	56%	52%	70%	59%	48%	44%	52%	48%	56%	59%	56%
		Between Zuitton Ln & Princes Hwy	No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			1P ¹	4	75%	75%	75%	50%	50%	75%	50%	50%	25%	25%	75%	75%	58%
			No Stopping	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		Total		291	58%	55%	53%	51%	52%	52%	56%	55%	56%	53%	57%	55%	54%

Notes:

1. 1P restriction during 8:30 AM-12:30 PM Sat

2. A percentage of 100% for a No Stopping or No Parking restriction means there are cars that are illegally stopping or parked.

Table 4.7: Thursday Parking Duration Proportions

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Total Vehicles	Parking Duration											
					1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	5 hours	6 hours	7 hours	8 hours	9 hours	10 hours	11 hours	12 hours
Fanning Street	West	Entire Section	Unrestricted	47	26%	15%	19%	6%	4%	2%	11%	0%	2%	2%	2%	11%
	East	Entire Section	Unrestricted	51	25%	14%	12%	4%	6%	4%	8%	2%	2%	10%	0%	14%
Barden Street	West	Entire Section	Unrestricted	43	23%	28%	9%	7%	7%	5%	0%	0%	2%	2%	5%	12%
	East	Entire Section	Unrestricted	40	30%	15%	5%	10%	10%	0%	3%	3%	5%	0%	5%	15%
South Street	North	Between Fanning St & Barden St	Unrestricted	9	44%	11%	0%	11%	0%	0%	11%	0%	0%	0%	0%	22%
		Between Barden St & Smith St	Unrestricted	8	38%	0%	0%	13%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	38%
	South	Entire Section	Unrestricted	1	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Smith Street	West	Between Princes Hwy & South St	Unrestricted	42	19%	12%	5%	5%	2%	5%	5%	5%	7%	5%	5%	26%
		Between South St & cul-de-sac	No Parking	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Cul-de-sac	-	No Parking	4	75%	25%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	East	Between cul-de-sac & Wood St	Unrestricted	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	67%	33%	0%
		Between Wood St & Princes Hwy	Unrestricted	29	17%	14%	3%	3%	0%	7%	3%	3%	10%	3%	0%	34%

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Total Vehicles	Parking Duration											
					1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	5 hours	6 hours	7 hours	8 hours	9 hours	10 hours	11 hours	12 hours
Union Street	East	Between Princes Hwy & Brooklyn Ln	No Parking	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Between Brooklyn Ln & School Ln	Unrestricted	14	43%	7%	14%	7%	0%	0%	0%	7%	14%	0%	0%	7%
			PWD	2	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			Unrestricted	30	20%	30%	13%	3%	3%	7%	0%	0%	3%	3%	0%	17%
			No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Between School Ln & Unwins Bridge Rd	No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Unrestricted	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	0%	50%	0%
	West	Between Unwins Bridge Rd & Edwin St	No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			No Parking	1	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			Unrestricted	12	42%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	33%
			No Stopping	1	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		Between Edwin St & Zuiton Ln	No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Unrestricted	38	34%	16%	5%	0%	5%	3%	8%	3%	0%	3%	0%	24%

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Total Vehicles	Parking Duration											
					1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	5 hours	6 hours	7 hours	8 hours	9 hours	10 hours	11 hours	12 hours
Union Street		Between Zuitton Ln & Princes Hwy	No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			1P ¹	9	44%	11%	11%	11%	11%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%
			No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total				386	28%	16%	9%	5%	4%	4%	4%	2%	4%	4%	3%	18%

Notes:

1. 1P restriction during 8:30 AM - 6:00 PM Mon-Fri

Table 4.8: Saturday Parking Duration Proportions

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Total Vehicles	Parking Duration											
					1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	5 hours	6 hours	7 hours	8 hours	9 hours	10 hours	11 hours	12 hours
Fanning Street	West	Entire Section	Unrestricted	52	37%	13%	15%	4%	6%	4%	0%	2%	4%	2%	2%	12%
	East	Entire Section	Unrestricted	60	25%	17%	10%	3%	7%	7%	2%	3%	7%	2%	0%	18%
Barden Street	West	Entire Section	Unrestricted	40	23%	13%	13%	8%	13%	10%	5%	3%	3%	0%	3%	10%
	East	Entire Section	Unrestricted	45	29%	16%	7%	11%	9%	4%	4%	0%	0%	0%	2%	18%
South Street	North	Between Fanning St & Barden St	Unrestricted	9	22%	11%	0%	11%	0%	22%	0%	0%	11%	0%	0%	22%
		Between Barden St & Smith St	Unrestricted	10	30%	10%	20%	0%	0%	0%	0%	20%	0%	0%	0%	20%
	South	Entire Section	Unrestricted	1	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Smith Street	West	Between Princes Hwy & South St	Unrestricted	39	18%	13%	10%	5%	5%	3%	8%	5%	0%	0%	3%	31%
		Between South St & cul-de-sac	No Parking	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Cul-de-sac	-	No Parking	2	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	East	Between cul-de-sac & Wood St	Unrestricted	2	50%	0%	0%	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		Between Wood St & Princes Hwy	Unrestricted	32	22%	6%	13%	13%	16%	6%	3%	3%	0%	0%	0%	19%

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Total Vehicles	Parking Duration											
					1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	5 hours	6 hours	7 hours	8 hours	9 hours	10 hours	11 hours	12 hours
Union Street	East	Between Princes Hwy & Brooklyn Ln	No Parking	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Between Brooklyn Ln & School Ln	Unrestricted	9	11%	0%	0%	22%	22%	22%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	22%
			PWD	2	0%	0%	50%	0%	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			Unrestricted	29	24%	10%	10%	14%	17%	3%	0%	0%	3%	3%	0%	14%
			No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Between School Ln & Unwins Bridge Rd	No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Unrestricted	1	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	West	Between Unwins Bridge Rd & Edwin St	No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			No Parking	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Unrestricted	8	0%	13%	0%	38%	13%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	38%	0%
			No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Between Edwin St & Zuitton Ln	No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Unrestricted	46	35%	22%	4%	9%	4%	7%	2%	2%	0%	2%	0%	13%

Road	Side	Section	Restriction	Total Vehicles	Parking Duration											
					1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	5 hours	6 hours	7 hours	8 hours	9 hours	10 hours	11 hours	12 hours
Union Street		Between Zuitton Ln & Princes Hwy	No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			1P ¹	6	17%	33%	17%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%	17%
			No Stopping	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total				393	26%	14%	10%	8%	9%	6%	3%	3%	2%	1%	2%	16%

Notes:

1. 1P restriction during 8:30 AM-12:30 PM Sat

4.2.4.1 Parking Data Summary

The parking occupancy data shows that

- Out of the 291 spaces, about 50 to 60% of the spaces are occupied at any one time on both days.
- There are little differences in parking occupancy between Thursday and Saturday, except for Smith Street.
- For Smith Street, the occupancy rate is higher on the Thursday and lower on Saturday.
 - The occupancy rates for the section of Smith Street southeast of South Street (up to the cul-de-sac) are significantly different between Thursday and Saturday. This is because of the low number of spaces resulting in high fluctuations of occupancy rates.
- For Fanning Street the occupancy rate on the eastern side is higher than the western side on both days, with occupancy rates of 74% and 88% on Thursday and Saturday respectively.
- On the Thursday, there are occasional vehicles parking or stopped at each section with No Stopping or No Parking restrictions. These restrictions are along Smith Street and Union Street.
- The southern side of South Street is rarely occupied, which is consistent with site observations and Street View. This is due to the narrow width of South Street which is only wide enough for a parking lane and a trafficable lane.
- All other roads have parked vehicles on both sides of the road, if allowed
- Parking occupancy is relatively higher on Union Street near the school on Thursdays, with the western and eastern sides having occupancy rates of 88% and 76% respectively.
- The parking duration data shows that:
- Almost 400 vehicles parked during the surveyed time period.
- On both Thursday and Saturday:
 - about 27% of all users park less than an hour
 - about 15% park less than 2 hours
 - about 17% of users park for at least 12 hours, i.e. potentially residents

The parking occupancy and duration data will be considered when determining locations and suitability of LATM devices. This data also sets a base line for the parking demand in the study area. This can be used for a comparative study to identify changes in parking demand after any new developments have been built.

An assessment of the Smith Street on-street parking availability considering changes to Smith Street as a result of the proposed Bunnings development is detailed in Section 6.2.

5. SITE INSPECTIONS

5.1 Site Audits

A site inspection and audit within the study area was undertaken, on Wednesday 4 March 2020, to gain an understanding of the current conditions of the streets within the study area (including parking behaviour), and identify existing LATM devices and traffic control infrastructure. Details on traffic and parking signage were also recorded.

The site audit covered the following traffic items and are detailed in the sections below:

- LATM Devices
- Traffic Signs
- Parking Signs
- Bicycle Facilities
- Pedestrian Facilities
- Waste Management/Collection Issues

The signage audit included the following items:

- Type of Sign (and relevant codes) or device
- Direction of sign control
- Restrictions and times of operation
- Condition
- Location (GPS co-ordinates)
- Applicable direction of traffic

Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities

- Cycle related signage / road markings and their location
- Wayfinding signage and their location
- Kerb ramps and crossings

Waste Management

- Evidence of issues with road geometry or surfaces that can affect waste collection

A database of the audit findings was developed including photographs of signs and infrastructure, located in **Appendix C**.

5.1.1 LATM Audit

An audit of existing LATM devices within the study area was conducted, covering the following aspects:

- LATM type
- Location (including road name)
- Line marking and physical condition

A total of 16 LATM devices were identified within the study area, presented in Table 5.1 and Figure 5.1.

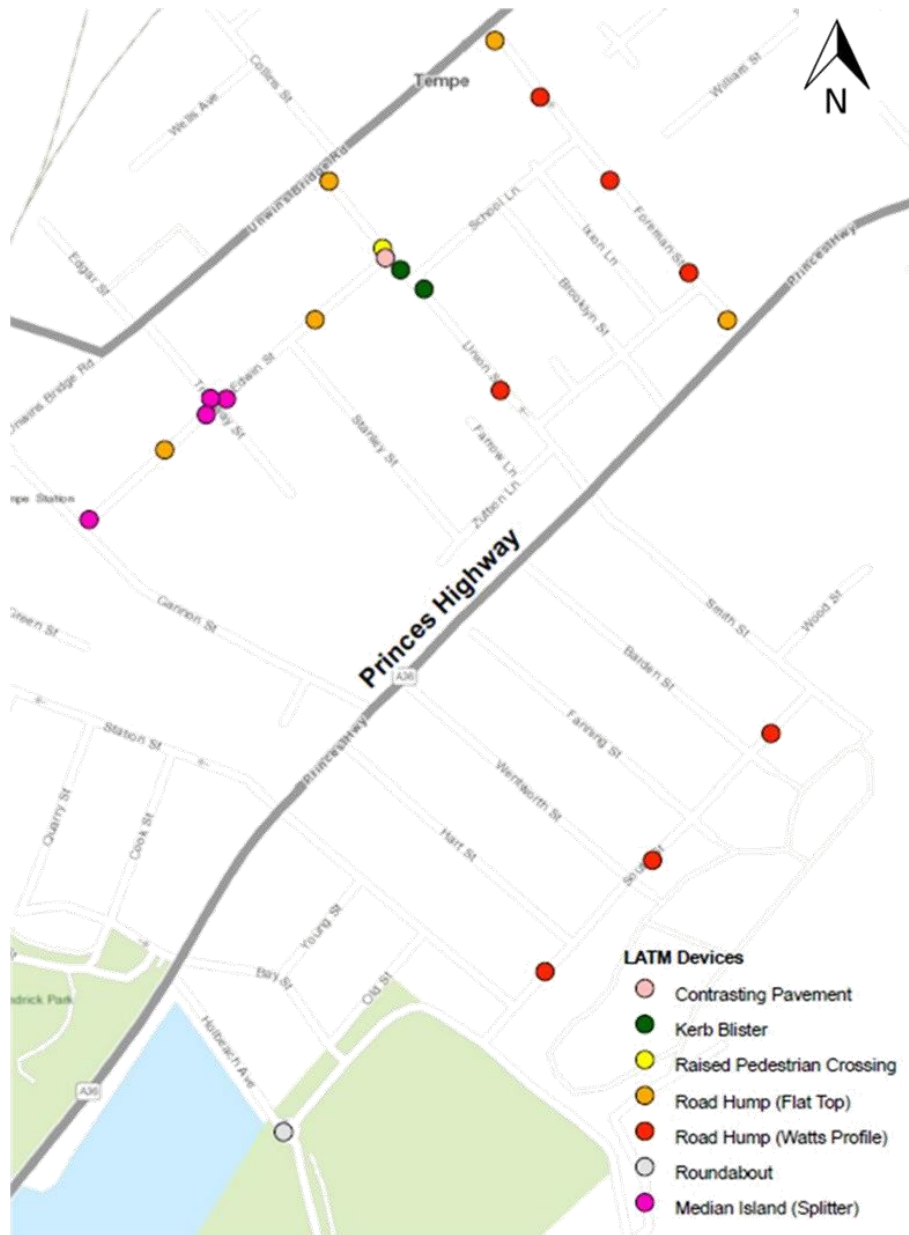
Table 5.1: Existing LATM Devices & Controls

Road	Traffic Calming or Treatment	Treatment Type
Union Street	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Road Hump (Watts Profile) Road Hump (Flat Top) – Raised Thresholds Kerb Blisters Contrasting Pavement Raised Pedestrian Crossing (Wombat Crossing) One-way restriction
Foreman Street	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Road Hump (Watts Profile) Road Hump (Flat Top) - Raised Thresholds Kerb Blisters One-way restriction
Edwin Street	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Road Hump (Flat Top) Contrasting Pavement Median Island (Splitter Rumble Strips)
Tramway Street	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Median Island (Splitter Rumble Strips)
South Street	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Road Hump (Watts Profile)
Holbeach Avenue	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Roundabout (with Pedestrian Refuge Islands)

A number of these devices are in addition to those proposed as part of the previous *St Peters/Tempe LATM Study*. This includes:

- Raised thresholds, kerb blisters, raised pedestrian crossing and contrasting pavement on Union Street
- An additional Watts Profile hump on South Street
- Roundabout at Holbeach Avenue.

Signage associated with the LATM devices are covered under the Traffic Sign Audit in Section 5.1.2.



Adapted from ESRI Maps

Figure 5.1: Existing LATM Devices

5.1.2 Traffic Sign Audit

The traffic sign audit covered all traffic signs along each roadway, including regulatory, warning and wayfinding signage. Signage associated with LATM devices (such as directional hazard markers or speed hump warning sign) were included in the traffic signage audit. The audit covered:

- Sign type & associated RMS code
- Road and location (including road name and co-ordinates)
- Applicable direction of traffic
- Sign condition
- Visibility obstruction (if any)

A total of 153 traffic signs were recorded within the study area. A database of traffic signs identified in the audit is provided in **Appendix C**. A summary list of the types of traffic signs recorded are shown in Table 5.2.

Majority of the signs were found to be in a good condition with unobstructed visibility. Some signs were found to be vandalised with stickers or graffiti, or faded, however, were still mostly legible. A number of signs were also found to be dislocated or facing the wrong way. Some signs were also obstructed by trees, or covered by another sign immediately above or below the obstructed sign.

A large proportion of the traffic signs are speed hump and speed hump ahead signs (with relevant tag plates), one-way, and the 3-tonne truck load limit signs. The speed hump related signage are mostly along South Street, Union Street and Foreman Street, while the 3-tonne truck load limit signage are located on the entry to roads with the load limit restriction (see Section 2.9).

Table 5.2: Traffic Signs Audit

Traffic Sign Recorded	Sign Code	Locations
No Through Road	G9-18	Holbeach Avenue, Smith Street, Wood Street, Tramway Street
Stop	R1-1	Holbeach Avenue, School Lane, Edwin Street
Roundabout Give Way	R1-13	Holbeach Avenue
Give Way	R1-2	Holbeach Avenue, Station Street, Union Street, Foreman Street, Tramway Street
Traffic Signal Stop	R1-4	Holbeach Avenue, Smith Street
All Traffic Left Only	R2-14_L	Station Street, Fanning Street
All Traffic Right Only	R2-14_R	School Lane
One Way Left	R2-2_L	Princes Highway, Zuitton Lane, Unwin's Bridge Road, Edwin Street
One Way Right	R2-2_R	School Lane, Princes Highway, Brooklyn Lane, Unwins Bridge Road
Two Way	R2-223	Holbeach Avenue
Keep Left	R2-3	Holbeach Avenue
No Entry	R2-4N	Foreman Street
No Right Turn	R2-6_R	Unwins Bridge Road, Gannon Street
Pedestrian Crossing	R3-1	Union Street
Speed Limit Sign (25 km/h)	R4-1	Holbeach Avenue

Traffic Sign Recorded	Sign Code	Locations
School Zone Sign (including illuminated)	R4-230 & R4-230-1	School Lane, Foreman Street, Union Street, Edwin Street
End School Zone	R4-231	Foreman Street, Edwin Street
Local Traffic Area (50 km/h)	R4-240 (50 km/h)	Fanning Street, Barden Street, Smith Street
End Local Traffic Area (50 km/h)	R4-241	Fanning Street, Barden Street, Smith Street
Trucks Prohibited 3-tonne & over	R6-222, R6-10-2 and R9-221	Old Street, Bay Street, Union Street, Fanning Street, Barden Street, Station Street, Hart Street, Edwin Street
"6AM-10AM 3PM-7PM Mon-Fri" Tag Plate	R9-1-2	Unwins Bridge Road
"When Signals Black Out or Flashing" Tag Plate	R9-201	Smith Street
Hazard Warning Marker	T5-5	Union Street, Foreman Street, Holbeach Avenue
Roundabout Warning	W2-7	Holbeach Avenue
Speed Hump Ahead	W3-4	South Street, Union Street, Edwin Street, Foreman Street
Speed Hump	W5-10	South Street, Union Street, Edwin Street, Foreman Street
Pedestrian Warning	W6-1	Holbeach Avenue, Union Street
Pedestrian Crossing Ahead / Left	W6-2 & W6-2-1	Union Street, Edwin Street
Children Crossing	W6-3	Union Street
"School" Tag Plate	W8-14	Union Street
Speed Tag Plates for Speed Hump signs (various speeds)	W8-2	South Street, Union Street, Edwin Street, Foreman Street
"Refuge Island" Tag Plate	W8-211	Holbeach Avenue

5.1.3 Parking Sign Audit

The parking sign audit captured any signage associated with kerbside and parking controls, including 'No Stopping' and 'No Parking' areas. The audit covered (where applicable):

- Location (road name and co-ordinates)
- Sign type & associated RMS sign code
- Direction of arrow
- Time restrictions and operation days/times
- Applicable traffic direction
- Sign Condition
- Any visibility obstructions

As most of the study area has unrestricted on-street parking, there are very few parking signs with timed or conditional restrictions. The rest of the signs, particularly, those close to intersections, are No Stopping and No Parking signs. A total of 89 parking signs were recorded.

Majority of signs are legible, with some signs heavily faded and illegible (including wording and arrow).

Parking zones associated with the parking signs was previously presented in Figure 2.8. A map of parking signs recorded is provided in **Appendix C**.

5.1.4 Bicycle Facilities Audit

The bicycle facilities audit covered both physical and visual treatments provided for cyclists, such as ramps or crossings and cycle route pavement markings and signage. The audit included:

- Any bicycle-related route-finding signage
- Any shared paths and cycleways
- Any shared bicycle/pedestrian signalised crossing
- Location of bicycle facility (including road name)

Most bicycle facilities are located along the bicycle routes shown in Section 2.7.1, which include Holbeach Avenue, South Street and Smith Street. This includes shared paths and associated signage and bicycle route signage. Signalised shared pedestrian / bicycle crossings are also located at the intersections of Princes Highway / Holbeach Avenue and Princes Highway / Smith Street.

A bicycle on-ramp is also present near the Holbeach Avenue approach to Princes Highway. This allows cyclists along the roadway of Holbeach Avenue to join the shared path along Holbeach Avenue and Princes Highway.

A map of bicycle facilities is provided in **Appendix C**.

5.1.5 Pedestrian Facilities Audit

The pedestrian facilities audit identified features providing accessible pedestrian connectivity within the study area. This included:

- Any kerb ramps
- Any pedestrian refuges
- Any signalised pedestrian crossing or shared bicycle/pedestrian crossings
- Any pedestrian (zebra) crossings

The study area is well-connected by footpaths, with the exception of laneways such as Farrow Lane and Zuitton Lane and were therefore not included as part of the pedestrian facilities audit.

Kerb ramps are present at crossing points at most intersections in the study area. In most circumstances, the kerb ramps occur in pairs; one on each side of the road. Where pairs of kerb ramps are not present, this creates a break in footpath connectivity, presenting accessibility issues for low mobility pedestrians, such as wheelchair users.

These issues should be further explored and addressed as part of a different study such as a Pedestrian Accessibility Mobility Plan.

5.1.6 Waste Management Audit

The waste management audit focussed on identifying evidence of issues or potential issues affecting waste collection. This may include items such as insufficient geometry, damage to kerbs/corners or other evidence of manoeuvring issues.

Very few issues were found that may affect residential waste collection in the study area.

A kerb runover was noted at the corner of Farrow Lane and Zuitton Lane, shown in Figure 5.2. These roadways feature narrow road widths which would be expected to be restrictive for waste collection vehicles.



Figure 5.2: Kerb Runover at Farrow Lane

5.2 Tempe Public School Observations

5.2.1 Overview

A site visit was also undertaken on Tuesday 15 and Wednesday 16 September 2020, to observe traffic patterns and behaviours related to Tempe Public School. The site observations focussed on student pickup and drop off operations, parking and pedestrian routes. School hours were observed between 09:00 AM and 3:00 PM.

5.2.1.1 Access Points

The school has a number of pedestrian access gates along it's perimeter, with the school's main building entrance located along Unwins Bridge Road west of the signalised crossing, shown in Figure 5.3.



Adapted from ESRI Maps

Figure 5.3: School Access Locations

5.2.1.2 AM School Peak Observations

The following was observed during the AM peak period:

- School traffic peak extends between 8:30am and 9:00am with little traffic prior to 8:20am.
- Pedestrian access gates on Union Street, School Lane and Foreman Street open from approximately 8:30am
- Parents were observed to
- Drop off students near access gates without leaving their vehicle, stationary for up to 30 seconds
- Park on Edwin Street and walk up to the gate on Union Street
- Vehicles stopped to give way to one another along Edwin Street, causing some congestion
- Queues on Union Street at Unwins Bridge Road occasionally extended to Edwin Street
- Pedestrians approach school primarily along Union Street, Edwin Street and Unwins Bridge Road
- Traffic along School Lane was primarily westbound as vehicles circulate around the school

5.2.1.3 PM School Peak Observations

The following was observed during the PM peak period:

- School traffic peak extends between 2:30pm and 3:15pm

- Most parents arrived via Foreman Street, Edwin Street and Brooklyn Street
- Parents parked and waited in their vehicles along Union Street, Brooklyn Street, School Lane and Edwin Street
- vehicles were observed to circulate westbound from Foreman Street via School Lane, Union Street and Edwin Street, before exiting the area
- Blockages due to vehicles travelling in opposite directions along Edwin Street, giving way to one another
- Pedestrian movements primarily along Edwin Street, Union Street, Foreman Street and Unwin's Bridge Road.
- Large groups of students along Unwin's Bridge Road towards Tempe and Sydenham Station directions.

5.2.1.4 Pedestrian Areas

The areas shown in Figure 5.4 featured large volumes of pedestrians as parents picked up and dropped off students, or travelled between parked vehicles and the school. These areas are primarily focussed around access gates, including Union Street and Edwin Street.

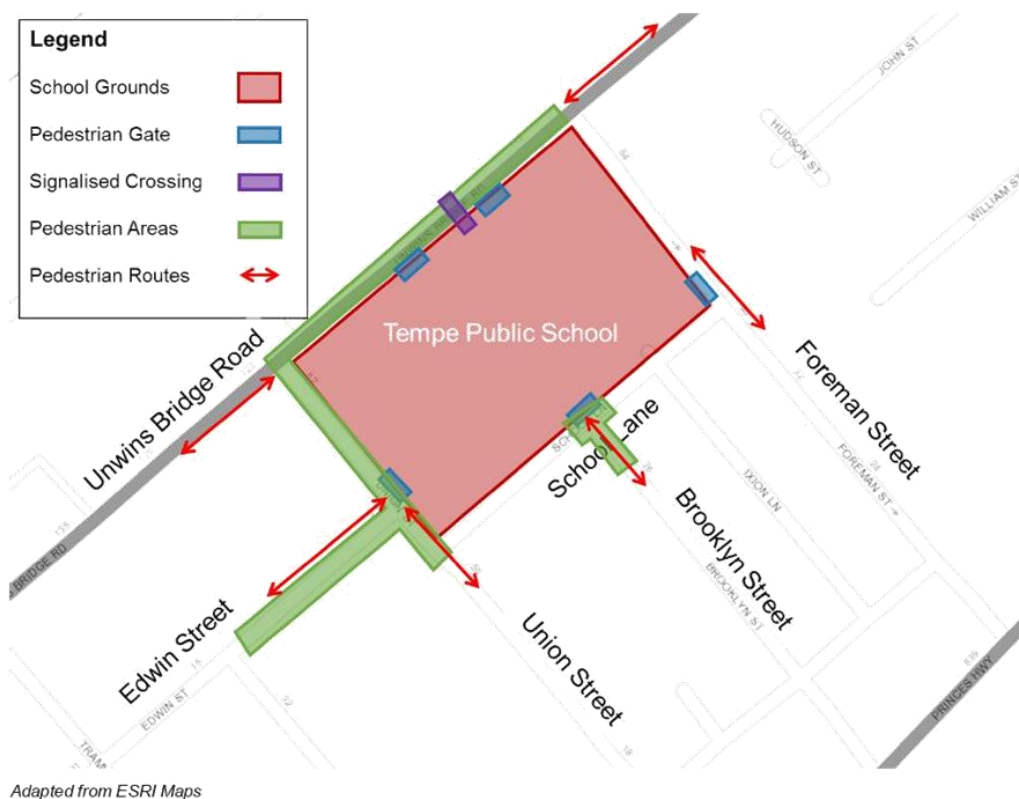


Figure 5.4: Pedestrian Areas

6. FUTURE CONDITIONS

6.1 Future Residential Development

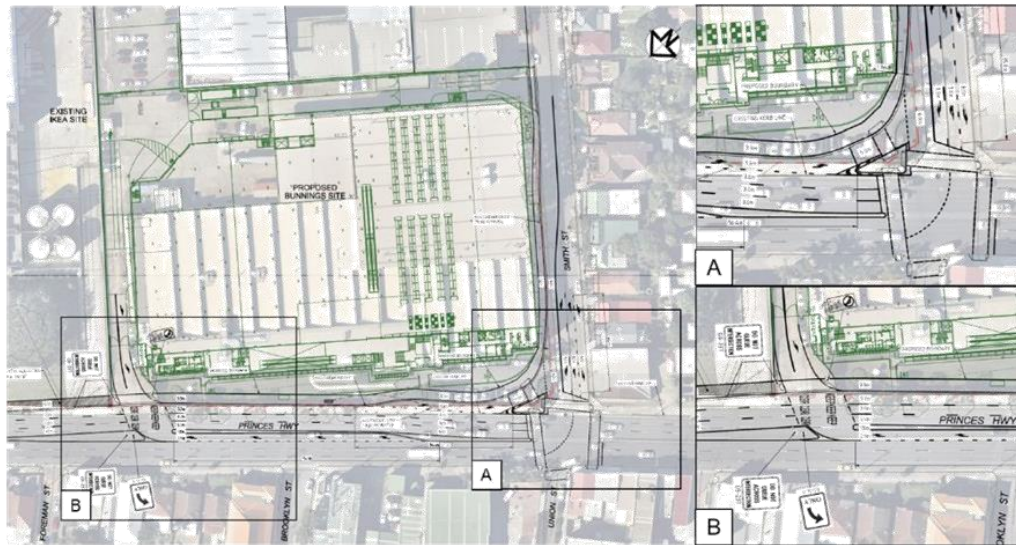
There are not any known high impact residential developments, such as medium or high-density developments, currently pending within Tempe and the study area.

Based on population forecasts provided by Forecast ID (using Census data from 2006 to 2016), Tempe is expected to experience a negative population growth until 2031. As such, it is expected that there will be very little traffic growth in traffic volumes in Tempe for the next 10 years. This excludes traffic along major through roads and connectors such as Princes Highway or Unwins Bridge Road.

6.2 Future Bunnings Development

The proposed Bunnings Development is to be located at the south-east corner of Princes Highway and Smith Street, with vehicular access to be provided via Smith Street and Princes Highway. A Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) was undertaken by Transport and Traffic Planning Associates (TTPA) in October 2017, indicating the following proposed road changes (also shown in Figure 6.1):

- A new left turn slip lane from Princes Highway to Smith Street
- Removal of parking on the eastern side of Smith Street and a reduction to one departure lane on Smith Street
- Widening of Smith Street approach to Princes Highway to three lanes
- Customer and delivery access ("Smith Street access") to Bunnings from Smith Street at existing driveway location
- Access to Bunnings from Princes Highway to be located north-east of the Smith Street intersection
- A new unsignalised right turn bay from Princes Highway eastbound to Bunnings Warehouse Princes Highway access
- Only left turns permitted from the Bunnings Princes Highway access
- Relocation of the southwest-bound bus stop on Princes Highway, currently located on the approach to Smith Street.



Source: Bunnings Warehouse Tempe – Proposed Road Layout General Arrangement Plan 2 – AT&L 2017

Figure 6.1: Proposed Road Changes

6.2.1 Smith Street On-Street Parking Assessment

It is understood that up to 13 spaces of on-street parking of Smith Street are proposed to be removed as part of the Bunnings development. To mitigate the loss of on-street parking, as part of the Bunnings development application consent conditions (condition number 6), 13 of the car spaces within Bunnings warehouse are to be dedicated as public car parking spaces available to local residents to offset the loss of on street parking. However, these public car spaces are intended to be available during Bunnings trading hours only. This removes the flexibility of parking at any time of the day for any duration. Given that most residents are expected to park overnight or outside business hours, as a worst-case scenario, these spaces will not be considered as part of the assessment. Further, Bunnings customers are assumed to not use on-street parking on Smith Street as 424 on-site parking spaces are provided.

Based on parking occupancy data, Table 6.1 shows the average number of occupied spaces and vacant spaces along Smith Street on the Thursday and Saturday. There are on average 18 vacant spaces along Smith Street on Thursday and 27 vacant spaces on Saturday. The removal of 13 on-street spaces result in an estimated 5 and 14 vacant spaces remaining on Thursday and Saturday respectively. Therefore, Smith Street will be able to cope with the loss of 13 on-street spaces, and residents do not have to seek other on-street parking elsewhere.

Table 6.1: Parking Occupancy on Smith Street

Side	Section	Parking Capacity	Occupied Spaces (Average)	Vacant Spaces
Thursday				
West	Between Princes Highway & South Street	31	23	8
East	Between cul-de-sac & Wood Street	3	3	0
	Between Wood Street & Princes Highway	27	17	10
Total		61	43	18
Saturday				
West	Between Princes Highway & South Street	31	20	11
East	Between cul-de-sac & Wood Street	3	0	3
	Between Wood Street & Princes Highway	27	14	13
Total		61	34	27

Any proposed treatments resulting in the removal of further parking spaces on Smith Street (mainly the western side) may further reduce the number of vacant spaces along Smith Street.

6.2.2 Traffic Generation

It is expected that there will be an increase in traffic along Smith Street due to traffic generated by the proposed Bunnings Development. The increase in volumes along Smith Street will be limited to the section of Smith Street between Princes Highway and the proposed Bunnings access. Generated trips by the Bunnings development are not expected to use Smith Street south of the Bunnings access and subsequently South Street.

A further assessment of impacts on surrounding local streets from the generated traffic is discussed in Section 7.

Traffic generation had previously been determined by the Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) developed by TTPA at the DA stage of the Bunnings Proposal and within GTA Consultant's peer review of the TIA. In the draft version of this LATM report, the traffic volumes calculated by GTA were used for analysis. However, following community consultation between November 2020 and January 2021, traffic generation was recalculated using more conservative traffic generation rates and are outlined in Section 13.4.2.

6.2.2.1 Previous Traffic Generation

A summary of key assumptions by TTPA and GTA is provided in Table 6.2.

On review of the previously calculated traffic volumes, it was determined that the volumes presented by GTA Consultants provide a better representation of expected traffic volumes based on:

- Higher weekend traffic generation rate – based on existing survey data and trend
- Exclusion of existing on site traffic – Existing site was (and remains) non-operational
- 50:50 split of in/out trips. – customers generally spend less than an hour at Bunnings Warehouse

As such, the total in/out volumes calculated by GTA consultants are outlined in Table 6.3, and was used in the draft version of this LATM report.

Table 6.2: Previous Traffic Generation – Key Assumptions

Item	TTPA Consultants	GTA Consultants
Traffic Generation Rates (veh/100m ² GFA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.56 (PM peak) 4.5 (weekend peak) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.56 (PM peak) 4.7 (weekend peak)
Existing Traffic Reduction	90 vph (PM Peak)	Nil
Passing Trade Traffic Reduction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 27% (PM peak) 28% (weekend peak) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 28% (PM peak) 28% (weekend peak)
In / Out Split	40% In / 60% Out	50% In / 50% Out
Distribution at Princes Highway / Smith Street / Union Street	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 45% East (Princes Highway) 45 % West (Princes Highway) 10% North (Local Streets) 	

Table 6.3: Traffic Generation Volumes

Peak	Total Trips (veh / hour)	Directional Split		Volumes (veh / hour)	
		In	Out	In	Out
PM	226	50%	50%	113	113
Saturday	670			335	335

6.2.2.2 Adjusted Traffic Distribution

The previously adopted 45 / 45 / 10 split of traffic (based on previous studies conducted at the IKEA site, located to the east) was determined as an under representation to the potential split of traffic accessing and leaving the proposed Bunnings Warehouse site.

Using the locations of adjacent Bunnings Warehouse stores, a potential catchment area was estimated, shown in Figure 6.2. This area covers suburbs extending from Canterbury to the west, Roseberry to the east, Petersham to the north and Arncliffe to the south. Key roads leading to and from the proposed Tempe Bunnings Warehouse are also shown (details on routes are provided in Section 7).

Based on the location and density of suburbs to the north of the proposed Bunnings Site, a substantial amount of traffic is expected to travel to and from these areas. As such, it would be more realistic to assign a greater proportion of this traffic heading north using local streets, particularly as these streets provide a more direct route to the rail bridge on Richardson Crescent (at Tempe) or Gleeson Avenue (at Sydenham) via Unwins Bridge Road.

Volumes as a result of adjusted / greater distribution of Bunnings traffic (up to 30%) using local streets north of Princes Highway are provided in Table 6.4. A large majority of traffic will still be expected to use Princes Highway to access routes to the north of the area.



Adapted from Google Maps

Figure 6.2: Approximate Catchment Area of Proposed Bunnings Warehouse

Table 6.4: Adjusted Traffic Distribution (Using Local Streets)

Peak	Total Trips (veh / hour)	Vehicle Volumes			
		10%	20%	25%	30%
PM	113	11	23	28	34
Saturday	335	34	67	84	101

6.2.3 Other Changes

It is understood that the existing bus stop along Princes Highway outside of the development site may be impacted by the development. The provision of replacement bus stops is outside the scope of this study.

6.3 Future Road Network

6.3.1 WestConnex

The new M8 tunnel, opened in July 2020, runs underneath the study area as part of the WestConnex project. There will be no connections or changes to study area roads. The St. Peters interchange, located approximately 2km northeast of Tempe, connects the M8 with roads towards the eastern suburbs such as Mascot and Kingsford, and the City's inner south such as Alexandria and Waterloo.

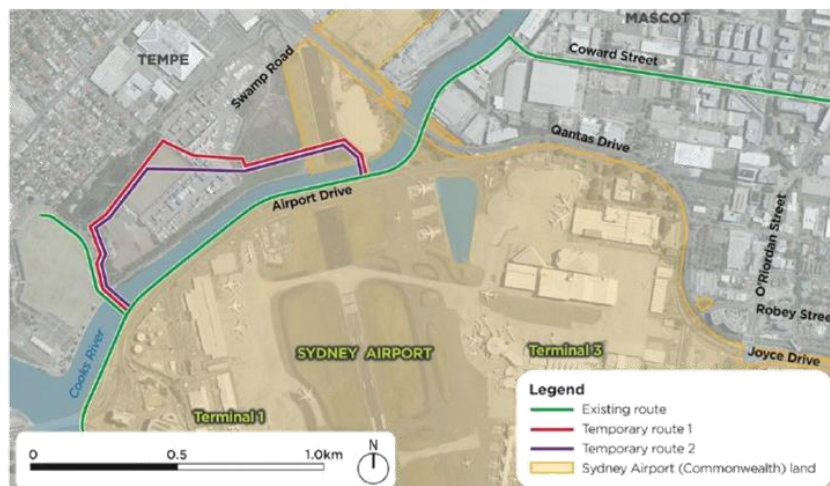
Currently, traffic from the M5 exit at Amcliffe runs via Princes Highway, through Tempe, then via Canal Road or Sydney Park Road to get to the inner south and eastern suburbs respectively. The opening of the new M8 and St Peters interchange may provide an alternative route from the existing M5 to these suburbs, bypassing the Tempe area and is expected to reduce traffic along Princes Highway through Tempe. However, it is not expected to influence traffic along the side roads such as Union Street, Holbeach Avenue and Smith Street.

The M8, though open, is counted as future road network as it opened after the traffic surveys were undertaken.

6.3.2 Sydney Gateway

Sydney Gateway is a future motorway connection between the St Peters interchange and Sydney Kingsford Smith Airport, scheduled to be completed by 2023. The proposed alignment is located adjacent to between Tempe Golf Range and the Alexandria Canal, and does not pass through the study area. However, a construction site is proposed to be located within Tempe Lands on the sites of the Tempe Golf Range and Tempe Dog Park. It is expected for up to 100 light vehicles to access the site via Holbeach Avenue, to be undertaken between 2021 and 2023. Construction vehicle trucks will not be allowed to use Holbeach Avenue to access the Tempe Lands construction site.

Additionally, the current Alexandria Canal shared path will be closed and relocated as part of the project, a temporary active transport link is proposed to run adjacent to Tempe Recreation Reserve and Tempe Lands, shown in Figure 6.3, serving as a temporary detour of the closed shared path. As such, a greater number of cyclists and pedestrians expected towards the south of the study area.



Source: Sydney Gateway Environmental Impact Assessment

Figure 6.3: Sydney Gateway - Temporary Active Transport Link

7. BUNNINGS IMPACTS TO LOCAL TRAFFIC

The increased traffic generated from Bunnings will have a flow on impact onto surrounding local residential roads in the study area. This can lead to an increase of traffic issues such as excessive volumes and speeds on the local roads, which is not desirable. Any LATM devices proposed will aim to mitigate these impacts.

7.1 Routes to and from Bunnings

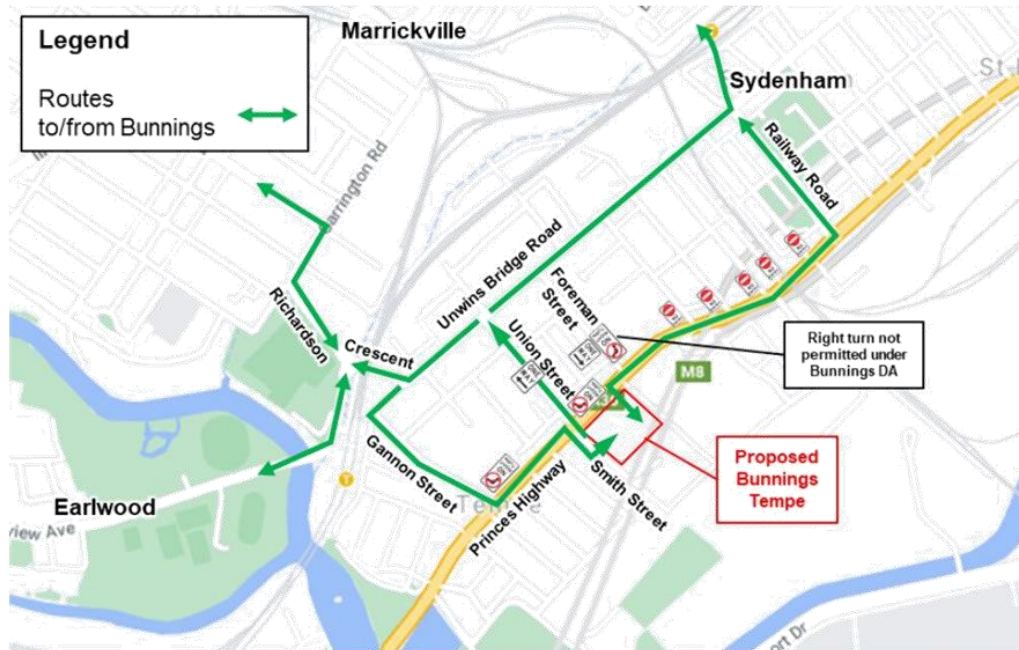
As shown in Figure 6.2, the expected catchment area of the proposed Tempe Bunnings Warehouse covers a broad area of Sydney's Inner West. Key routes and roads identified to access these areas include those outlined in Table 7.1:

Table 7.1: Summary of Routes

Direction	Roads
North	Princes Highway, Railway Street, Sydenham Road, Marrickville Road, Unwins Bridge Road, Richardson Crescent, Warren Road
East	Princes Highway, Gardeners Road
West	Princes Highway, Unwins Bridge Road, Richardson Crescent, Bayview Avenue, Wardell Road
South	Princes Highway

As a result of local rail crossings, there is potential for Bunnings customers to utilise local streets north of the Princes Highway, which provide a more direct route from Princes Highway to the rail bridge on Richardson Crescent (at Tempe) or Gleeson Avenue (at Sydenham) via Unwins Bridge Road.

Due to existing traffic management measures already in place, the most likely local roads used include Gannon Street and Union Street, with Union Street being the most direct northbound route available from Smith Street. The right turn from Foreman Street to Princes Highway will not be permitted due to the extension of the central median as part of the Bunnings DA, and therefore cannot be used as a route into Bunnings. These expected access routes between Unwins Bridge Road and Princes Highway are shown in Figure 7.1.



Adapted from GoogleMaps

Figure 7.1: Expected Access Routes between Unwins Bridge Road and Princes Highway

7.2 Impacts to Union Street

As a result, it can be expected that Union Street experiences an increase in traffic during peak periods. This is less than favourable due to the narrow geometry, the residential environment of the street and location of Tempe Public School to the north.

The increase in traffic as a result of the proposed Bunnings Warehouse is previously outlined in Table 6.4. A comparison of potential traffic volumes on Union Street is provided in Table 7.2.

Table 7.2: Comparison of Potential Traffic Volumes on Union Street

Peak	Traffic Volumes (veh hour)	Total Traffic on Union Street				Acceptable Environmental Limit
		10%*	20%*	25%*	30%*	Local Road
March 2020 Counts						< 200 vph
PM	51	62	74	79	85	
Saturday	41	75	108	125	142	
December 2018 Counts						
PM	72	83	95	100	106	
Saturday	81	115	148	165	182	

* by proportion split of Bunnings Warehouse traffic, see Table 6.4

While an assessment of up to 30% of the expected traffic generated by Bunnings Warehouse more than doubles the existing traffic volumes along Union Street (in comparison to both 2018 and 2020 volumes), the increase in traffic can be accommodated by Union Street and does not exceed the acceptable environmental limit (200 vehicles per hour) previously outlined in Table 4.1 (*RTA Guide to Traffic Generating Developments 2002*).

7.3 Impacts to School Operations

Based on Bunnings Warehouse visitation pattern information (made available by Google), the highest visitation typically occurs:

- Weekday – between 10am and 4pm
- Weekends – between 9am and 6pm

With this in mind, traffic generated by the proposed Bunnings is more likely to have an impact on school operations during the PM School peak (typically between 2:30pm and 3:30pm). This may include:

- Increased vehicle volumes along Union Street
- Increased congestion and queueing at the intersection with Unwins Bridge Road
- Potential 'rat-running' using Edwin Street and Tramway Street
- Increased congestion with vehicles parked along Union Street and Edwin Street

Traffic associated with Bunnings trade customers will typically occur before peak traffic periods and is not expected to impact the AM school peak.

7.4 Closure of Union Street

7.4.1 Traffic re-direction

To prevent non-local traffic from using Union Street, the concept of a road closure has been considered at Princes Highway. We understand that this is supported by the local community members in Union Street. This closure aims to re-direct Bunnings related traffic emerging from Smith Street, to utilise the Princes Highway and other higher order roads to access Unwins Bridge Road and beyond, as shown in Figure 7.4 . This would result in the following routes:

- Right turn from Smith Street onto Princes Highway, then left turn onto Railway Road or Campbell Road
- Left turn from Smith Street onto Princes Highway, U-turn using the Holbeach Avenue roundabout, then right turn onto Princes Highway, then left turn onto Gannon Street

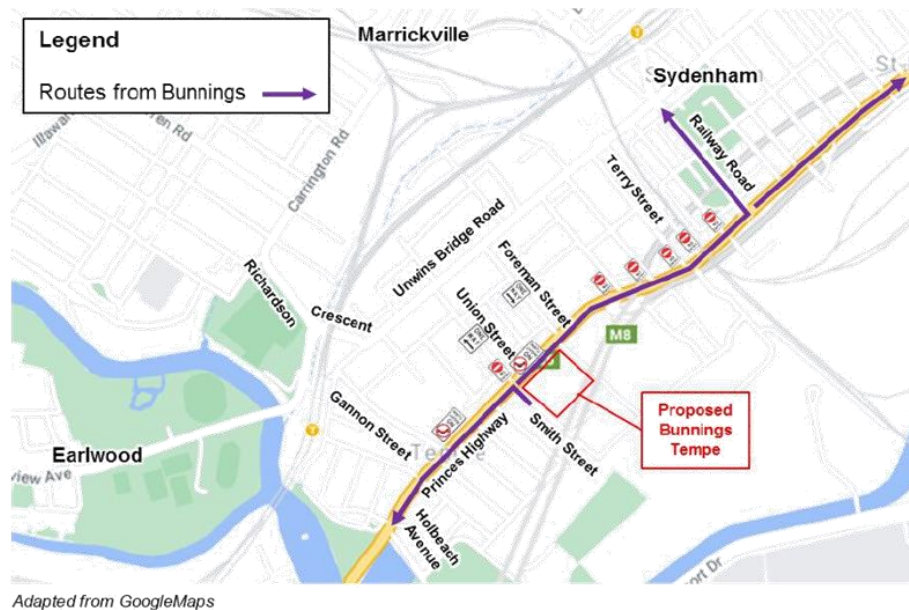
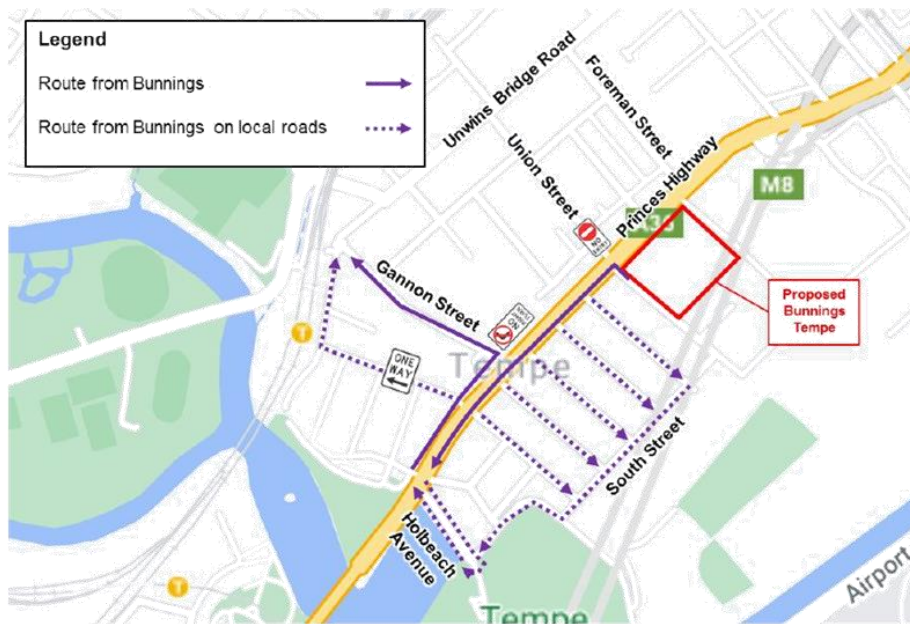


Figure 7.2: Routes with Union Street Closure

7.4.2 Impact to other Local Streets

Due to the no right turn currently in place for westbound traffic on Princes Highway at Gannon Street, drivers may utilise alternative routes along local streets south of Princes Highway to turn around and access Gannon Street via a left turn, as shown in Figure 7.3.

These streets may experience a greater volume of vehicles turning from Princes Highway, which is not favourable due to the limited available carriageway and residential environment of the street. Most vehicles would be expected to use Holbeach Avenue to perform the u-turn manoeuvre.



Adapted from GoogleMaps

Figure 7.3: Access to Gannon Street using Local Streets

7.4.3 Impact on Access for Residents

Due to the no right turn currently in place for westbound traffic on Princes Highway at Union Street, access to Union Street is currently gained by:

- Left turn from Princes Highway
- Through from Smith Street

The closure of Union Street would restrict access to the left turn from Princes Highway only (under a partial closure), or remove access altogether (with a full closure).

The alternative route for local residents on Union Street would then include the left turn from Princes Highway to Brooklyn Street, then left at Brooklyn Lane or School Lane to access Union Street, as shown in Figure 7.4. It would be expected most residents would utilise Brooklyn Lane as it provides best access to properties along Union Street.

While Brooklyn Street is a wider street and capable of accommodating the increase in local traffic, Brooklyn Lane is a narrow bi-directional laneway (also shown Figure 7.4) which would not accommodate such traffic. Particularly during the AM peak where local residents are likely to access Princes Highway via Brooklyn Lane as well as school traffic.

Further, despite being undesirable, vehicles leaving Bunnings via Smith Street may also attempt to take this route, which will exacerbate traffic issues arising from using narrow lane ways as a main access route.



Adapted from GoogleMaps

Figure 7.4: Local Routes with Union Street Closure

In consideration of the potential outcomes due to a closure of Union Street at Princes Highway, in the draft version of the report, a closure was not recommended and other treatments to deter vehicles from using Union Street was preferred. However, a ban of through traffic from Smith Street to Union Street is now proposed following feedback from community engagement (See Section 13.4.4).

8. RISK PRIORITY ASSESSMENT

8.1 Methodology

Each study area road was assessed against criteria to determine its risk for future crashes based on the data collected. Criteria included:

- Crash history
- 24-hour vehicle volumes (existing)
- 85th percentile vehicle speeds
- Heavy vehicle volumes (existing)
- Road width
- Availability of existing LATM devices
- Proximity to schools
- Existing land use
- Future traffic volumes, taking into consideration traffic generated from Bunnings

Points were allocated to each road or road section based on the level of risk. The higher the points, the higher the risk for future crashes, and hence the higher the need for LATM devices.

Crash history (max 4)

- 4 points for crash casualty rates of more than the typical urban casualty rate of 0.446, as listed in Table 3.6.

The points are applied to Edwin Street, Holbeach Avenue and Smith Street.

24-hour vehicle volumes (max 4)

- 2 points (per direction) for ADT of more than 400, as listed in Table 4.4.

The points are applied to Edwin Street, Holbeach Avenue, Smith Street, South Street and Union Street.

85th percentile vehicle Speeds (max 4)

- 2 points (per direction) for 85th percentile speeds of more than 40 km/h, as listed in Table 4.4.

The points are applied to Holbeach Avenue, Smith Street and Stanley Street.

Heavy vehicle volumes (max 4)

- For roads without a truck load limit
 - 1 point (per direction) for daily heavy vehicle volumes of more than 50, as listed in Table 4.4; and
 - 1 point (per direction) for daily heavy vehicle percentages of more than 10%, as listed in Table 4.4.

The points are applied to Smith Street and South Street.

- For roads with the 3-tonne truck load limit
 - 1 point (per direction) for daily heavy vehicle volumes of more than 10, as listed in Table 4.4; and
 - 1 point (per direction) or daily heavy vehicle percentages of more than 5%, as listed in Table 4.4.

The points are applied to all roads with the load limit except Tramway Street.

Road width (max 4)

- 4 points where the available trafficable road width is more than two car widths – high potential/incentive to speed up and collide with pedestrians, adjacent parked vehicles or vehicles travelling in opposite direction

The points are applied to Holbeach Avenue and Smith Street only, which have wider roads than the other roads in the study area.

- 2 points where the available trafficable road width is equal or less than two car widths – low potential/incentive to speed up and collide with pedestrians, adjacent parked vehicles or vehicles travelling in opposite direction

The points are applied to all other roads accessed.

Existing LATM devices

- -1 (negative one) point for each set of LATM devices located on that road.
 - Multiple LATM devices at the same location are counted as one set (e.g. A flat top road hump with kerb blisters and contrasting pavement)
 - The three median rumble strips at the intersection of Edwin Street and Tramway Street are counted as one set on Edwin Street and one set on Tramway Street
 - Roundabouts are excluded, but any pedestrian refuge islands or median islands are included.

Proximity to schools (max 4)

- 4 points if the roads are within 100 metres from a school and/or have school zones, and frequently have children walking around.

The points are applied to Union Street, Foreman Street and Edwin Street, which are in close proximity to Tempe Public School.

Existing land use (max 4)

- 4 points for local traffic and residential streets. While this does not directly contribute to crash risk, safety is more paramount in a local traffic areas, and residential roads should be given some priority for implementation of LATM schemes.

The points are applied to all roads except Holbeach Avenue and Zuitton Lane, which are not predominantly residential.

Future traffic volumes (max 4)

- 4 points where additional Bunnings Warehouse generated traffic may flow onto, based on the evaluation in Section 7, assuming no changes in turning restrictions or accesses; or
- 4 points for local streets forecasted to have daily volumes are to exceeding 1,500

The points are applied to Smith Street, Union Street, Edwin Street and Tramway Street, which are potential routes for Bunnings traffic. No streets are forecasted to have more than 1,500 daily volumes.

8.2 Assessment

Based on the above scoring criteria, Table 8.1 presents the accumulated scores of each roadway.

Table 8.1: Risk Score by Road

Road	Criteria									
	Crash	Volume	Speed	Heavy Vehicle	Width	Existing LATM	Schools	Existing Land Use	Future Traffic	Total score
Barden Street	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	4	-	7
Edwin Street	4	2	-	2	2	-5	4	4	4	17
Fanning Street	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	4	-	7
Foreman Street	-	-	-	2	2	-5	4	4	-	7
Hart Street	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	4	-	7
Holbeach Avenue (Princes Highway to roundabout)	4	4	4	-	4	-1	-	-	-	15
Holbeach Avenue (roundabout to South Street)	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	4
Smith Street	4	2	2	4	4	-	-	-	4	20
South Street	-	2	-	1	2	-3	-	4	-	6
Stanley Street	-	-	4	3	2	-	-	4	-	13
Station Street	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	4	-	7
Union Street	-	2	-	1	2	-5	4	4	4	12
Tramway Street	-	-	-	-	2	-1	-	4	4	9
Wentworth Street	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	4	-	9
Zuitton Lane	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	4	3-7

Based on the above assessment, Smith Street exhibits the highest score, followed by Edwin Street and Holbeach Avenue (between Princes Highway and the roundabout), then Stanley Street and Union Street. Wentworth Street and Tramway Street also achieved relatively high scores for local residential roads.

Other local streets, including Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets, have an accumulated score of 7 points. Given the lack of crash history, low vehicle speeds and heavy vehicle composition, these roads do not require any LATM treatments. However, other treatments may be proposed to further deter non-local traffic from using these roads.

8.3 Summary

From the risk priority assessment, LATM devices are recommended to be implemented on, in the order of priority:

- Smith Street – to deal with traffic volume, speed and heavy vehicle issues
- Edwin Street – to deal with traffic volume, heavy vehicle issues and potential future traffic from Bunnings
- Holbeach Avenue (between Princes Highway and the roundabout) – to deal with crash risks, traffic volume and speed issues
- Stanley Street – to deal with speed issues
- Union Street – to deal with traffic volume issues and potential future traffic from Bunnings
- Wentworth Street – to deal with heavy vehicle issues
- Tramway Street – to deal with potential future traffic from Bunnings
- These priority streets are shown in Figure 8.1.

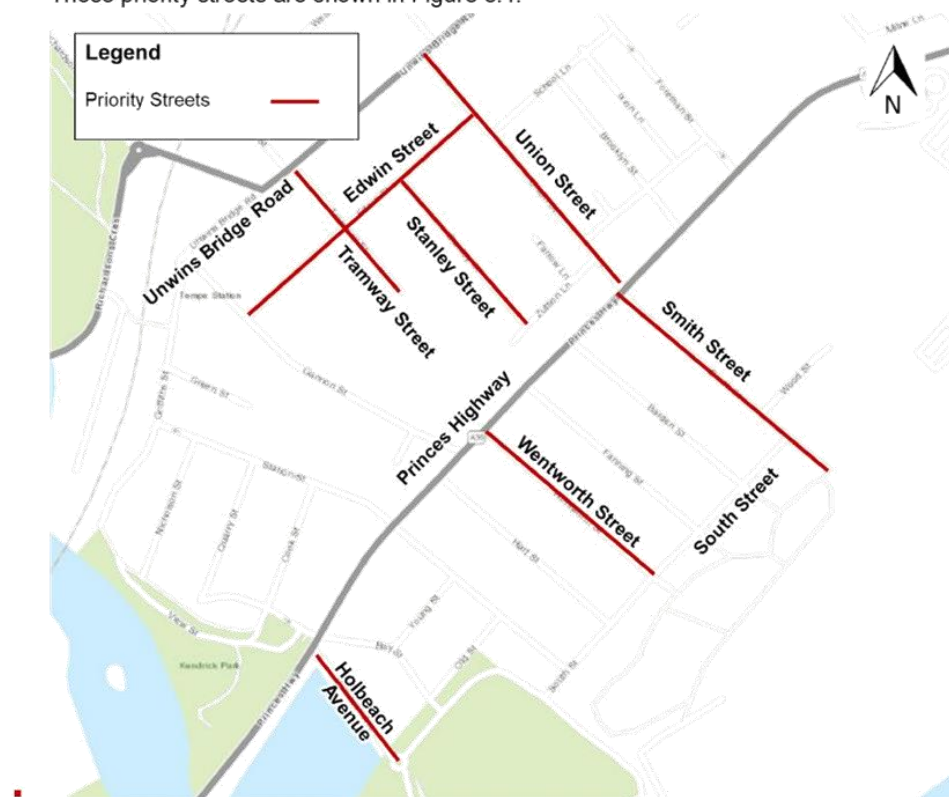


Figure 8.1: Priority Streets for Treatment

9. PRELIMINARY ROAD TREATMENTS

9.1 Traffic Calming and Local Area Traffic Management

Road treatments, including Local Area Traffic Management (LATM) Schemes and traffic calming measures can be implemented to change traffic conditions and speed environments, such that driver behaviour and perception of the road environment would be more appropriate along local residential streets and activity areas.

The primary objectives in introducing LATM schemes as part of this study is to address the following:

- Vehicle speeds
- Vehicle volumes
- Heavy vehicle volumes
- Reducing potential for traffic using local roads (with the exception of Smith Street) to access Princes Highway
- Improving amenity along Smith Street

9.2 Existing Road Treatments

As detailed in Section 2.11, the numerous LATM devices already in use within the study area include:

- Road humps (Watts profile & flat top), including raised thresholds
- Kerb blisters
- Contrasting pavement
- Raised pedestrian (wombat) crossing
- Roundabouts
- Pedestrian refuge islands

The majority of LATM devices are located along Union Street and Foreman Street in the vicinity of Tempe Public School.

9.3 Preliminary Road Treatment Options

To address the issues identified, a wide range of traffic calming devices can be implemented. LATM devices presented in *Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8 – Local Area Traffic Management* were used as a basis for developing a list of suitable devices that could be used.

To create safer local road environments, the key targets for any proposed treatment options include:

- Reducing vehicle speeds
- Minimising traffic levels, including non-resident traffic in local streets
- Deterring heavy vehicles
- Reducing crash risk
- Improving local amenity, including walking and cycling options.

The following traffic calming treatments may potentially be implemented across the study area:

- Entry thresholds
- Flat top road humps

- Raised Pedestrian Crossings
- Speed cushions
- Slow points
- Road narrowing / Kerb blisters
- Pedestrian refuge / Median / Splitter islands
- Line marking (edge line and/or centreline)
- Shared zones.

Descriptions of each of these treatments are provided in Table 9.1.

Table 9.1: Road Treatment Types

Name	Type	Description
Entry Threshold	Physical / Visual	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provides a physical and visual gateway to a local street ▪ May control vehicle speeds in both directions ▪ Design can be varied to accommodate different traffic types and road geometries (such as bicycles) ▪ Include raised platforms, medians and kerb blisters ▪ Opportunity to introduce landscaping elements to enhance streetscape ▪ Commonly used throughout study area ▪ May impact large vehicle movements near intersections
Flat Top Road Hump	Physical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Wide raised platform type 'speed hump' ▪ Controls vehicle speeds by vertical deflection and may reduce traffic volumes ▪ More visually appealing than typical speed humps (such as Watts Profile) ▪ Typically 75-150mm high, 2-6m long ▪ Fullwidth designs control speeds in both directions ▪ Design can be varied to adapt to different road geometries and traffic, including medians and kerb blisters ▪ Can be misconstrued as a pedestrian crossing without roadside barriers (fence, landscaping or other) ▪ Typically low cost
Raised Pedestrian Crossing (Wombat Crossing)	Physical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Flat Top Road Hump combined with marked Pedestrian Crossing ▪ Controls vehicle speeds and provides pedestrian crossing location ▪ Improves pedestrian safety by raising walkway (for better visibility) and calming traffic vehicles ▪ Allows for pedestrian priority
Speed Cushions	Physical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Small plastic or rubber 'cushion' in centre of travel lane (or series across travel lanes) ▪ Controls vehicle speeds by vertical deflection ▪ Smaller and narrower than speed humps or flat top road humps ▪ Slows light vehicles with little impact to heavy vehicles (such as buses) ▪ Can be combined with a median and kerb blisters for further control ▪ Low cost and quick installation

Name	Type	Description
Slow Points	Physical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Controls vehicles by horizontal deflection Uses series of kerb extensions or blisters on alternating sides of road to create an angled travel lane Opportunity to introduce landscaping elements to enhance streetscape Requires considerable length of road to install and potentially high cost Must consider local driveway access May impact kerbside parking
Road Narrowing	Physical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kerb extensions or blisters to reduce available road width at a single point Use of kerb blisters may allow for kerbside drainage Often used in conjunction with other treatments (such as entry thresholds and road humps) Opportunity to introduce landscaping elements to enhance streetscape
Pedestrian Refuge / Median / Splitter Islands	Physical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raised or flush island positioned at the intersection or the centreline of a street Narrows lanes Provide pedestrians with a refuge Used in areas where there is a need to reduce entry speed of vehicles to a residential street May not be used on narrow two-lane streets, and where there is insufficient sight distance Must consider local driveway access May impact kerbside parking
Line Marking	Visual	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> May be used where physical treatments are not appropriate Can provide a visual narrowing of the roadway such that drivers perceive a narrower travel lane and reduce speed Assists in delineating road components such as cycle lanes and kerbside parking Available roadway width through bends is visually narrowed when combined with centreline marking May not be effective along considerably wide roadways
Contrasting Pavement	Visual	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Highlight the change in road conditions to drivers Colour and texture can be designed to fit with local area context Typically located at start of traffic areas (such as High Pedestrian Activity Areas) Textured pattern (such as Embossed Hex) can also provide a tactile and audible warning to drivers Typically low cost
Shared Zone	Regulatory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Located along a road section Vehicles must give way to all pedestrians Suitable for a high-pedestrian area 10 km/h speed limit Parking can be retained but bays must be marked

It is understood that the Bunnings development may also bring about traffic impacts onto streets just outside of the study area such as Edwin Street and Tramway Street. These impacts have been considered, however, no treatments are proposed on these streets

9.4 Standard LATM Treatments

Based on existing LATM devices found and the types presented by Austroads, a number of potential standard treatment options are proposed for installation across the study area, presented in Table 9.2.

These devices are identified as being appropriate for the context of the study area and address the issues identified on local roads.

Table 9.2: Proposed Standard LATM Treatments

Infrastructure	Description
Flat-top Road Hump	Standard flat top road hump
Speed Cushion	Standard speed cushion(s)
Road Narrowing	Kerb blisters (landscaping)
Median Treatments	Median Island (standard or low-profile)
Line marking	Edge and centre line marking
Contrasting Pavement	Standard at-grade contrasting pavement
Shared Zone	10 km/h shared zone with marked parking bays

Examples of some of these treatments are provided in Figure 9.1 below.



Left to Right: Flat top road hump, road narrowing (kerb blisters with landscaping)

Figure 9.1: Examples of Treatments

There are other treatments that may be implemented or installed additionally, complementing the proposed LATM treatments. Treatments identified as suitable for the study area include:

- Bicycle facilities, including bicycle ramps, shared paths and bicycle markings
- Signage, to complement the LATM treatments
- Footpath widening

9.5 Treatment Criteria

As there is a large range of available LATM devices available, the selection and location of these devices is important to address the specific issues along each street. A range of factors and considerations are to be given in the selection process to determine suitable and appropriate LATM treatments. As such, a treatment selection criteria was developed to inform the selection and location of proposed LATM devices.

9.5.1 Austroads LATM Selection Toolkit

The selection of an appropriate LATM is greatly dependent on the overall objective for the particular roadway, the local context of the road environment and the needs of local road users.

Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8 – Local Area Traffic Management provides a toolkit and selection rubric, which outlines the relative use of different LATM devices based on previous research and practice within Australia and New Zealand. The Austroads Toolkit which provides a description and use of LATM devices is provided in Table 9.3.

Table 9.3: Austroads LATM Toolkit

Measure		Reduce speeds	Reduce traffic volume	Reduce crash risk	Increase pedestrian safety	Increase bicycle safety
Vertical deflection devices (Section 7.2)	Road humps	✓	✓	✓	–	–
	Road cushions	✓	✓	✓	–	✓
	Flat-top road humps	✓	✓	✓	–	✓
	Wombat crossings	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Raised pavements	✓	✓	✓	–	✓
Horizontal deflection devices (Section 7.3)	Lane narrowings/kerb extensions	✓	–	–	✓	–
	Slow points	✓	✓	–	–	–
	Centre blister islands	✓	✓	–	✓	–
	Driveway links	✓	✓	–	✓	✓
	Mid-block median treatments	✓	–	✓	✓	✓
Diversion devices (Section 7.4)	Roundabouts	✓	✓	✓	–	–
	Full road closure	–	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Half road closure	–	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Diagonal road closure	–	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Modified T-intersection	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Signs, linemarking and other treatments (Section 7.5)	Left-in/left-out islands	–	✓	✓	✓	–
	Speed limit signs	✓	–	✓	✓	✓
	Prohibited traffic movement signs	–	✓	✓	–	✓
	One-way (street) signs	–	✓	✓	✓	–
	Give-way signs	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Stop signs	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Shared zones	✓	✓	–	✓	✓
	School zones	✓	–	✓	✓	✓
	Threshold treatments	✓	✓	✓	–	✓
	Tactile surface treatments	✓	–	–	–	–
	Bicycle facilities	–	–	✓	–	✓
	Bus facilities	–	✓	–	–	–

9.5.2 Treatment Criteria

The information presented within the Austroads LATM selection toolkit and consideration of other road environment elements was used to develop a specific treatment selection criteria and is presented in Table 9.4.

The criteria include considerations of the following:

- Speed and traffic volume reduction
- Crash risk reduction
- Relative traffic volumes
- Deterrence against non-local traffic
- Pedestrians, bicycles and buses
- Kerbside parking
- Road and traffic noise generation
- Roadway width requirements.

Table 9.4: Proposed Treatment Selection Criteria

Type	Details	Reduce Speed	Reduce Traffic Volumes	Reduce Crash Risk	Suitable for High Traffic Volumes	Deter Non-Local Traffic	Accommodate Pedestrians	Bicycle Friendly	Bus Route friendly	Parking friendly	Noise Considerations	Wide Road required	Other remarks
LATM Treatments													
Road hump	Flat top road hump	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes ³	Yes ⁴	Yes	Yes	No	Preferred for lower traffic volumes
Speed Cushion	Speed Cushion	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁰	Yes	No ⁷	Preferred for lower traffic volumes
Road narrowing	Kerb blisters (landscaping)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No ⁵	No	No	Yes	Not to be used on bus routes on a one-way street
Median Treatment	Median Island (standard or low-profile)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No ⁵	Yes ⁶	No	No	Yes	Must conform to Transport for NSW standards
Line-Marking	Edge, centre and lane line marking	Yes ¹	No	Yes ²	Yes	Yes	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	Yes ⁸	Parking lane width may vary, minimum 2.1m
Contrasting Pavement	Standard Contrasting Pavement	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes ⁹	No	Visual and tactile treatment only
Shared zone	10 km/h shared zone with marked parking bays	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No ¹⁰	Not to be used on heavy vehicle or bus routes

Type	Details	Reduce Speed	Reduce Traffic Volumes	Reduce Crash Risk	Suitable for High Traffic Volumes	Deter Non-Local Traffic	Accommodate Pedestrians	Bicycle Friendly	Bus Route friendly	Parking friendly	Noise Considerations	Wide Road required	Other remarks
Other Treatments													
Bicycle Facilities	Bicycle ramps, shared paths and bicycle markings	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes	-	-	No	No	
Signage	Signage to complement LATM treatments	varies					-	-	-	-	No	No	
Footpath widening	Widened footpath	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	No	No	Yes	

Notes:

1. If travel lane is sufficiently narrowed
2. May effectively reduce kerbside crashes
3. Ramps can be designed to be bicycle friendly
4. Flat top road humps can be designed to bus friendly specifications (ref. STA guidelines)
5. Bus routes require 3.2m to 3.5m wide travel lane, which will not be an effective road narrowing for regular traffic
6. If 3.5m travel lane is maintained
7. More effective on narrow roads. Installation on bus routes require 3.5m travel lane
8. Generally applied to wide road
9. Noise to be considered if using textured surface treatment (such as embossed pattern or similar)
10. A minimum trafficable width of 2.8m is required to meet shared zone warrants

9.6 Proposed Treatment and Locations

Based on the selection criteria, a number of proposed treatment options were developed for the priority roads identified in Section 8.3. Additional proposed treatments for other roads in the study area were also developed. The proposed treatments are outlined in Table 9.5.

Table 9.5: Proposed Treatment and Locations

Road	Option	Type	Location	Features
Smith Street	1	Road Narrowing & Contrasting Pavement	Immediately south of proposed Bunnings access,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landscaped kerb blisters with low height shrubs At-grade contrasting pavement treatment (embossed text pattern)
	2	Mountable Concrete Median Treatment		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mountable low-profile concrete median with contrasting pavement
	Addition to both options	Right Turn Only Signage	Opposite and facing Bunnings access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> R2-14_R (Right Turn Only) sign
		Line Marking	Between Princes Highway and Bunnings Access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Edge and centre line markings to provide a visual narrowing of the roadway Road environment would appear distinctively different to the southern section of Smith Street Delineation of adjusted lane arrangement near Princes Highway
		Bicycle Facilities	Between Princes Highway and Bunnings Access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extend shared path for a short distance from Princes Highway along both sides of Smith Street Inclusion of an angled bicycle ramp for southbound cyclists to transition between the shared path and Smith Street Signage and marking to indicate transitions between shared path and on-road cycling

Road	Option	Type	Location	Features
		Widened Footpath	Western side of road, between No. 48 and South Street	<p>Option a (Option 1a or Option 2a):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Widen western footpath Retain existing kerbside parking on the western side of Smith Street Shift centreline to suit road width <p>Option b (Option 1b or Option 2b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Widen western footpath with adjacent landscaped verge Removal of existing kerbside parking on the western side of Smith Street Some paved parking bays within the landscaped area to offset loss of parking Turning pocket to allow vehicles to turn right out of No.1 Smith Street
Holbeach Avenue	1	Speed Cushions	Between driveways of 14 and 18 Holbeach Avenue	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set of four speed cushions of 100mm height, across roadway
	2	Speed Cushions & Road Narrowing		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set of two speed cushions of 100mm height in travel lanes Landscaped kerb blisters with low height shrubs
Stanley Street	1	Flat Top Road Hump	Near streetlight outside 14 Stanley Street Near streetlight outside 37 Stanley Street	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Concrete flat top road hump of 100mm height, across road width Contrasting surface treatment ('terracotta' colour surface of similar) Landscaped barriers (kerbside)
	2	Road Narrowing		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landscaped kerb blisters with low height shrubs
Wentworth Street	1	Road Narrowing & Contrasting Pavement	At entry from Princes Highway (specifically south of Tempe Tyre Centre vehicular access) At entry from South Street (specifically north of the drainage pit)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landscaped kerb blisters with low height shrubs At-grade contrasting pavement treatment (embossed text pattern)
	2	Flat Top Road Hump		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Concrete flat top road hump of 100mm height, across road width Contrasting surface treatment ('terracotta' colour surface of similar) Bollard and chain barriers (kerbside)

Road	Option	Type	Location	Features
	Addition to both options	3 Tonne Truck Limit Signage	Outside 846 Princes Highway Outside 45 Wentworth Street	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> R6-10-2 and R9-231 (Truck Load Limit) signs W8-245N_L (Left Arrow) Signage, only on Princes Highway
Union Street	1	Flat Top Road Hump	Outside 2D Union Street Outside 46 Union Street	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Concrete flat top road hump of 100mm height, across road width Contrasting surface treatment ('terracotta' colour surface of similar) Bollard and chain barriers (kerbside)
	2	Shared Zone ¹	Between Princes Highway and School Lane	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> "10" Speed Markers Marked parking bays, with some overlapping with footpath R4-4 (Shared Zone), R2-10 (Give Way to Pedestrians) and R5-65 (Park in Bays Only) signs at the start of shared zone and entry points at Zuiton Lane and Brooklyn Lane R4-5 (End Shared Zone) signs at the end of shared zone and exit points at Zuiton Lane and Brooklyn Lane
	Addition to both options	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	At entry from Princes Highway	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> At-grade contrasting pavement treatment (embossed text pattern)
Edwin Street	1	Flat Top Road Hump	Outside No. 14 Union Street	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Concrete flat top road hump of 100mm height, across road width Contrasting surface treatment ('terracotta' colour surface of similar) Landscaped barriers (kerbside)
Tramway Street	1	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	At entries (Unwins Bridge Road and Edwin Street)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> At-grade contrasting pavement treatment (embossed text pattern)
Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets	-	Contrasting Pavement Threshold ²	At entry from Princes Highway	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> At-grade contrasting pavement treatment (embossed text pattern)

1. Assessment against the shared zone criteria is detailed in Section 10.6.3. Shared zones are subject to Transport for NSW review and approval
2. Subject to a 40km/h Local Traffic Area proposal and/or Transport for NSW review and approval

The following considerations were given when locating each of the above treatments:

- Spacing: a maximum spacing between 80m and 120m was adopted (following *Austroads LATM Guidelines*)
- Presence of existing street lighting and light posts
- Kerb ramps
- Property accesses and driveways
- Road gradients
- Driver sight distances and visibility.

Assessment of the different treatments are further detailed in Section 10.

The locations of the proposed treatments options, contrasting pavement thresholds and additional Smith Street treatments are shown in Figure 9.2. Sample concepts of the proposed treatment types are presented in Figure 9.3.

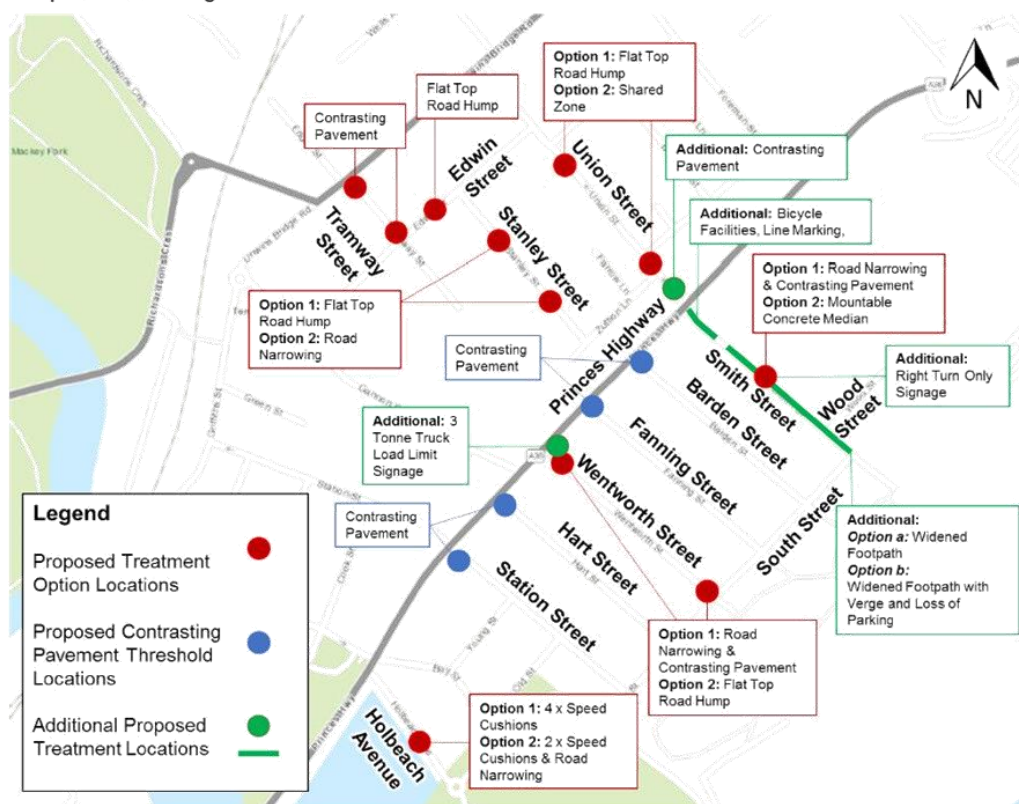


Figure 9.2: Proposed Treatment Locations and Options



Clockwise from top: Speed Cushions, Road Narrowing (kerb Blisters), Flat Top Road Hump, Kerb Blisters and Contrasting Pavement

Figure 9.3: Sample Concepts of Proposed Treatments

10. PROPOSED TREATMENT JUSTIFICATION

10.1 Overview

This section describes each treatment option in detail by street and discusses its merits and potential impacts to the road environment such as property access and kerbside parking. The merits and impacts are summarised at the end of this section in Table 10.3 and Table 10.4 respectively.

Any LATM measures proposed may have an impact on the travel time of emergency service vehicles through the area. However, in consideration of the existing road environment along these local streets, any additional proposed LATM measures are not expected to have a significant impact to emergency service vehicle access. Additionally, the treatments proposed are not located along public or school bus routes, therefore, there are no anticipated impacts to buses.

10.2 Smith Street

10.2.1 Issues

As discussed in previous sections, the issues present on Smith Street are:

- Smith Street has relatively high average daily traffic (ADT) volumes, up to 600 vehicles per day in each direction, compared to other local roads in the study area.
- Smith Street has relatively high 85th percentile speeds of up to 46 km/h per direction compared to other local roads.
- Due to industrial land use located along Smith Street and its adjoining Wood Street, heavy vehicles are common along Smith Street. From the tube count data, on average, between 100 and 150 heavy vehicles travel along Smith Street daily in each direction, and make up 25 to 36% of the total daily traffic.
- Based on crash history, three (3) crashes occurred along Smith Street between January 2014 and December 2018, with two (2) crashes resulting in injuries.
- The proposed Bunnings development will be mainly accessed via Smith Street. There are concerns that the development will generate both light and heavy vehicle traffic, not just on Smith Street, but on other local roads such as Barden Street, South Street and Holbeach Avenue.
- Speed cushions were installed along Smith Street, as part of a previous LATM study, were removed in 2012 and 2017 respectively. This was due to resident complaints about the noise produced by trucks driving over the speed cushions. As such, vertical deflection devices such as speed humps were not considered as treatment options on Smith Street.

10.2.2 Location of Treatment Options

Treatment options for Smith Street will be located between the Bunnings access and access to No.1 Smith Street. The placement of treatment options mid-block on Smith Street breaks up the long straight section of the roadway, preventing drivers from gathering speed along the length of the road.

10.2.3 Option 1: Road Narrowing & Contrasting Pavement

This option involves landscaped kerb blisters on each side of the road, and an at-grade embossed text pattern as contrasting pavement between the kerb blisters. Additional measures to Smith Street regardless of Options 1 or 2 are described separately in Section 10.2.5.

10.2.3.1 Merits

Road narrowing will provide a narrow travel width, similar to existing treatments on neighbouring streets like Barden or Fanning Streets, which have an 85th percentile speed of less than 40 km/h. Therefore, providing road narrowing will strongly encourage traffic to slow down. Lower speeds will in turn increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic from utilising Smith Street.

Landscaping on the kerb blisters will also improve the aesthetics of the roadway and enhance sense of place. It may also provide clearer changes in road geometry for vehicles approaching the treatment.

The contrasting pavement will highlight the entry to a local traffic area by providing a physical and visual gateway treatment to the south section of Smith Street. The differentiation of road environment may be able to deter vehicles from turning left from the proposed Bunnings access onto Smith Street southbound. Combined with road narrowing, the reduced geometry may also be less favourable to heavy vehicles.

Road narrowing will result in a loss of parking along Smith Street. However, the removal of parking will improve sightlines for vehicles exiting the driveways from Bunnings and No.1 Smith Street. It also improves manoeuvrability of these turns as there is a reduced likelihood of parked vehicles obstructing the access points.

10.2.3.2 Impacts to Parking

The Bunnings development will result in the proposed removal of up to 13 spaces of on-street parking along Smith Street. These spaces are compensated with 13 spaces within Bunnings warehouse, which are open to access during Bunnings trading hours only. This removes the flexibility of parking at any time of the day for any duration. Given that most residents are expected to park overnight or outside business hours, as a worst-case scenario, these spaces will not be considered as part of the assessment.

From the parking surveys conducted on 19th and 21st March 2020, on a Thursday and Saturday respectively, it was deduced that on average, Smith Street has 18 vacant spaces on Thursday and 27 vacant spaces on Saturday. With the loss of 13 parking spaces due to the Bunnings development, this will result in an estimated 5 and 14 vacant spaces remaining on Thursday and Saturday respectively.

Road narrowing will result in a loss of up to two (2) parking spaces on the western side and one (1) space on the eastern side, a total of three (3) spaces. The remaining availability of on-street parking on Smith Street will therefore be able to cope with the further removal of spaces due to road narrowing.

10.2.3.3 Other Impacts

The kerb blisters will be built between the Bunnings access and the access to No.1 Smith Street. There are no property accesses on the western side at the proposed location. As such, there will be no impacts of the treatments on the accesses along Smith Street.

The at-grade contrasting pavement also means that there will be no additional noise generated as compared to vertical deflection devices such as speed cushions. An at-grade pavement also provides minimal or no impacts to cyclists riding along Smith Street.

The treatment option may have an impact on the travel time of emergency service vehicles through the area. However, in consideration of the existing road environment along these local streets, any additional proposed LATM measures are not expected to have a significant impact to emergency service vehicle access.

10.2.4 Option 2: Mountable Concrete Median

This option is a mountable low-profile concrete median. The pavement on the top of the median will also be contrasted against the road surface. Additional measures to Smith Street regardless of Options 1 or 2 are described separately in Section 10.2.5.

10.2.4.1 Merits

The change in road geometry highlights local traffic area by providing a physical and visual gateway treatment to the south section of Smith Street. The reduction in geometry also aid in the differentiation of road environment and may deter vehicles turning left from proposed Bunnings access onto Smith Street southbound.

The treatment is a horizontal deflection device and will be able to slow traffic by diverting vehicles around the island, particularly heavy vehicles due to their larger turn radius.

The median island will result in a loss of parking along Smith Street (see next section). Similar to option 1, the removal of parking may improve sightlines of vehicles turning out from the accesses onto Smith Street. It also improves manoeuvrability of these turns as there is a reduced likelihood of parked vehicles obstructing the access points of 1 Smith Street.

The median island is low-profile and mountable to allow vehicles to turn right out of 1 Smith Street onto Smith Street northbound and mount over the median.

10.2.4.2 Impacts to Parking

As mentioned in Option 1, Smith Street will have an estimated 5 and 14 vacant spaces remaining on Thursday and Saturday respectively, after spaces are removed for the Bunnings development.

The median island will result in a loss of seven (7) parking spaces on the western side and one (1) space on the eastern side, a total of eight (8) spaces. With the removal of these eight spaces, this will result in a **shortage of three (3) spaces** on a Thursday, and residential parking will be displaced onto adjacent streets such as Barden Street or South Street. Parking availability on Saturday will still be able to cope with the additional removal of spaces due to the median island.

On Thursday, Barden Street has a parking occupancy rate of around 50% out of 63 spaces, and South Street between Smith and Fanning Streets has a parking occupancy rate of around 40% out of 19 spaces. This means out of a total of 82 spaces, 39 are occupied and 42 are vacant, and therefore, Barden and South Streets will be able to cope with the additional parking demand of the three displaced vehicles.

It is also important to note that this is based on the worst-case scenario where most residents are expected to park overnight or outside Bunnings trading hours. It is possible that some residents may park within Bunnings overnight.

10.2.4.3 Other Impacts

As the median island is built in the centre of the roadway, it will not require changes to accesses along Smith Street. Traffic exiting 1 Smith Street will still be able to turn right onto Smith Street northbound by mounting over the concrete median.

The island will also slow down cyclists riding along Smith Street as they need to divert around the island. However, the impact is minimal and the device is still 'bicycle-friendly'.

The treatment option may have an impact on the travel time of emergency service vehicles through the area. However, in consideration of the existing road environment along these local streets, any

additional proposed LATM measures are not expected to have a significant impact to emergency service vehicle access.

10.2.5 Additional Measures to Options 1 & 2

In addition to the location specific treatment as part of Option 1 and 2, other measures are proposed along Smith Street between Princes Highway and South Street. Some of these measures will also aid in increased connectivity for cyclists along pedestrians and Smith Street.

10.2.5.1 Right Turn Only Sign

The "Right turn only" sign located opposite and facing Bunnings will enforce turn restrictions, preventing traffic exiting Bunnings from turning left onto Smith Street and using local streets.

10.2.5.2 Line Marking

Edge and centre line markings will be provided along Smith Street (partially under Option 1, full length under Option 2), in addition to proposed line marking as part of Bunnings development arrangement. It will also provide differentiation between the northern and southern sections of Smith Street. Recommended delineation alignments to tie in with the proposed treatments have also been provided in the concept drawings in **Appendix B**.

10.2.5.3 Bicycle Infrastructure

To provide off and on road bicycle transitions and connect the route on Smith Street to Princes Highway, the existing shared paths along Princes Highway will be extended on Smith Street, with kerb ramps and delineation. This aims to aid bicycles to transition to mixed traffic (bicycle and vehicles) along Smith Street away from the Princes Highway intersection. This will involve realignment and widening of the existing footpaths to allow one-way bicycle travel at minimum.

An angled bicycle ramp for southbound cyclists will be located on the eastern shared path, along with wayfinding and pavement markings to guide cyclists onto the road. Northbound cyclists will utilise the existing driveway of 48 Smith Street to access the extended shared path. Signage and marking will be used to guide cyclists to transition onto the shared path to travel along the existing Princes Highway shared paths.

On-road bicycle markings spaced evenly along Smith Street reaffirm that Smith Street is a mixed-traffic cycling route.

10.2.5.4 Widened Footpath

Option a

The non-shared path section of the western footpath will be widened to 2.5m width to provide improved pedestrian facility. This option is known as **Option 1a or 2a** in the concept plans. Kerbside parking will be retained and delineated by edge line marking. The delineation will also provide a road narrowing along Smith Street and assist in slowing down vehicles.

Option b

Alternatively, the kerbside parking may be replaced with a landscaped verge of 1.6m width to provide a form of screening between the widened footpath and the roadway. This option is known as **Option 1b or 2b** in the concept plans. The reduced roadway width will also assist in slowing down vehicles. However, this will result in the loss of 31 kerbside parking spaces on the western side of the road. Six (6) spaces will be retained for parking, resulting in a net loss of 25 spaces on the western side of the road, i.e. a total of 26 spaces on both sides.

As mentioned previously, Smith Street will have an estimated 5 and 14 vacant spaces remaining on Thursday and Saturday respectively, after spaces are removed for the Bunnings development. The removal of 26 spaces will result in the overflow of 21 and 12 spaces onto adjacent streets on Thursday and Saturday respectively. Barden and South Streets, with a total of 42 vacant spaces, will be able to absorb the overflow of parking from Smith Street.

A summary of the loss in parking on Smith Street for the different options is shown in Table 10.1.

Table 10.1: Loss of Smith Street Parking Spaces between Different Options

Option	Western side	Eastern side	Total spaces lost from Design	Spaces removed for Bunnings	Total spaces removed	Existing vacant spaces	Vacant spaces remaining ¹
Thursday							
Option 1a	3	1	4	13	17	18	1
Option 2a	8	1	9	13	22	18	-4
Option 1b	25	1	26	13	39	18	-21
Option 2b	25	1	26	13	39	18	-21
Saturday							
Option 1a	3	1	4	13	17	27	10
Option 2a	8	1	9	13	22	27	5
Option 1b	25	1	26	13	39	27	-12
Option 2b	25	1	26	13	39	27	-12

¹ Negative vacant spaces indicates parking demand exceeds capacity, resulting in parking overflow

10.3 Holbeach Avenue

10.3.1 Issues

As discussed in previous sections, the issues present on Holbeach Avenue are:

- Holbeach Avenue has relatively high average daily traffic (ADT) volumes, up to 550 vehicles per day in each direction, compared to other local roads in the study area.
- Holbeach Avenue has relatively high 85th percentile speeds of up to 44 km/h per direction compared to other local roads.
- Based on crash history, five (5) crashes occurred along Holbeach Avenue between January 2014 and December 2018, all resulting in injuries.

10.3.2 Location of Treatment Options

Treatment options for Smith Street will be located between the accesses of 14 and 16 Holbeach Avenue. Placing treatment options mid-block on Holbeach Avenue breaks up the long straight section of the roadway, preventing drivers from speeding up along the road.

The existing streetlight outside 14 Holbeach Avenue will also provide visibility of the device at night.

10.3.3 Option 1: Speed Cushions

This option involves a set of four (4) speed cushions of 100mm height across the roadway, along with associated signage.

10.3.3.1 Merits

It is generally uncomfortable for drivers of vehicles to travel over vertical deflections at high speeds. By providing speed cushions as vertical deflections, vehicles will slow down in order to safely travel over the speed cushions. Lower speeds will in turn increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic from utilising Holbeach Avenue as an alternative route.

10.3.3.2 Impacts to Parking

As speed cushions do not require changes in roadway geometry, there will also be no impacts to kerbside parking or driveway accesses. Vehicles can still park over the road hump.

10.3.3.3 Other Impacts

The low profile of speed cushions allows for buses and service vehicles to travel to the Tempe recreation area. Bicycles can also safely get over speed cushions after slowing down.

Noise generated from travelling over speed cushions is not an issue as the land use along Holbeach Avenue is non-residential in nature.

10.3.4 Option 2: Speed Cushions and Road Narrowing

This option is similar to option 1 in providing speed cushions. However, only a set of two (2) speed cushions of 100mm height will be provided across the roadway, with landscaped kerb blisters on each side of the road to provide narrowing of the roadway.

10.3.4.1 Merits

Similar to Option 1 for Smith Street, road narrowing will provide a narrow travel width and will likely be able to force traffic to slow down. Landscaping on the kerb blisters may also improve the aesthetics of the roadway and enhance sense of place. It may also provide clearer changes in road geometry for vehicles approaching the treatment.

Road narrowing will result in a loss of parking along Holbeach Avenue (see next section). However, the removal of parking may improve sightlines of vehicles turning out from the accesses onto Holbeach Avenue. It also improves manoeuvrability of these turns as there is a reduced likelihood of parked vehicles obstructing the access points of 14 and 16 Holbeach Avenue.

10.3.4.2 Impacts to Parking

Road narrowing will result in a loss of up to one (1) parking space on each side of the road, a total of two (2) spaces. While there are no parking surveys available for Holbeach Avenue, observations during site visit show that there are ample vacant on-street parking spaces along Holbeach Avenue during the daytime. It is very likely that the parking availability of Holbeach Avenue is able to cope with the loss of a mere two spaces.

10.3.4.3 Other Impacts

Impacts of speed cushions on traffic have been outlined in Option 1 and will not differ in Option 2.

The kerb blisters will be built between 14 and 16 Holbeach Avenue. There are no property accesses on the western side at the same location. As such, there will be no impacts of the treatments on the accesses along Holbeach Street.

The treatment option (road narrowing) may have an impact on the travel time of emergency service vehicles through the area. However, in consideration of the existing road environment along these local streets, any additional proposed LATM measures are not expected to have a significant impact to emergency service vehicle access.

10.4 Stanley Street

10.4.1 Issues

As discussed in previous sections, the issues present on Stanley Street are:

- Stanley Street has relatively high 85th percentile speeds of up to 45 km/h per direction compared to other local roads, although these speeds are below the speed limit of 50 km/h.
- Stanley Street also has up to 13 heavy vehicles per direction daily, despite the 3 tonne truck load limit imposed.

10.4.2 Location of Treatment Options

Treatment options for Stanley Street will be located at two locations: outside 14 and 37 Stanley Street. The treatments to be installed at both locations will be the same.

Placing treatment options on two mid-block locations along Stanley Street breaks up the long straight section of the roadway, preventing drivers from speeding up along the road. The spacing between both locations are also consistent with spacing recommendations.

Existing streetlights outside 13-15 Stanley Street and 37 Stanley Street will also provide visibility of the devices at night.

10.4.3 Option 1: Flat Top Road Hump

This option involves a 100mm high concrete flat top road hump across the roadway at each location. The hump will have a contrasting surface treatment, usually a 'terracotta' colour surface.

10.4.3.1 Merits

Similar to speed cushions, by providing flat top road humps as vertical deflections, vehicles will slow down in order to safely travel over the humps. Lower speeds will in turn increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic from utilising Stanley Street.

Flat top road humps are consistent with other LATM devices in the area, particularly along Edwin Street.

10.4.3.2 Impacts to Parking

As flat top road humps do not require changes in roadway geometry, there will also be no impacts to kerbside parking or driveway accesses. Vehicles can still park over the road hump.

10.4.3.3 Other Impacts

As Stanley Street is not a heavy vehicle or bus route, there will be no noise generated as a result of trucks or buses travelling over the road hump. Bicycles will still be able to safely get over speed cushions.

10.4.4 Option 2: Road Narrowing

This option involves landscaped kerb blisters on each side of the road at each location.

10.4.4.1 Merits

Similar to road narrowing options proposed in other roads, road narrowing will provide a narrow travel width and will likely be able to force traffic to slow down. Lower speeds will in turn increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic from utilising Stanley Street.

Landscaping on the kerb blisters may also improve the aesthetics of the roadway and blend into the local landscape. It may also provide clearer changes in road geometry for vehicles approaching the treatment.

Road narrowing will result in a loss of parking along Stanley Street (see next section). However, the removal of parking may improve sightlines of vehicles turning out from the accesses onto Stanley Street. It also improves manoeuvrability of these turns as there is a reduced likelihood of parked vehicles obstructing nearby access points.

Kerb blisters are consistent with other LATM devices in the area, particularly along Union Street.

10.4.4.2 Impacts to Parking

Road narrowing will result in a loss of up to one (1) parking space on each side of the road at each of the two (2) locations, a total of four (4) spaces. While there are no parking surveys available for Stanley Street, observations made during a site visit show that there are ample vacant on-street parking spaces along Stanley Street during the daytime. It is very likely that the parking availability of Stanley Street is able to cope with the loss of four spaces.

10.4.4.3 Other Impacts

The kerb blisters will be built in between driveways of properties along Stanley Street. As such, there will be no impacts on the property access.

Road narrowing in general may slightly increase travel time of emergency service vehicles through the area due to reduced speed. However, considering the existing road environment along these local streets, any additional proposed LATM measures are not expected to have a significant impact on emergency service vehicle access.

10.5 Wentworth Street

10.5.1 Issues

As discussed in previous sections, the issues present on Wentworth Street are:

- Wentworth Street has up to 10 heavy vehicles per direction daily, despite the 3-tonne truck load limit imposed.
- A signage audit noted missing truck load limit signage when approaching Wentworth Street from Princes Highway.

10.5.2 Location of Treatment Options

Treatment options for Wentworth Street will be located at two locations: north of South Street (outside 5 Wentworth Street) and south of Princes Highway (outside 846-854 Princes Highway, south of the Tempe Tyre Centre access). The treatments to be installed at both locations will be the same.

10.5.3 Option 1: Road Narrowing & Contrasting Threshold

This option involves landscaped kerb blisters on each side of the road at each location, and an at-grade embossed text pattern as contrasting pavement between the kerb blisters.

10.5.3.1 Merits

Similar to Option 1 for Smith Street, providing road narrowing will encourage traffic to slow down. Lower speeds will in turn increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic from utilising Stanley Street.

Landscaping on the kerb blisters may also improve the aesthetics of the roadway and enhance sense of place. It may also provide clearer changes in road geometry for vehicles approaching the treatment.

The contrasting pavement will highlight the local traffic area by providing a physical and visual gateway treatment to Wentworth Street. The differentiation of road environment may discourage vehicles from turning into Wentworth Street, particularly from South Street. Combined with road narrowing, the reduce geometry may also be less favourable to heavy vehicles and deter them from turning into Wentworth Street.

Road narrowing will result in a loss of parking along Wentworth Street. However, the removal of parking may improve sightlines for vehicles exiting driveways onto Wentworth Street. It also improves manoeuvrability of these turns as there is a reduced likelihood of obstruction from parked vehicles.

10.5.3.2 Impacts to Parking

Road narrowing will result in a loss of up to one (1) parking space on each side of the road at the location south of Princes Highway. There is no nominal loss of parking spaces at the location north of South Street as it is within 10 metres from a T-intersection, meaning it has an existing non-signposted No Stopping restriction. Therefore, a total of two (2) spaces will be lost.

While there are no parking surveys available for Wentworth Street, observations during site visit show that there are ample vacant on-street parking spaces along Wentworth Street during the daytime. It is very likely that the parking availability of Wentworth Street is able to cope with the loss of two spaces.

10.5.3.3 Other Impacts

At the location south of Princes Highway, the kerb blisters will be built between the property access of 846 Princes Highway and Tempe Tyre Centre access. At the location north of South Street, there are no property accesses adjacent to the device location. As such, there will be no impacts on the accesses along Wentworth Street.

Road narrowing in general may slightly increase travel time of emergency service vehicles through the area due to reduced speed. However, considering the existing road environment along these local streets, any additional proposed LATM measures are not expected to have a significant impact on emergency service vehicle access.

10.5.4 Option 2: Flat Top Road Hump

This option involves a 100mm high concrete flat top road hump across the roadway at each location. The road hump will have a contrasting surface treatment, usually a 'terracotta' colour surface.

10.5.4.1 Merits

By providing flat top road humps as vertical deflections, vehicles will slow down in order to safely travel over the humps. Lower speeds will in turn increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic from utilising Wentworth Street.

10.5.4.2 Impacts to Parking

As flat top road humps do not require changes in roadway geometry, there will also be no impacts to kerbside parking or driveway accesses. Vehicles can still park over the road hump.

10.5.4.3 Other Impacts

As Wentworth Street is not a heavy vehicle or bus route, there will be no noise generated as a result of trucks or buses travelling over the road hump. Bicycles will still be able to safely get over the road humps.

10.5.5 Additional Measures to Options 1 & 2

In addition to Option 1 or 2, truck restriction (3t limit) is proposed at the northern end of Wentworth Street. The signage along Princes Highway will provide an early indication and warning of the truck restriction along Wentworth Street, while the signage along Wentworth Street south of the Tempe Tyre Centre access will enforce the truck load limit and reinforce the local road environment. The signage aims to reduce heavy vehicles accessing Wentworth Street from Princes Highway, with the exception of delivery vehicles accessing Tempe Tyre Centre.

10.6 Union Street

10.6.1 Issues

As discussed in previous sections, the issues present on Union Street are:

- Union Street has relatively high average daily traffic (ADT) volumes of almost 500 vehicles per day, compared to other local roads in the study area.
- Due to its proximity to a school, there is high pedestrian activity especially before and after school hours

Additionally, Union Street will be impacted by traffic generated from Bunnings, and will likely heighten any of the existing traffic issues.

Other options such as a closure of Union Street at Princes Highway have been considered, however, such a closure will result in a number of unfavourable routes and outcomes.

10.6.2 Option 1: Flat Top Road Hump

This option involves a 100mm high concrete flat top road hump across the roadway at each location. The road hump will have a contrasting surface treatment, usually a 'terracotta' colour surface.

The flat top road humps will be located outside 2 Union Street and outside 46 Union Street.

10.6.2.1 Merits

By providing flat top road humps as vertical deflections, vehicles will slow down in order to safely travel over the humps. Lower speeds will in turn increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic from utilising Union Street, in particular utility type vehicles.

10.6.2.2 Impacts to Parking

As flat top road humps do not require changes in roadway geometry, there will also be no impacts to kerbside parking or driveway accesses. Vehicles can still park over the road hump.

10.6.2.3 Other Impacts

As Union Street is not a heavy vehicle or bus route, there will be no noise generated as a result of trucks or buses travelling over the road hump. Bicycles will still be able to safely travel over the road humps.

10.6.3 Option 2: Shared Zone

This option involves implementing a 10 km/h shared zone between Princes Highway and School Lane. Marked parking bays will be provided along the shared zone, with some overlapping with the footpath. The shared zone will require approval from Transport for NSW.

10.6.3.1 Shared Zone Warrants

Transport for NSW *Shared Zone Policy* (SS/12/01) provides a set of criteria for implementing shared zones. The proposal area was assessed against the criteria, shown in Table 10.2. Transport for NSW technical direction *Design and implementation of shared zones including provision for parking* (TTD2016/001) was also considered for the design of the shared zone.

10.6.3.2 Merits

A 10 km/h shared zone will force vehicles to slow down along Union Street. Additionally, vehicles must always give way to all pedestrians crossing Union Street. This will increase pedestrian safety, particularly to school children from Tempe Public School and Union Street residents. Lower speeds will also increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic from utilising Union Street.

Marked parking bays will be provided along the shared zone, with some overlapping with the footpath. This will formalise parking on the footpath, which is already present on Union Street.

10.6.3.3 Impacts to Parking

The marked parking bays will retain parking along Union Street. However, each bay must meet the dimensional requirements of *AS2890.5 On-street parking*, which state that most spaces must be 6.0-6.7 metre long. The parking bays will be slightly longer than the existing unmarked parking spaces, hence reducing the parking capacity of Union Street and a small reduction of parking spaces. Based on the parking surveys, the parking occupancy of Union Street is about 60-80%, which allows some room for the reduction of a few parking spaces without impacting on capacity. The PWD space on the eastern side of Union Street will be retained and marked.

10.6.3.4 Other Impacts

As the shared zone has no physical changes to the roadway, there will be no changes to waste collection services and routes. Parking bays will not be marked outside driveway accesses to maintain property accesses at all times.

10.6.4 Additional Measures to Options 1 & 2

An at-grade contrasting pavement is proposed at the start of Union Street to deter non-local traffic from travelling along Union Street.

Table 10.2: Shared Zone Criteria Assessment

Features	Shared Zone Criteria	Union Street between Princes Highway and School Lane	Meets Criteria?
Current traffic flows	≤ 100 vehicles per hour and ≤ 1000 vehicles per day	Less than 100 per hour based on intersection count surveys and tube counts Average of 487 vehicles per day based on tube counts	Yes
Current speed limit	≤50 km/h	50 km/h	Yes
Length of proposed Shared Zone	≤400 metres	Around 215 metres	Yes
Current speed limit of adjoining roads	≤50km/h	Adjoining roads Smith Street, Zuitton Lane, Brooklyn Lane and School Lane are not signposted and are assumed to have the default 50 km/h speed limit. Princes Highway is 60 km/h, however vehicles would already have to slow down when turning into Union Street.	Yes
Current Carriageway width	Minimum traffic width of 2.8 metres	Assuming vehicles are allowed to park on footpaths, a traffic width of at least 2.8 metres is possible	Yes
Route Access	Must not be located along bus routes or heavy vehicle routes except delivery or garbage trucks	No bus routes Not a heavy vehicle route due to the 3 tonne truck load limit	Yes
Streets with narrow or no footpaths	Where pedestrians are forced to use the road	Footpaths are already quite narrow and are further narrowed with parked vehicles on footpath	Yes
Kerbs	Kerbs must be removed unless excepted by RMS / Transport for NSW	A Category 2 shared zone as shown in TTD2016/001 can be implemented, without the removal of kerbs.	Yes
All criteria met?			Yes

10.7 Edwin Street

10.7.1 Issues

As discussed in previous sections, the issues present on Edwin Street include:

- Relatively high average daily traffic (ADT) volumes of over 400 vehicles per day, compared to other local roads in the study area
- Due to its proximity to a school, there is a high level of pedestrian activity especially during AM and PM school peaks

In addition, there is potential for Bunnings generated traffic to use Edwin Street as an alternative route to access Unwins Bridge Road.

10.7.2 Option 1: Flat Top Road Hump

This option involves a 100mm high concrete flat top road hump across the roadway with a contrasting surface treatment, such as a 'terracotta' colour surface and light coloured ramps / wings.

The flat top road hump will be located outside No. 14 Edwin Street, and complement the existing road hump on east of Stanley Street.

10.7.2.1 Merits

While speed is not a concern along Edwin Street, by providing flat top road hump as vertical deflections, vehicles will slow down in order to safely travel over the humps. This provides two benefits:

- Lower speeds to increase pedestrian safety, particularly during school pick up and drop off locations
- Increased travel time and a less comfortable road environment in conjunction with the existing road hump and narrow carriageway should deter non-local traffic from using Edwin Street.

10.7.2.2 Impacts to Parking

No changes to kerbside alignments are proposed, the flat top road hump will have no impact on kerbside parking or driveway accesses. Vehicles can still park over the road hump. Landscaped barriers on the kerbside may hinder opening of car doors.

10.7.2.3 Other Impacts

As Edwin Street is not a heavy vehicle or bus route, there will be little noise generated as a result of trucks or buses travelling over the road hump. Bicycles will still be able to safely travel over the road humps.

10.8 Tramway Street

10.8.1 Issues

Tramway Street does not currently experience excess traffic speed or volume issues, however has been identified as potential alternative route or rat run for non-local traffic, including Bunnings development traffic.

10.8.2 Option 1: Contrasting Thresholds

Due to the restricted carriageway and length of road and existing splitter island at Edwin Street, further physical treatment won't be necessary along Tramway Street. However, contrasting thresholds are proposed to be located at each end (Unwins Bridge Road and Edwin Street).

10.8.2.1 Merits

The contrasting thresholds provide a visual indicator of the change in road environment on entry to Tramway Street, particularly at Unwins Bridge Road. The threshold will act as a visual gateway to the local residential area and aim to deter non-local traffic.

10.8.2.2 Impacts to Parking

The contrasting threshold will have no impacts to existing kerbside parking.

10.9 Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets

At-grade contrasting threshold pavements are proposed along Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets just south of Princes Highway.

While there are no existing issues with these four roads, LATM measures should still be put in place to further deter non-local traffic from travelling along these local roads, particularly from Princes Highway.

It is understood that a 40 km/h Local Traffic Area, including the study area south of Princes Highway, is intended to be implemented in the future. This reduction in speed limit will be subject to a speed review study, potentially including further proposed traffic calming treatments. These treatments and the 40km/h Local Traffic Area will be subject to review and approval by Transport for NSW.

10.9.1.1 Merits

The contrasting pavement will highlight the local traffic area by providing a physical and visual gateway treatment to these local roads. The differentiation of road environment may be able to deter vehicles turning left from Princes Highway onto the local roads.

10.9.1.2 Impacts to Parking

As the threshold pavements require no physical change to the roadway geometry, there will be no impacts to parking. As the proposed locations are within 10 metres from T-intersections, there are already existing No Stopping restrictions at the locations in accordance with the Australian Road Rules.

10.9.1.3 Other Impacts

As the contrasting pavements do not involve any horizontal or vertical deflection of the roadway, there will be no impacts to property access, cyclists or emergency service vehicles.

10.10 Summary of Merits

The merits of each proposed treatment are summarised in Table 10.3. Deterring non-local traffic was a key objective in all proposed treatments.

Table 10.3: Merits of Proposed Treatments

Road	Option	Type	Rationale
Smith Street	1	Road Narrowing and Contrasting Pavement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Historic non-preference for vertical deflection devices such as speed humps or cushions Kerb blisters slows traffic by providing a narrow travel width Can reduce travel width similar to neighbouring streets Highlights local traffic area by providing a physical and visual gateway treatment to the south section of Smith Street Differentiation of road environment may deter vehicles turning left from proposed Bunnings access Smith Street south Reduced geometry less favourable to heavy vehicles Breaks up long straight section of roadway Landscaped elements may enhance sense of place Removal of parking improves sightlines and manoeuvrability of traffic entering Smith Street No noise impacts to residences Bicycle friendly (with appropriate road markings)
	2	Mountable Concrete Median Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Historic non-preference for vertical deflection devices such as speed humps or cushions Highlights local traffic area by providing a physical and visual gateway treatment to the south section of Smith Street Differentiation of road environment may deter vehicles turning left from proposed Bunnings access Smith Street south Reduced geometry less favourable to heavy vehicles and slows traffic by diverting vehicles around the island Breaks up long straight section of roadway Removal of parking improves sightlines and manoeuvrability of traffic entering Smith Street No noise impacts to residences Bicycle friendly (with appropriate road markings) Low-profile allows right-turning trucks out of 1 Smith Street to mount over the median
	Additional to both options	Right Turn Only Signage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Right turn only" sign deters traffic exiting Bunnings from turning left onto Smith Street

Road	Option	Type	Rationale
Smith Street	Additional to both options	Line Marking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Difference in line marking between the northern and southern sections of Smith Street provide differentiation of road environment between both sections ▪ Differentiation of road environment may deter vehicles turning left from proposed Bunnings access Smith Street south ▪ Recommended lane delineation alignments tie in with the proposed treatments ▪ Provides clear travel lanes for vehicles and cyclists, with sufficient clearance from parked vehicles and opposing traffic
		Bicycle Facilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Shared paths allow cyclists to ride between on-road cycling along Smith Street and the Princes Highway shared path without dismounting ▪ Bicycle ramps provide off and on-road bicycle transitions between the Smith Street roadway and the shared path ▪ On-road bicycle markings spaced evenly along Smith Street reaffirm that Smith Street is a mixed-traffic cycling route
		Widened Footpath	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provide improved pedestrian facility ▪ Reduced roadway provides a road narrowing along Smith Street and assist in slowing down vehicles
		Optional Landscaped Verge (Option b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provides form of screening from the roadway
Holbeach Avenue	1	Speed Cushions (x4)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Slows vehicles down by providing vertical deflection which may be inconvenient to speeding vehicles ▪ Lower speeds increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic ▪ Allows for bus and service vehicle travel to Tempe recreation area ▪ Does not impact kerbside parking ▪ Minimises impact to driveway access ▪ No noise impacts to residences (industrial area) ▪ Located near street lighting for better visibility at night ▪ Spacing between intersections consistent with recommendations ▪ Bicycle friendly

Road	Option	Type	Rationale
Holbeach Avenue	2	Speed Cushions (x2) & Road Narrowing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slows vehicles down by providing vertical deflection which may be inconvenient to speeding vehicles Lower speeds increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic Provides further traffic calming by narrowing the available roadway Landscaped kerb blisters may enhance the local streetscape Provides physical and visual gateway to area No noise impacts to residences (industrial area) Located near street lighting for better visibility at night Spacing between intersections consistent with recommendations Bicycle friendly
Stanley Street	1	Flat Top Road Hump	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breaks up long straight section of roadway Slows vehicles down by providing vertical deflection which may be inconvenient to speeding vehicles Lower speeds increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic Consistent with other LATM devices in the area Located near street lighting for better visibility at night Treatment spacing consistent with spacing recommendations Does not impact kerbside parking
	2	Road Narrowing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slows vehicles down by providing horizontal deflection Lower speeds increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic Kerb blisters break up long straight section of roadway Provides a permanent narrowing of roadway Landscaped features are visually more appealing and will allow the device to blend into the local streetscape Located near street lighting for better visibility at night Treatment spacing consistent with spacing recommendations Consistent with other LATM devices in the area
Wentworth Street	1	Road Narrowing & Contrasting Pavement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> May deter heavy vehicle traffic and slow vehicles down by reducing roadway widths and increasing roadway friction Lower speeds increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic Highlights local traffic area by providing a visual gateway treatment to the local roads Differentiation of road environment may deter vehicles from turning into Wentworth Street

Road	Option	Type	Rationale
Wentworth Street	2	Flat Top Road Hump	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slows vehicles down by providing vertical deflection which may be inconvenient to speeding vehicles Lower speeds increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic Highlights local traffic area by providing a visual gateway treatment to the local roads Differentiation of road environment may deter vehicles turning into Wentworth Street
	Additional to both options	3 Tonne Truck Limit Signage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deter heavy vehicles from turning into Wentworth Street from Princes Highway, other than to access Tempe Tyre Centre
Union Street	1	Flat Top Road Hump	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breaks up long straight section of roadway Slows vehicles down by providing vertical deflection which may be inconvenient to speeding vehicles Lower speeds increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic Consistent with other LATM devices in the area Located near street lighting for better visibility at night Treatment spacing consistent with spacing recommendations Does not impact kerbside parking
	2	Shared Zone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slows vehicles down with a 10 km/h speed limit Lower speeds increase travel time and may deter non-local traffic The nature of shared zone also gives priority to pedestrians and increase pedestrian safety Marked parking bays on footpaths formalises parking on footpath
	Additional to both options	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Highlights local traffic area by providing a visual gateway treatment to the local roads Differentiation of road environment may deter vehicles from turning into Union Street from Princes Highway
Edwin Street	1	Flat Top Road Hump	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breaks up long straight section of roadway Slows vehicles down by providing vertical deflection Lower speeds improve pedestrian safety, increases travel time and may deter non-local traffic Consistent with existing road hump on Edwin Street Located near street lighting for better visibility at night Treatment spacing consistent with spacing recommendations Does not impact kerbside parking
Tramway Street	1	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Highlights local traffic area by providing a visual gateway treatment to the local roads Differentiation of road environment may deter vehicles from turning into Tramway Street from Unwins Bridge Road

Road	Option	Type	Rationale
Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets	-	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Highlights local traffic area by providing a visual gateway treatment to the local roads Differentiation of road environment may deter vehicles from turning into these local streets from Princes Highway Complements existing truck load limit signage

10.11 Summary of Impacts

The possible impacts on kerbside parking, property accesses and cyclists are summarised in Table 10.4.

Table 10.4: Impacts of Proposed Treatments

Road	Option	Type	Impacts to Parking & Access	Impacts to Cyclists
Smith Street	1	Road Narrowing and Contrasting Pavement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to two (2) parking spaces removed on the western side and one (1) space on the eastern side. Combined with the loss of 13 on-street parking as part of Bunnings development, a total of 16 on-street parking will be lost. Two (2) vacant spaces will still be available on Smith Street on an average Thursday. No impacts to 1 Smith Street access. 	Minimal impacts to cyclists on roadway
	2	Mountable Concrete Median Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to seven (7) parking spaces removed on the western side and one (1) space on the eastern side. Combined with the loss of 13 on-street parking as part of Bunnings development, a total of 21 on-street parking will be lost. On average Thursday, there will be a shortage of three (3) spaces and will result in a flow-on effect of residential parking onto other streets such as Barden Street or South Street. Right-turning vehicles exiting 1 Smith Street access may and will be allowed to mount over the low-profile median. 	Cyclists on roadway will have to slow down to divert around the median treatment
	Additional to both options	Right Turn Only Signage	Vehicles exiting the Bunnings access must turn right	No impact to cyclists
		Line Marking	Minimal impacts	Minimal negative impacts

Road	Option	Type	Impacts to Parking & Access	Impacts to Cyclists
		Bicycle Facilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> One (1) parking space loss 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimal negative impacts
		Widened Footpath	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Footpath must be designed to allow access driveways and the roadway Minimal impacts to parking, as kerbside parking will be retained 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impact to cyclists
		Optional Landscaped Verge (Option b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Removal of 25 parking spaces on the western side 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impact to cyclists
Holbeach Avenue	1	Speed Cushions (x4)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impacts to parking, as vehicles are still able to park over speed cushions No impacts to property accesses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimal impacts to cyclists as they are expected to utilise the shared path adjacent to roadway
	2	Speed Cushions (x2) and Road Narrowing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> One (1) parking space removed on each side of the roadway, total two (2) No impacts to property accesses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimal impacts to cyclists as they are expected to utilise the shared path adjacent to roadway
Stanley Street	1	Flat Top Road Hump	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impacts to parking, as vehicles are still able to park over flat top road humps No impacts to property accesses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cyclists on roadway will have to slow down to safely get over the hump
	2	Road Narrowing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For each location: one (1) parking space removed on each side of the roadway, total two (2) per location No impact to property accesses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimal impacts to cyclists on roadway
Wentworth Street	1	Road Narrowing & Contrasting Pavement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For the location south of Princes Highway: one (1) parking space removed on each side of the roadway, total two (2) spaces No nominal loss of parking spaces for the location north of South Street, as it is located within 10 metres from a T-intersection, meaning it has an existing non-signposted No Stopping restriction Minimal impacts to property accesses, including vehicular access to Tempe Tyre Centre. May impact waste access to Tempe Tyre Centre. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimal impacts to cyclists on roadway

Road	Option	Type	Impacts to Parking & Access	Impacts to Cyclists
	2	Flat Top Road Hump	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impacts to parking, as vehicles are still able to park over flat top road humps No impacts to property accesses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cyclists on roadway will have to slow down to safely get over the hump
	Additional to both options	3 Tonne Truck Limit Signage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any heavy vehicle accidentally turning into Wentworth Street will have to exit via Tempe Tyre Centre 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impact to cyclists
Union Street	1	Flat Top Road Hump	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impacts to parking, as vehicles are still able to park over flat top road humps No impacts to property accesses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cyclists on roadway will have to slow down to safely get over the hump
	2	Shared Zone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The longer marked parking bays will result in a small number of parking spaces Parking bays will stay clear of property driveways to ensure no impact to property accesses 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cyclists will have to give way to pedestrians
	Additional to both options	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impacts to parking and access. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impact to cyclists
Edwin Street	1	Flat Top Road Hump	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impacts to parking and access. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impact to cyclists
Tramway Avenue	1	Contrasting Threshold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impacts to parking and access. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impact to cyclists
Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets	-	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impacts to parking and access. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No impact to cyclists

11. INFRASTRUCTURE ITEMISATION

11.1 Methodology

Most of the concept designs of LATM treatments were designed against on-site conditions such as road width and geometry, with reference to Australian Standards and Austroads design guidelines. However, the contrasting pavement thresholds presented are typical designs which may be adapted in each treatment location.

The following general costing methodology was adopted:

- Treatments were itemised and broken down into their composite elements, such as reinforced concrete platforms, line marking, signs, and landscaping
- Previous LATM studies, benchmark infrastructure costs and pedestrian facility planning reports recently undertaken in NSW were consulted to estimate a baseline treatment unit cost
- A unit cost per treatment type was developed based on the itemisation and base line unit costs
- The total estimated cost was developed based on the quantity and unit cost of each treatment.

The assumptions and exclusions made as a part of our cost estimations are outlined in the sections below.

11.2 Relevant Guidelines

11.2.1 Australian Standards

AS1742 Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices was the primary reference consulted for this study for specifications on traffic calming devices, and relevant signage and line marking. Both *AS1742 Part 10: Pedestrian Control and Protection* and *AS1742 Part 13: Local Area Traffic Management* were consulted for the specifications, with the former relating to refuge and median islands, and wombat crossings, and the latter relating to thresholds and other humps.

The Roads and Maritime Supplement to Australian Standard 1742 – Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices parts 1-15 (Version 2.4) (known simply as RMS supplement to AS1742) was consulted for any Roads and Maritime (RMS) modification or practices that differ from AS1742. The supplement cross references a number of RMS (and its predecessor Roads and Traffic Authority) technical directions, which are listed in Section 11.2.4.

11.2.2 Austroads Guide to Traffic Management

Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8 – Local Area Traffic Management was also consulted for recommended specifications on treatments not covered in AS1742 or the RMS supplement to AS1742.

The RMS Austroads Guide Supplements – *Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8 – Local Area Traffic Management* (known simply as RMS supplement to Austroads) was consulted for any Roads and Maritime (RMS) modification or practices that differ from Austroads.

11.2.3 STA Bus Infrastructure Guidelines

The *State Transit Authority Bus Infrastructure Guidelines* outlines a number of infrastructure design aspects which must be taken into considering when implementing traffic calming treatments along bus routes. These are recommended to ensure a minimisation of impacts to bus operations.

11.2.4 Transport for NSW Technical Directions and Guidelines

Transport for NSW (and its predecessors Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) and Roads and Traffic Authority (RTA)) delineation guidelines were also consulted for specification for zebra crossings and edge and centre line markings:

- Roads and Traffic Authority Delineation Section 4 – Longitudinal Markings was consulted for dimensions of edge and centre line markings.
- Roads and Traffic Authority Delineation Section 7 – Transverse Lines Pedestrian Facilities was consulted for dimensions of pedestrian (zebra) crossings.

Transport for NSW technical direction *Design and implementation of shared zones including provision for parking* (TTD2016/001) was consulted for requires signage for shared zones.

11.3 Treatments


Each proposed treatment option was broken down into its key components, such as physical components and any required signage. Itemised components of the proposed standard treatments may include (but are not limited to):







- Concrete components (such as platforms, kerb blisters, refuge islands etc)
- Line marking or road surface marking
- Surfacing or surface colour treatment
- Signage
- Landscaping
- Civil works




Table 11.1 details the breakdown of each proposed treatment type.

These traffic calming devices are identified as being appropriate for the context of the zone and can assist in creating a safer local road environment.

Table 11.1: Proposed Treatments

LATM Treatments	Description	Components	Signs and Posts
Road narrowing	Landscaped kerb blisters with low height shrubs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kerb blisters Treatment surfacing Civil works Landscaping 	n/a
Contrasting pavement	At-grade contrasting pavement treatment (embossed text pattern)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contrasting pavement (at-grade) Treatment surfacing Civil works 	n/a
Line marking	Edge, centre line and lane delineation marking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Edge line marking Centre line marking Lane Delineation (L1 and C1) 	n/a
Mountable concrete median	Mountable low-profile concrete median with contrasting pavement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Low-profile median island Treatment surfacing Signage Civil works 	n/a
Right Turn Only signage		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Signage Civil works 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 x R2-14_R  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 x signpost

LATM Treatments	Description	Components	Signs and Posts
Speed cushions	100mm high speed cushions (either in set of 2 or set of 4)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speed cushions Signage Civil works 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 x W5-10  2 x W8-2 (25 km/h)  1 x signpost¹
Flat top road hump	100mm high flat top road hump with contrasting surface treatment ('terracotta' colour surface of similar)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raised Hump Line marking Treatment surfacing Signage Civil works Roadside barrier (landscaping or bollard and chain type) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 x W5-10  2 x W8-2 (25 km/h)  1 x signpost²
Bicycle facilities	Shared path and Bicycle on-ramp	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Footpath demolition Shared path (new) Bicycle ramp Bicycle marking (bicycle symbols and arrows) Signage Civil works 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5 x R8-2  2 x R7-4  3 x signposts

LATM Treatments	Description	Components	Signs and Posts
Widened footpath	Widened footpath of 2.5m width, with optional landscaped verge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Footpath demolition Footpath (new) Treatment surfacing Civil works Landscaping (verge) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> n/a
3 tonne truck limit signage	3 tonne truck limit signage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Signage 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 x R6-10-2  2 x R9-231 (3 tonne)  1 x W8-245N_L  1 x signpost³





LATM Treatments	Description	Components	Signs and Posts
Shared zone	10 km/h shared zone with marked parking bays	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Signage Line marking 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3 x R4-4  3 x R5-5  3 x R2-10  3 x R5-65  1 signpost⁴

Image Source: Transport for NSW

1. The speed cushion treatment will only be installed at Holbeach Avenue, using an existing streetlight pole and a new signpost instead of two signposts.

2. It is assumed that each location requires one new signpost:

- The flat top road hump treatment (Option 2) at Wentworth Street north of South Street will utilise an existing streetlight pole and a new signpost

- The flat top road hump treatment (Option 2) at Wentworth Street south of Princes Highway will utilise the signpost used for the 3 tonne truck limit signage, and a new signpost

- The flat top road hump treatment (Option 1) at Stanley Street (at each location) will utilise an existing streetlight pole and a new signpost instead of two signposts.

- The flat top road hump treatment (Option 1) at Union Street (at both locations) will utilise an existing streetlight pole and a new signpost instead of two signposts. It will be assumed one new signpost is needed per location.

3. The 3 tonne truck limit signage treatment will only be installed at Wentworth Street south of Princes Highway, using an existing streetlight pole and a new signpost instead of two signposts.

4. The shared zone treatment will only be installed along Union Street, using an existing streetlight pole, an existing signpost, an existing traffic signal post and a new signpost.

12. COST ESTIMATION

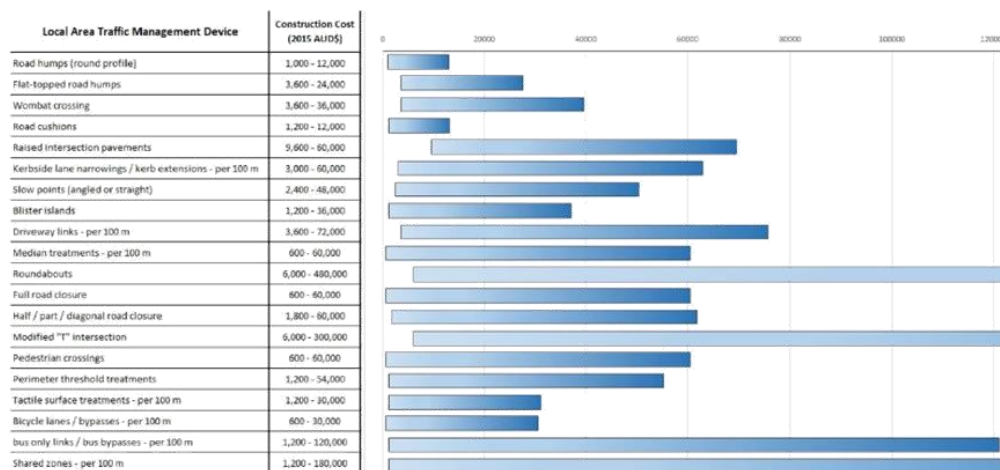
12.1 Treatments

12.1.1 Cost Factors

The cost of implementing these treatments is highly dependent upon the contextual surroundings at each install site. Factors which can affect the costs include:

- Material selection
- Size of treatment
- Accommodation for drainage
- Street lighting
- Any kerb or gutter works
- Adjustments to any pits
- Any landscaping
- Requirement of street closures or traffic control
- Any other additional features, such as supplementary line marking or pedestrian fencing.

In developing cost estimates for the different types of treatments, *Austrroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8 (Local Area Traffic Management)* was consulted. The graph in Figure 12.1 shows the relative construction costs of LATM devices.



Source: Damen (2007) cited in *Austrroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8*

Figure 12.1: Relative LATM Device Costs

Council has provided average standard costs for various LATM treatments, signage, installation and marking, which is the main source used for cost estimation. The Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal New South Wales (IPART NSW) report *Local Infrastructure Benchmark Costs* was also consulted for the cost estimates of some treatments.

The costs detailed in this report should be taken as indicative only. The final treatment costs will ultimately be subject to detailed design at each specific site location.

12.1.2 Treatment Signage

There is a minimum provision of signs required to be installed to accompany the specific treatments proposed, as previously detailed in Section 11.3. These primarily include warning signage associated with the treatments modifying road geometry, such as 'speed hump' warning signs. The provision of these signs is included within the treatment-specific signage costs.

The standard costs of signs were provided for 3 tonne load limit (two signs), speed hump and speed advisory signs, which is \$83 per sign. The standard cost of a galvanised signpost is \$105, and the cost of installing a signpost in concrete is \$205.

12.1.2.1 Assumptions

The following assumptions were made for estimating treatment-associated signage costs:

- The cost of a single sign was estimated at \$83
- All signposts are assumed to be installed in concrete. As such, the total cost for a signpost and its installation was assumed to be \$310.
- Parking restriction signs (certain treatments like kerb blisters have specific restrictions on nearby on-street parking) have **not** been included, as their implementation will be specific to parking conditions at each location.

The minimum sign requirement for each type of treatment is presented in Table 12.1 below.

Table 12.1: Signage Costs per Treatment

LATM Treatment	No. of Signs (each)	No. of Posts (each)	Cost
Road narrowing	-	-	-
Contrasting pavement	-	-	-
Line marking	-	-	-
Mountable concrete median	-	-	-
Right Turn Only signage (Smith Street)	1	1	\$393
Speed cushions	4	1	\$642
Flat top road hump	4	1	\$642
3 tonne truck limit Signage (Wentworth Street south of Princes Highway)	5	1	\$725
Bicycle facilities (Smith Street)	7	3	\$1511
Shared zone	12	1	\$1306

It should be noted the values presented in Table 12.1 do not include labour and installation costs, other than the installation of signposts. The costs of the individual signs and posts are shown to be a relatively small component of the total treatment cost.

Depending on Council's sign inventory and the quality of replaced/removed signs, there may be opportunities to recycle use of old signs where appropriate. Due to their nature, these considerations are subject to detailed design and the actual installation process.

12.1.3 Item Unit Costs

The total unit cost of each component of the treatments identified in Table 11.1 have been estimated at the following costs in Table 12.2. It is important to note that these prices are indicative.

Table 12.2: Item Unit Cost

Item	Unit	Unit Cost (\$)
Treatment (excludes treatment-specific signage)		
Kerb blister	Each	\$5,000
Contrasting pavement (at-grade)	Each	\$15,000
Mountable concrete median	Each	\$10,000
Speed cushion	Each	\$900
Flat top road hump	Each	\$35,000
Footpath demolition	Per square metre	\$55
New footpath or shared path	Per square metre	\$120
Kerb and gutter	Per metre	\$115
Bicycle ramp	Each	\$5,000
Barrier (Landscape or Fence type)	Each	\$1,000
Verge Landscaping	Per metre	\$100
Signage		
Right Turn Only signage at Smith Street	-	\$393
Speed cushions signage	Per set of speed cushions	\$642
Flat top road hump signage	Per flat top road hump	\$642
Bicycle signage at Smith Street	-	\$1511
3 tonne truck limit signage at Wentworth Street south of Princes Highway	-	\$725
Shared zone signage at Union Street	-	\$1306
Marking		
Line marking of 100-150mm width (including edge and centreline)	Per metre	\$6
Shared zone parking bay marking - assumed 4x6m longitudinal marking and 2x2.1m transverse marking, equating to 28m of linemarking	Per 6 metre (a pair of parking bays) of shared zone	\$169
Bicycle symbols	Per symbol	\$62
Directional symbols (arrow)	Per symbol	\$62
Speed Marker	Per symbol	\$62

These estimates are based on the following assumptions:

- Estimates were prepared for a 'standard' treatment for typical conditions within the study area
 - Dimensions and specifications (other than width) are assumed to be the same for each treatment regardless of site and conditions
- Cost of the treatments exclude costs of treatment-specific signage (speed hump warning signs for flat top road humps etc.)
- Costs of treatment-specific and associated sign posts exclude associated parking restriction signs (see Section 12.1.2).
- Flat top road humps have the same cost as a raised pedestrian crossing, which has a cost of \$35,000 based on Council's average standard costs

- Footpath widening or shared path construction includes a complete demolition of the old footpath and construction of a 100mm tall reinforced concrete footpath
- General and landscaping maintenance costs are not included

12.2 Landscaping

The provision of landscaped treatments allows for visually attractive devices with additional functionality. For example, landscaped kerb blisters deter pedestrians from using devices such as flat-top road humps as road crossing devices.

Landscaped treatments can contribute to a more positive community reception of new traffic calming devices. Residents may be inclined to more readily accept a device which contributes to the local streetscape aesthetic with landscaping reflective of the contextual surrounds. Conversely, there may be community backlash over an excessive implementation of devices perceived as intrusive and utilitarian due to the impact to local amenity.

An example of a landscaped versus non-landscaped kerb blister is displayed in Figure 12.2.



Figure 12.2: Kerb Blisters – Landscaping (left) and Standard (right)

However, providing landscaping on treatments requires additional costs, both capital costs for the installation process (soil infill, plant species, etc.) and on-going maintenance costs (watering, general upkeep of the plants, potential future replacements).

Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8, citing City of Knox's Annual LATM Program Review (2002), suggests that the construction costs of an LATM can be reduced by 20-25% with the removal of landscaped features.

12.3 Maintenance

Maintenance costs are an additional consideration when installing treatments, dependent upon a number of factors including:

- Material choice: concrete treatments tend to have a longer life-span than those made out of asphalt or small unit pavers, therefore requiring less future maintenance costs
- Any supplementary elements to the treatment, including street furniture and accompanying warning signage is vulnerable to ongoing damage and potential vandalism
- Devices which require a horizontal deflection of the vehicle (chicane slow points, wide median splitter islands, etc.) may require further reinforcement works to the pavement to handle the side pressures exerted by the vehicle tyres
- Line marking and road symbols must be maintained and refreshed if their condition deteriorates, as efficiency and effectiveness is strongly linked to their visibility.

The high degree of variability in maintenance costs renders it difficult to estimate with a satisfactory degree of accuracy. Maintenance needs and costs will be monitored by Council following the installation of the treatments.

12.4 Estimated Total Treatment Costs

The estimated treatment cost for the entire study area is itemised in Table 12.3. This cost includes all treatment and sign costs identified in the earlier sections. Lengths measured for line marking and landscaping treatments are approximate only.

Table 12.3: Estimated Treatment Cost

Road	Option	Item	Unit Cost (\$)	Quantity	Total (\$)	Including 10% Contingency Cost & 10% Design Cost
Smith Street	Option 1a - Road Narrowing & Contrasting Pavement (including additional measures)	Kerb blisters	\$5,000	2	\$10,000	\$12,000
		Contrasting pavement	\$15,000	1	\$15,000	\$18,000
		Right Turn Only signage	\$393	1	\$393	\$472
		Line marking	\$6 / m	approx. 350m	\$2,100	\$2,520
		Shared path (western)	\$120 / m ²	approx. 30m x 2m	\$7,200	\$8,640
		Shared path (eastern)	\$120 / m ²	approx. 65m x 2.5m	\$19,500	\$23,400
		Bicycle ramp	\$5,000	2	\$10,000	\$12,000
		Bicycle symbols and arrows	\$62	14	\$868	\$1,042
		Footpath demolition	\$55 / m ²	approx. 230m x 1.5m	\$18,975	\$22,770
		New footpath	\$120 / m ²	approx. 200m x 2m	\$48,000	\$57,600
		Kerb and gutter	\$115 / m	approx. 230m	\$26,450	\$31,740
		Total			\$158,486	\$190,183
	Option 1b - Road Narrowing & Contrasting Pavement (including additional measures)	Similar to Option 1a	\$153,900	1	\$158,486	\$190,183
		Less one kerb blister	\$5,000	- 1	- \$5,000	- \$6,000
		Less line marking (on western side)	\$6 / m	- 100 m	- \$600	- \$720
		Verge landscaping	\$100 / m	180m	\$18,000	\$21,600
		Total			\$170,886	\$205,063

Road	Option	Item	Unit Cost (\$)	Quantity	Total (\$)	Including 10% Contingency Cost & 10% Design Cost
Smith Street	Option 2a - Mountable Concrete Median Treatment (including additional measures)	Mountable concrete median	\$10,000	1	\$10,000	\$12,000
		Right turn only signage	\$393	1	\$393	\$472
		Line marking	\$6 / m	approx. 500m	\$3,000	\$3,600
		Shared path (western)	\$120 / m ²	approx. 30m x 2m	\$7,200	\$8,640
		Shared path (eastern)	\$120 / m ²	approx. 65m x 2.5m	\$19,500	\$23,400
		Bicycle ramp	\$5,000	2	\$10,000	\$12,000
		Bicycle symbols and arrows	\$62	14	\$868	\$1,042
		Footpath demolition	\$55 / m ²	approx. 230m x 1.5m	\$18,975	\$22,770
		New footpath	\$120 / m ²	approx. 200m x 2m	\$48,000	\$57,600
		Kerb and gutter	\$115 / m	approx. 230m	\$26,450	\$31,740
		Total			\$144,386	\$173,263
	Option 2b - Mountable Concrete Median Treatment (including additional measures)	Similar to Option 1a	\$138,900	1	\$144,386	\$173,263
		Less line marking (on western side)	\$6 / m	- 140 m	- \$840	- \$1,008
		Verge landscaping	\$100 / m	150m	\$15,000	\$18,000
		Total			\$158,546	\$190,255
Holbeach Avenue	Option 1 - Speed Cushions	Speed cushions	\$900	4	\$3,600	\$4,320
		Speed cushion signage	\$642	1 set	\$642	\$770
		Total			\$4,242	\$4,666
	Option 2 - Speed Cushions & Road Narrowing	Speed cushions	\$900	2	\$1,800	\$4,320
		Kerb blister	\$5,000	2	\$10,000	\$12,000
		Speed cushion signage	\$642	1	\$642	\$770
		Total			\$14,242	\$17,090

Road	Option	Item	Unit Cost (\$)	Quantity	Total (\$)	Including 10% Contingency Cost & 10% Design Cost
Stanley Street	Option 1 – Flat Top Road Hump	Flat top road humps	\$35,000	2	\$70,000	\$84,000
		Flat top road hump signage	\$642	2	\$1,284	\$1,541
		Landscaping barrier	\$1,000	4	\$4,000	\$4,800
		Total			\$71,284	\$85,541
	Option 2 – Road Narrowing	Kerb blisters	\$5,000	4	\$20,000	\$24,000
		Total			\$20,000	\$24,000
Wentworth Street	Option 1 - Road narrowing & Contrasting Pavement (including additional measures)	Kerb blisters	\$5,000	4	\$20,000	\$24,000
		Contrasting pavement	\$15,000	2	\$30,000	\$36,000
		3 Tonne Truck Limit signage	\$725	1 set	\$725	\$870
		Total			\$50,275	\$60,870
	Option 2 - Flat Top Road Hump (including additional measures)	Flat top road humps	\$35,000	2	\$70,000	\$84,000
		Flat top road hump signage	\$642	2	\$1,284	\$1,541
		3 Tonne Truck Limit signage	\$725	1 set	\$725	\$870
		Bollard and Chain barrier	\$1,000	4	\$4,000	\$4,800
		Total			\$76,009	\$91,211
	Option 1 - Flat Top Road Hump (including additional measures)	Flat top road humps	\$37,000	2	\$74,000	\$84,000
		Flat top road hump signage	\$642	2	\$1,284	\$1,541
		Contrasting pavement	\$15,000	1	\$15,000	\$18,000
		Bollard and Chain barrier	\$1,000	4	\$4,000	\$4,800
		Total			\$90,284	\$108,341
Union Street	Option 2 - Shared Zone (including additional measures)	Shared zone signage	\$1,306	1	\$1,306	\$1,567
		"10" speed marker	\$62	2	\$124	\$149
		Parking bay marking	\$169 per 6m of shared zone	215 m (roughly 36 * 6m)	\$1,015	\$1,218

Road	Option	Item	Unit Cost (\$)	Quantity	Total (\$)	Including 10% Contingency Cost & 10% Design Cost
		Contrasting pavement	\$15,000	1	\$15,000	\$18,000
		Total			\$17,445	\$20,934
Barden Street	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	Contrasting Pavement	\$15,000	1	\$15,000	\$18,000
Fanning Street	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	Contrasting Pavement	\$15,000	1	\$15,000	\$18,000
Hart Street	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	Contrasting Pavement	\$15,000	1	\$15,000	\$18,000
Station Street	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	Contrasting Pavement	\$15,000	1	\$15,000	\$18,000
Edwin Street	Flat Top Road Hump	Flat top road hump	\$37,000	1	\$35,000	\$42,000
		Flat top road hump signage	\$642	1	\$642	\$770
		Landscaping barrier	\$1,000	2	\$2,000	\$2,400
		Total			\$37,642	\$45,170
Tramway Street	Contrasting Pavement Threshold	Contrasting Pavement	\$15,000	2	\$30,000	\$36,000

13. COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

13.1 Overview

A draft version of the LATM report (Version 2, dated 25th September 2020), which incorporated sections 1 to 12, was released for exhibition on the *Your Say Inner West* website between 3rd November 2020 and 12th January 2021. On the website, participants could participate in a survey voting for the most preferred option for each road, and could provide additional comments and feedback. A total of 92 participants participated in the survey.

In addition to the survey, a number of comments have also been received via email from residents and businesses in the area.

A summary of the survey responses and comments are described in the Engagement Outcomes Report in **Appendix E**.

13.2 Survey Preferred Option

During the survey, participants could provide an indication on their most preferred treatment options proposed for each road. They could also vote for "neither option" or "no opinion" for each question. For Edwin Street and Tramway Street where there was only one option, participants had the option to choose how satisfied or dissatisfied they were with the proposed option. The preferred options are summarised in Table 13.1.

Table 13.1: Survey Preferred Option

Road	Survey Result
Smith Street	Preference for Option 1a (road narrowing and contrasting pavement, with widened footpath)
Holbeach Avenue	Preference for Option 2 (speed cushions & road narrowing)
Stanley Street	Preference for Option 1 (flat top road hump)
Wentworth Street	Preference for Option 2 (flat top road hump)
Union Street	Non-support for either option (flat top road hump or shared zone). Shared zone is the most preferred option out of the two.
Edwin Street	Non-support for flat top road hump
Tramway Street	Non-support for contrasting pavement threshold
Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets	Support for contrasting pavement threshold

13.3 Participant Comments

In addition to the survey, participants could provide any feedback or additional comments. Additional comments were also received via email by residents or affected businesses in the study area.

Comments received from the 92 survey participants and via email have been summarised into general themes in Table 13.2.

Table 13.2: Comments Themes and Responses

Category / Theme	Description	Response
Existing parking issues	Residents have highlighted difficulty in parking outside their property due to parking by nearby workers, airport users and other visitors. They prefer a residential parking scheme to be implemented to improve parking in the local area.	As part of the study, a parking survey on a number of streets was undertaken. The parking levels found were generally within 50-70% occupancy during weekdays and weekends, which do not meet the level required for a resident parking scheme as outlined in Council's Public Domain Parking Policy.
Efficiency of LATM proposals	Residents do not agree that the proposals will be able to address the increase in non-local traffic and do not reduce non-local traffic volumes.	The proposals aim to deter non-local traffic by reducing vehicle speeds and increasing travel time as to make routes using local roads less desirable for non-local traffic. LATM proposal was selected based on traffic volumes, speed and/or crash history.
Existing rat-running and non-local traffic issues	Residents have highlighted existing rat-running routes and use by non-local traffic. They have suggested schemes such as one-way system or road closures.	The LATM study focuses on the additional non-local traffic caused by Bunnings and may not universally address existing rat running issues.
Alternative Union Street proposal	Union Street residents have suggested closing Union Street to Smith Street through traffic, i.e. left turn entry only from Princes Highway	This option may be required given the direct route along Union Street and presence of schools. This option is to be further explored.
Children safety	Local streets often have children and residents have highlighted that additional Bunnings related traffic will make the streets unsafe	The LATM study aims to minimise additional traffic by reducing through traffic and vehicle speeds using the selected proposals.
Alternative Bunnings entrance and exit	Bunnings traffic should not exit via Smith Street and an alternative access be provided on Princes Highway.	An alternative access on Princes Highway will be the subject of further investigations, however it is noted that Transport for NSW has not supported an alternative signalised exit on Princes Highway.
Alternative transport	Residents preferred solutions that encourage alternative transport such as cycleways to ensure walking and cycling are more attractive	Active transport has been considered in Smith Street, which provides connectivity to existing routes. Traffic calming results in lower vehicle speeds, and improving safety for vulnerable road users such as pedestrians and cyclists.

13.4 Changes Following Community Engagement

13.4.1 New Traffic Surveys

The community has expressed concerns over the collection and use of traffic data (March 2020) in the analysis and LATM assessment as outlined in Section 4. The primary concern was that the surveys were undertaken in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic lockdown period and would

provide an under representation of existing traffic. To address this, additional 24-hour tube counts have been undertaken in February 2021, including:

- Tube Count 1: Wednesday, 10 February 2021 to Wednesday, 17 February 2021
- Tube Count 2: Monday, 15 February 2021 to Sunday, 21 February 2021
- Tube Count 3: Monday, 22 February 2021 to Sunday, 28 February 2021

The average daily traffic (ADT) volumes, the 85th percentile speeds, and daily heavy vehicle percentages are shown in Table 13.3. The peak hour volumes are shown in Table 13.4.

Table 13.3: Union Street Tube Count Data Summary (February 2021)

Tube Count	Location	Direction	ADT Volumes	ADT Weekday	ADT Weekend	85 th %ile Speed (km/h)	Heavy Vehicle (%)
Tube Count 1	Between Princes Highway & Edwin Street	WB	517*	567*	416	34.9	3.5%
Tube Count 2			547	578	469	34.6	3.2%
Tube Count 3			545	583	432	34.4	3.1%
Average			536	576	439	34.6	3.3%
March 2020 tube counts			487	-	-	26.9	3.4%
Difference with March 2020			+49 (10%)	-	-	+7.7	-0.1%

*The volumes for Tube Count 1 are lower due to missing volume data on Thursdays afternoon and evening.

Table 13.4: Union Street Peak Hour Data Summary (February 2021)

Tube Count	Location	Direction	AM Peak	PM Peak	Weekend Peak
Tube Count 1	Between Princes Highway & Edwin Street	WB	82	52	36
Tube Count 2			81	53	42
Tube Count 3			82	56	37
Average			81	54	38
March 2020 intersection count surveys			n/a	49	38
Difference with March 2020			n/a	+5 (10%)	0

A comparison of the new tube count data finds:

- An increase in daily traffic volumes (approximately 10%)
- Heavy vehicle composition remains approximately similar
- An increase in 85th percentile speeds (approximately 7%, likely due to the location of the survey further away from the intersection with Princes Highway)
- Max hourly traffic flows occur during the AM peak hour, approx. 82 veh.hr

While the 85th percentile speeds are within the posted 50km/h speed limit, it may be considered too high for the narrow roadway with a high pedestrian presence, particularly school aged children.

Engagement comments also indicated frequent side-swiping occurrences between moving and parked vehicles.

While 'typical' traffic volumes and speeds are found to be higher, the assessment criteria and points system presented in Section 8 has not been modified.

Updated traffic volumes have been further considered in the calculation of expected future volumes along Union Street in Table 13.8 and reassessing shared zone criteria in Table 13.9.

13.4.2 Changes to Traffic Generation

Members of the USTAG have expressed concern that traffic generation rates within *RTA Guide to Traffic Generating Developments 2002 (GTGD)* or *Trip Generation and Parking Generation Surveys - Bulky Goods / Hardware Stores Analysis Report (2009)* was not used to determine future Bunnings traffic and provided an under-representation of traffic resulting from the proposed Bunnings site. We agree that documents by RTA (and successors) should be used to calculate generated trips from Bunnings. The guide provided average traffic generation rates for bulky goods retail stores for the PM peak and weekend. However, Bunnings does not exactly match the definition of bulky goods retail, which is more associated with furniture or whitegoods stores.

Instead, a traffic generation analysis report titled *Trip Generation and Parking Generation Surveys - Bulky Goods / Hardware Stores Analysis Report (2009)*, jointly produced by RTA and Hyder Consulting, was used for analysis. The report is available online at *OpenGov NSW*. The report defined Bunnings and Mitre 10 as hardware stores, undertook traffic surveys at a few hardware stores across NSW and analysed the traffic generation rates for each store. A review of RTA / Hyder rates in comparison to rates previously adopted (developed by GTA Consultants and TTPA, Section 6.2.2) showed that the RTA/ Hyder rates provide more a higher hourly rate and more conservative figure.

The report has identified that Mitre 10 is more 'tradesman' orientated and will have slightly higher traffic generation rates than Bunnings in the weekdays and lower in the weekends. It also identified that Sydney metropolitan stores have a lower traffic generation rate than similar stores in the regional areas outside Sydney.

Table 13.5 shows the traffic generation rates calculated by RTA / Hyder for Bunnings stores in Sydney for various peak hours and per day.

Table 13.5: Traffic Generation Rates Specific to Bunnings in Sydney

Traffic Generation Rates (veh/100m ² GFA)	Bunnings North Parramatta (HW1)	Bunnings Bankstown Airport (HW2)	Bunnings Minchinbury (HW4)	Average
Weekday				
Peak specific to store (per hour) (generally in late mornings or early afternoons)	4.11	3.15	4.12	3.79
AM Peak (per hour)	1.43	0.60	2.04	1.36
PM Peak (per hour)	2.30	2.05	2.84	2.40
Daily	36.36	26.80	39.75	34.30
Weekend				
Peak (per hour)	6.69	5.98	6.33	6.33
Daily	49.05	39.74	46.16	44.98

Source: *Trip Generation and Parking Generation Surveys - Bulky Goods / Hardware Stores Analysis Report (RTA, Hyder 2009)*

From the RTA / Hyder report, the PM peak and weekend generation rates were higher than the rates used by GTA Consultant. Therefore, using the RTA / Hyder rates in place of GTA rates, the volumes generated by Bunnings were recalculated and presented in Table 13.6.

Table 13.6: Recalculated Traffic Generation Volumes

Peak	Total Trips	Directional Split		Volumes (veh / hour)	
		In	Out	In	Out
Weekday					
AM Peak (vph)	194	50%	50%	97	97
PM Peak (vph)	347			173	173
Daily (vpd)	4893			2447	2447
Weekend					
Weekend Peak (vph)	903	50%	50%	452	452
Daily (vpd)	6417			3209	3209

The recalculated PM and weekend volumes are 60 and 117 higher than the previous calculation. Following the same traffic distribution methodology in Section 6.2.2.2, recalculated volumes of up to 30% of Bunnings traffic using local streets north of Princes Highway are provided in Table 13.7.

Table 13.7: Recalculated Traffic Distribution (Using Local Streets)

Peak	Total Trips	Vehicle Volumes			
		10%	20%	25%	30%
Weekday					
AM Peak (vph)	97	10	19	24	29
PM Peak (vph)	173	17	35	43	52
Daily (vpd)	2447	245	489	612	734
Weekend					
Weekend Peak (vph)	452	45	90	113	136
Daily (vpd)	3209	321	642	802	963

Adding on to the February 2021 tube counts, the potential traffic volumes on Union Street are shown in Table 13.8.

Table 13.8: Potential Traffic Volumes on Union Street (based on February 2021 Volumes)

Peak	February 2021 Volumes	Total Traffic on Union Street				Acceptable Environmental Limit
		10%*	20%*	25%*	30%*	Local Road
Weekday						
AM Peak (vph)	81	91	100	105	110	< 200 vph
PM Peak (vph)	54	71	89	97	106	
Daily (vpd)	576	821	1065	1188	1310	< 1,500 vpd
Weekend						
Weekend Peak (vph)	38	83	128	151	174	< 200 vph
Daily (vpd)	439	760	1081	1241	1402	< 1,500 vpd

* by proportion split of Bunnings Warehouse traffic

With a worse case assessment of up to 30% of the expected traffic generated by Bunnings Warehouse, the increase in traffic can be accommodated by Union Street and does not exceed the acceptable environmental limit (200 vehicles per hour).

13.4.3 Updated Assessment of Shared Zone Criteria

In the draft version of the report, Union Street was assessed against the shared zone criteria in Table 10.2. However, the future traffic flows along Union Street including Bunnings traffic were not considered or used to assess the shared zone criteria. The reassessment using February 2021 traffic volumes and the recalculated Bunnings traffic volumes (worst case) are shown in Table 13.9.

Table 13.9: Updated Shared Zone Volume Criteria Assessment

Scenario	Shared Zone Volume Criteria	Union Street between Princes Highway and School Lane	Meets Criteria?
Existing volumes			
February 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ≤ 100 vehicles per hour ≤ 1000 vehicles per day 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 82 vehicles per hour (AM) 576 vehicles per day (weekday) 	Yes
Future traffic volumes including Bunnings traffic			
No ban on through movement from Smith Street to Union Street – i.e. volumes calculated in Table 13.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ≤ 100 vehicles per hour ≤ 1000 vehicles per day 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 174 vehicles per hour (weekend) 1402 vehicles per day (weekend) 	No
A ban on through movement from Smith Street to Union Street		If Bunnings traffic is not allowed to travel into Union Street from Smith Street, the future traffic volumes on Union Street is roughly expected to equal to current flows	Yes

Therefore, to enable the implementation of the shared zone, further treatments such as the banning of through movement must be in place to maintain traffic volumes at existing or lower levels.

13.4.4 Ban of Through Movement from Smith Street into Union Street

A ban of through movement from Smith Street into Union Street was previously assessed in Section 7.4 and was initially not recommended in the draft version of this report. However, this treatment was requested by residents along Union Street and through the USTAG.

Based on the future volume analysis in Section 13.4.3, in order to satisfy the shared zone criteria on Union Street, traffic volumes will need to be maintained at existing levels. A ban of the through movement from Smith Street will allow traffic volumes to remaining at existing levels and will allow the implementation of a shared zone. Additionally, the benefits of a ban outweigh the impacts identified in Section 7.4. Therefore, a ban of the through movement from Smith Street is now proposed as part of this LATM study.

Due to the existing geometry of the Princes Highway / Union Street / Smith Street intersection, a physical barrier or closure to stop through traffic from Smith Street is not feasible. Instead, a 'soft closure' using signage and line marking can be used, and arrow markings on Smith Street will be amended to left and right arrows only. These treatments will indicate to drivers the through movement to Union Street is not permitted.

The proposed signage includes:

- "No Entry" (R2-4n) signs, supplemented with "From Smith Street" tag plates.
 - It is noted that the No Entry signs may cause confusion to drivers, especially those intending to turn left from Princes Highway to Union Street.
 - However, the signs will also help to deter non-local traffic turning left from Princes Highway to Union Street, even though this turn is still permitted. This is because drivers may see the No Entry sign but not the tag plate, and assume that they are not allowed to turn into Union Street. This will then deter the non-local drivers from turning into Union Street.
 - Local residents would have been familiar with the new intersection arrangement, and would not be affected or confused by the No Entry signs.
- Custom "Left and Right Only" sign, supplemented with "Into Princes Highway" tag plates. An example of the use of this sign includes Johnston Street at Collins Street, Annandale (shown in Figure 13.1), also within Inner West LGA.



Source: Google StreetView

Figure 13.1: Left / Right Turn only Signage - Annandale

As previously identified in Section 7.4, an alternative route to enter Union Street from Smith Street would be a right turn from Smith Street to Princes Highway, then left from Princes Highway to Brooklyn Street, then left at Brooklyn Lane or School Lane to access Union Street. Despite the narrow widths of Brooklyn Lane or School Lane, Bunnings traffic could still potentially use this route to enter Union Street towards Unwins Bridge Road. Therefore, a partial closure (one-way exit to Princes Highway only) may be required at Brooklyn Street. Such a proposal will also have to undergo community consultation.

Residents south of Princes Highway, which are within the school catchment for Tempe Public and High Schools, may be impacted by the 'soft' closure. A 'soft' closure would require residents to take longer trips via Holbeach Avenue and may not be favoured by these residents. Since the 'soft' closure was not proposed as part of the community engagement, the proposal may have to undergo further community consultation for comments and opinions by residents. If the proposal is not supported by the residents, the shared zone proposal for Union Street may not go ahead due to traffic volumes.

13.4.5 Feasibility Study of Traffic Signals at Princes Highway / Bunnings Access

Following a Council resolution in December 2020, a further feasibility study of traffic signals at the Princes Highway / Bunnings access will be undertaken in addition to this LATM study. If traffic signals are approved by Transport for NSW, it will allow Bunnings traffic to exit directly onto Princes Highway instead of using the Smith Street exit, which could then be converted to entry only. The proposed treatments along Smith Street, Union Street, Edwin Street and Tramway Street may not be required to be implemented as a result.

13.4.6 Changes to Concept Design

Based on the preferred options, community feedback and the above assessments, the following changes to concept designs were made:

- **Wentworth Street**
 - The 3 tonne truck load limit signage (R6-10-2 and R9-231) at Wentworth Street near Princes Highway was moved further south to allow waste vehicles to access the waste access at Tempe Tyres
 - The 3 tonne truck load limit signage with left arrow (R6-10-2, R9-231 and W8-245_L) at Princes Highway before Wentworth Avenue was replaced with a single sign with a similar message (G9-321_N_L)
- **Smith Street**
 - The kerb blister on the western side of Smith Street was moved southwards to allow for a proposed dual driveway at 28 Smith Street. The kerb blister on the eastern side will remain at the proposed location.
 - The footpath widening on Smith Street was applied only between Princes Highway and the Bunnings access
- **Tramway Street:** A new flat top road hump was proposed on Tramway Street, located north of the accesses to 402 and 404 Unwins Bridge Road. This was based on the feedback that there are existing rat-running issues where vehicles travel via Tramway and Edwin Streets to Gannon Street, bypassing the traffic signals at Richardson Crescent. The hump will assist to mitigate existing rat-running issues as well as deterring Bunnings traffic from rat-running in both directions.
- **Union Street:** The through movement from Smith Street to Union Street was banned using signage and arrow markings ('soft' closure) – subject to further investigation and community consultation

13.4.7 Changes to Cost Estimation

Only roads requiring significant changes to the extent of civil works had the associated cost estimate recalculated. This excludes minor works such as change of signage and line marking. The cost estimation for Smith Street and Tramway Street was recalculated and shown in Table 13.10. Only the option that is most preferred by the community was recalculated.

Table 13.10: Recalculated Treatment Cost

Option	Item	Unit Cost (\$)	Quantity	Total (\$)	Including 10% Contingency Cost & 10% Design Cost
Smith Street Option 1a - Road Narrowing & Contrasting Pavement	Kerb blisters	\$5,000	2	\$10,000	\$12,000
	Contrasting pavement	\$15,000	1	\$15,000	\$18,000
	Right Turn Only signage	\$393	1	\$393	\$472
	Line marking	\$6 / m	approx. 350m	\$2,100	\$2,520
	Shared path (western)	\$120 / m ²	approx. 30m x 2m	\$7,200	\$8,640
	Shared path (eastern)	\$120 / m ²	approx. 65m x 2.5m	\$19,500	\$23,400
	Bicycle ramp	\$5,000	2	\$10,000	\$12,000
	Bicycle symbols and arrows	\$62	14	\$868	\$1,042
	Footpath demolition	\$55 / m ²	approx. 125m x 1.5m	\$10,313	\$12,375
	New footpath	\$120 / m ²	approx. 95m x 2.5m	\$22,800	\$27,360
	Kerb and gutter	\$115 / m	approx. 125m	\$14,375	\$17,250
	Total			\$112,549	\$135,058
Tramway Street – Contrasting Pavement Threshold & Flat Top Road Hump	Contrasting pavement	\$15,000	2	\$30,000	\$36,000
	Flat top road hump	\$35,000	1	\$35,000	\$42,000
	Flat top road hump signage	\$642	1	\$642	\$770
	Landscaping barrier	\$1,000	1	\$2,000	\$2,400
	Total			\$67,642	\$81,170

13.5 Adopted Treatments

Table 13.9 shows the adopted treatments to be used in the LATM scheme, and its cost estimate. A map of the treatments is shown in Figure 9.2.

Table 13.11: Adopted Treatments

Road	Adopted Treatment	Rationale	Estimated Cost
Smith Street	Road narrowing and contrasting pavement, with widened footpath	Preferred by community based on survey	\$135,058
Holbeach Avenue	Speed cushions & road narrowing	Preferred by community based on survey	\$17,090
Stanley Street	Flat top road hump	Preferred by community based on survey	\$85,841
Wentworth Street	Flat top road hump	Preferred by community based on survey	\$91,211
Union Street	Shared zone, with contrasting pavement threshold and 'soft' road closure	Preferred option out of the two options	\$20,934
Edwin Street	Flat top road hump	Deters rat-running via Edwin Street	\$45,170
Tramway Street	Contrasting pavement threshold and flat top road hump	Deters rat-running via Tramway Street	\$81,170
Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets	Contrasting pavement threshold	Supported by community based on survey	\$18,000 per road

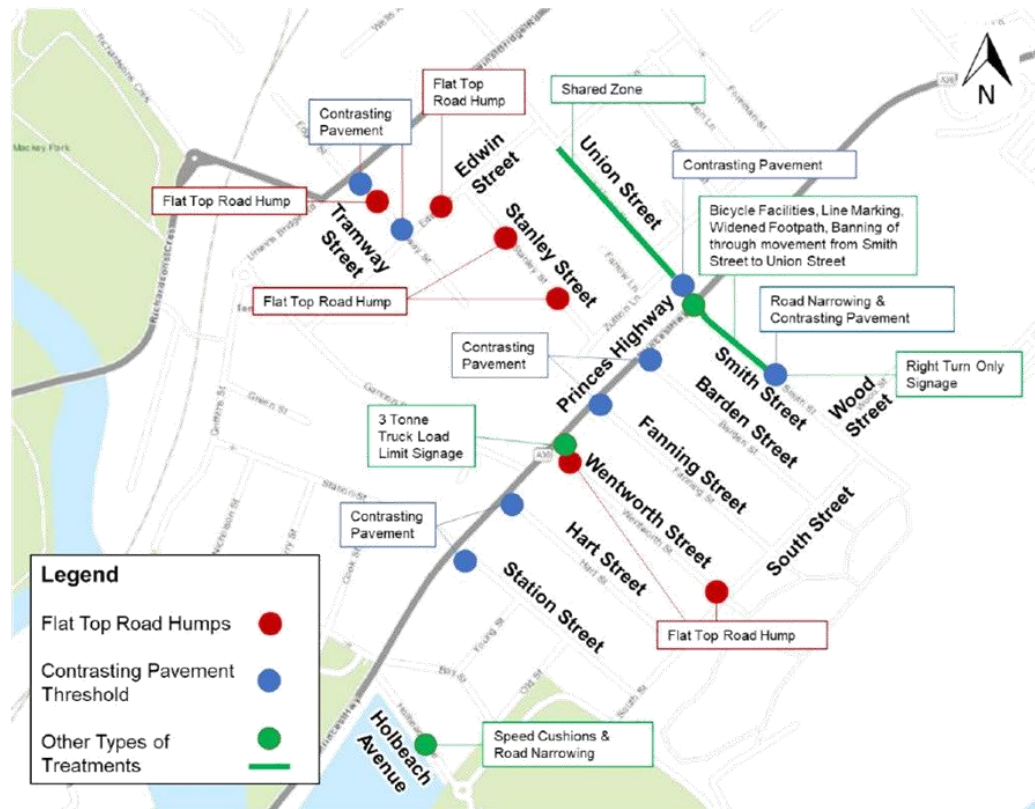


Figure 13.2: Adopted Treatments

14. CONCLUSION

In order to manage the traffic impacts related to the proposed Bunnings Development at No. 728-750 Princes Highway, an LATM study was conducted on behalf of Inner West Council. The study area included a number of local streets within Tempe South adjoining the Princes Highway.

The study reviewed existing conditions on site and expected future traffic conditions within the local area and provides recommendation on appropriate LATM treatment options to be implemented along certain streets.

A summary of key processes undertaken and findings in this study is as follows:

- Background information and documents relating to the proposed Bunnings development were reviewed, providing information on future proposed traffic and road changes in the area
- Existing site conditions, surrounding land uses and road network information was reviewed
- A site inspection and audit was conducted, including identification of existing LATM devices, traffic signs, parking signs and restrictions, pedestrian and bicycle facilities, and refuse collection issues
- Traffic and parking surveys were conducted to capture the levels of traffic and parking demand within the study area. This included tube counts, parking occupancy surveys and intersection counts
- The survey of on-street parking on Smith Street showed that on average, there are 18 vacant spaces on Thursday and 27 vacant spaces on Saturday. After the removal of spaces due to the Bunnings development and the proposed LATM treatments Smith street parking is expected to be at capacity.
- The traffic survey data was analysed and identified streets requiring further LATM devices in order to:
 - Provide traffic calming and reduce vehicle speeds
 - Reduce general traffic volumes by deterring traffic
 - Reduce Heavy Vehicle volumes
 - Reduce crash risk
- A scoring system was developed to determine priority streets requiring LATM treatments
- A detailed selection criteria and list of suitable LATM measures were developed based on existing devices in the area and typical LATM devices presented in *Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8 - Local Area Traffic Management*
- Up to two LATM Treatment options were presented for each priority street. These treatment options included:
 - Holbeach Avenue – Outside No. 14 and No 16 Holbeach Avenue
 - Option 1: *Speed Cushions*, set of four across roadway
 - Option 2: *Speed Cushions*, set of two with *Kerb Blisters*
 - Smith Street – Outside No. 28 Smith Street and south of proposed Bunnings Access
 - Option 1: Road Narrowing using Kerb blisters and contrasting pavement marking
 - Option 2: Mountable Concrete Median and associated line marking
 - Both options are to be supplemented by *Right Turn Only signage, edge line marking, bicycle ramp, and shared path* between Princes Highway and the LATM treatment, and *widened footpath* between Princes Highway and South Street. An optional *landscaped verge* may also be provided between the widened footpath and roadway, which will result in the removal of kerbside parking.
 - Stanley Street – Outside No. 14 and No. 35 Stanley Street
 - Option 1: Flat Top Road Hump
 - Option 2: Road narrowing using *Kerb Blisters*

- Wentworth Street – South of Princes Highway and North of South Street
 - Option 1: Road narrowing using Kerb Blisters and contrasting pavement marking
 - Option 2: Flat Top Road Hump
 - Both options will include *3 Tonne Truck Limit signage* at Princes Highway and Wentworth Street to deter heavy vehicles from entering Wentworth Street
- Union Street
 - Option 1: Flat Top Road Hump outside 2D and 46 Union Street
 - Option 2: *Shared Zone* between Princes Highway and School Lane
 - Both options will include a contrasting pavement threshold
- Edwin Street
 - Option 1: Flat Top Road Hump outside No. 14 Edwin Street
- Tramway Street
 - Option 1: Contrasting Pavement Threshold at Unwins Bridge Road and Edwin Street
- Additionally, contrasting pavements were proposed for the entries of Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets from Princes Highway.
- Each treatment was assessed for its merits and impacts to parking, property accesses, cyclists and emergency service vehicles.
- Concept designs of each treatment were developed
- The treatments proposed were itemised into their constituent parts, including signage and line marking
- The type and number of signs associated with each type of treatment were identified, along with the number of signposts required
- A baseline treatment unit cost was established, based on:
 - Council provided rates
 - Previous experience
 - IPART Benchmark infrastructure costs
 - Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 8
 - A review of previous LATM studies and pedestrian facility planning reports for other studies in NSW
- A standard cost of signs (such as speed hump warning signs etc.) was included in the treatment unit cost
- Ancillary signs such as advance warning signs and parking restriction signs were not included in the treatment unit cost, as they are subject to the specific implementation site of each treatment
- Estimated costs for each option or measure, including contingency and design costs, range from **\$18,000 to \$190,000**, with an at-grade contrasting pavement as the least cost option and treatment options along Smith Street resulting with the highest cost.
- A draft version of this report was released for exhibition on the Your Say Inner West website between 3rd November 2020 and 12th January 2021. Participants could participate in a survey voting for the most preferred option for each road.
- Changes were made to the concept designs, and a design was adopted for each road based on the survey results. The adopted designs are:
 - Holbeach Avenue – Outside No. 14 and No 16 Holbeach Avenue
 - *Speed Cushions*, set of two with *Kerb Blisters*
 - Smith Street – Outside No. 26 Smith Street and south of proposed Bunnings Access
 - Road Narrowing using Kerb blisters and contrasting pavement marking
 - Supplemented by *Right Turn Only signage, edge line marking, bicycle ramp, and shared path* between Princes Highway and the LATM treatment, and *widened footpath* between Princes Highway and Bunnings access

- Stanley Street – Outside No. 14 and No. 35 Stanley Street
 - Flat Top Road Hump
- Wentworth Street – South of Princes Highway and North of South Street
 - Flat Top Road Hump
 - Supplemented by *3 Tonne Truck Limit signage* at Princes Highway and Wentworth Street to deter heavy vehicles from entering Wentworth Street
- Union Street
 - *Shared Zone* between Princes Highway and School Lane
 - A 'soft' road closure at Union Street and Princes Highway to ban northbound through traffic travelling from Smith Street to Union Street (subject to further investigation and community consultation)
 - Supplemented by a contrasting pavement threshold at the entry from Princes Highway
- Edwin Street
 - Flat Top Road Hump outside No. 14 Edwin Street
- Tramway Street
 - Contrasting Pavement Threshold at Unwins Bridge Road and Edwin Street
 - Flat Top Road Hump at mid-block outside 404 Unwins Bridge Road
- The estimated costs for the adopted treatments, including contingency and design costs, range from **\$18,000 to \$135,000**,



Appendix A: Crash Data Maps

Item 4

Attachment 3



Item 4

Attachment 3

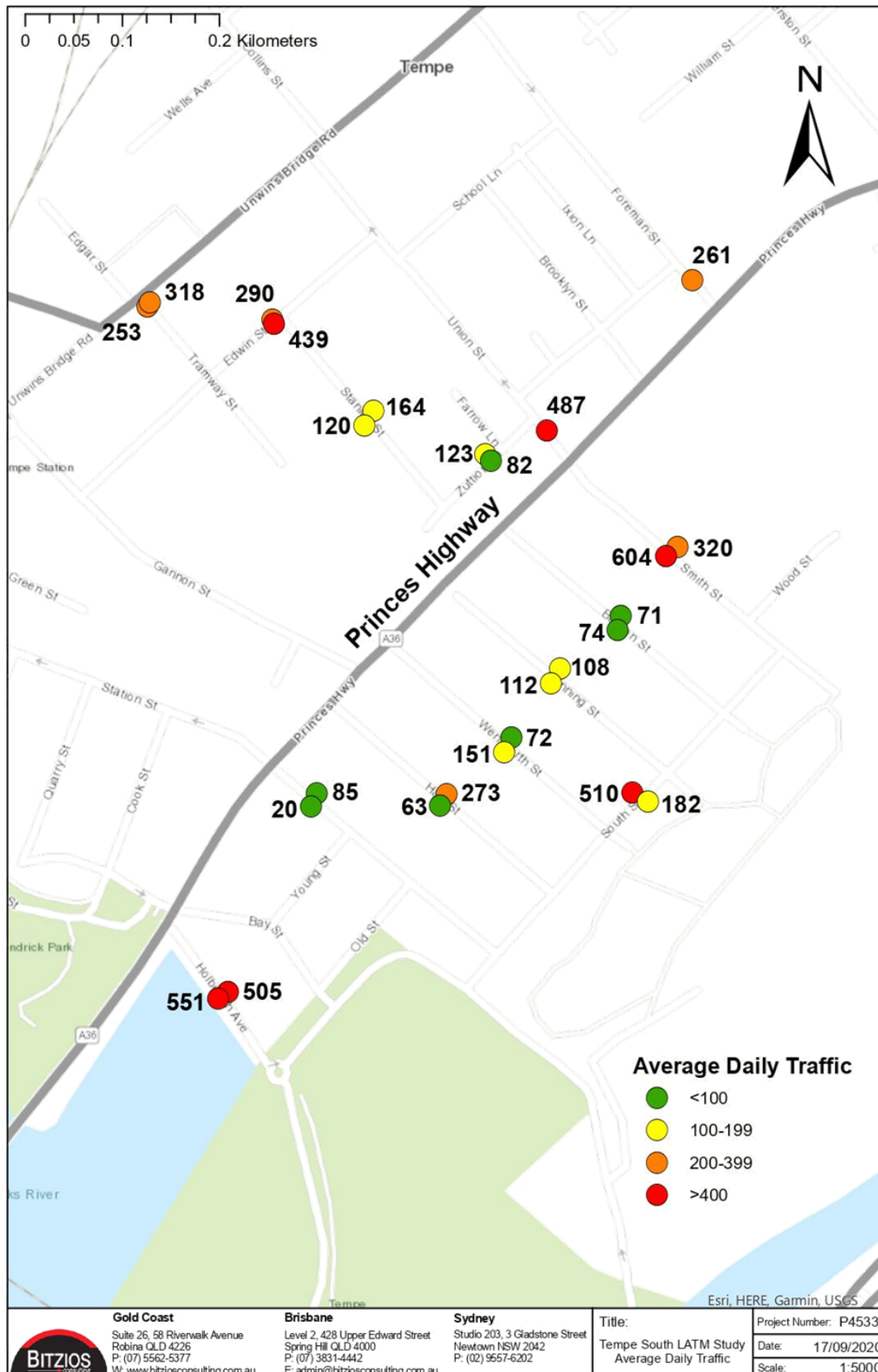


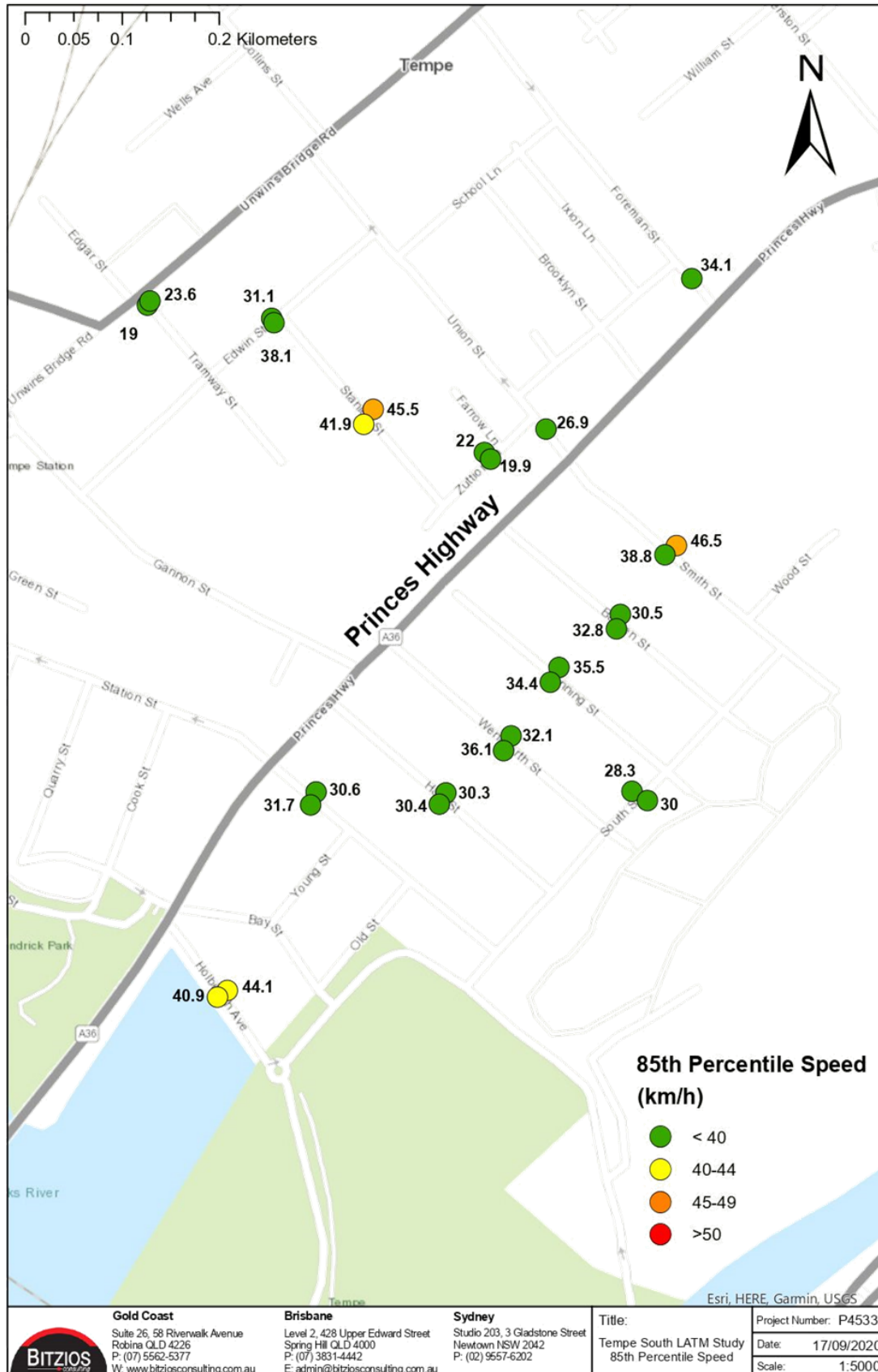


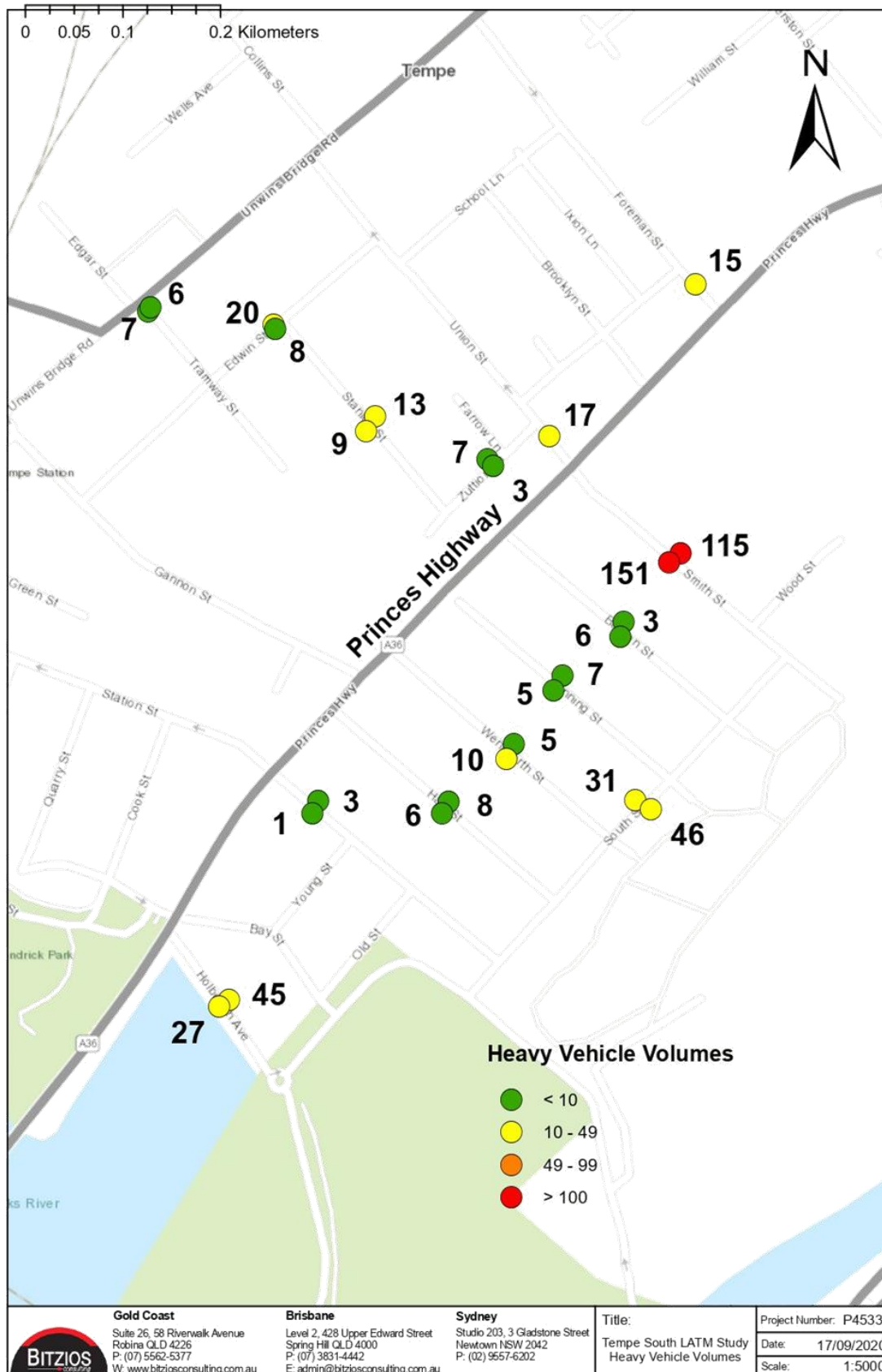
Appendix B: Tube Count & Parking Data Maps

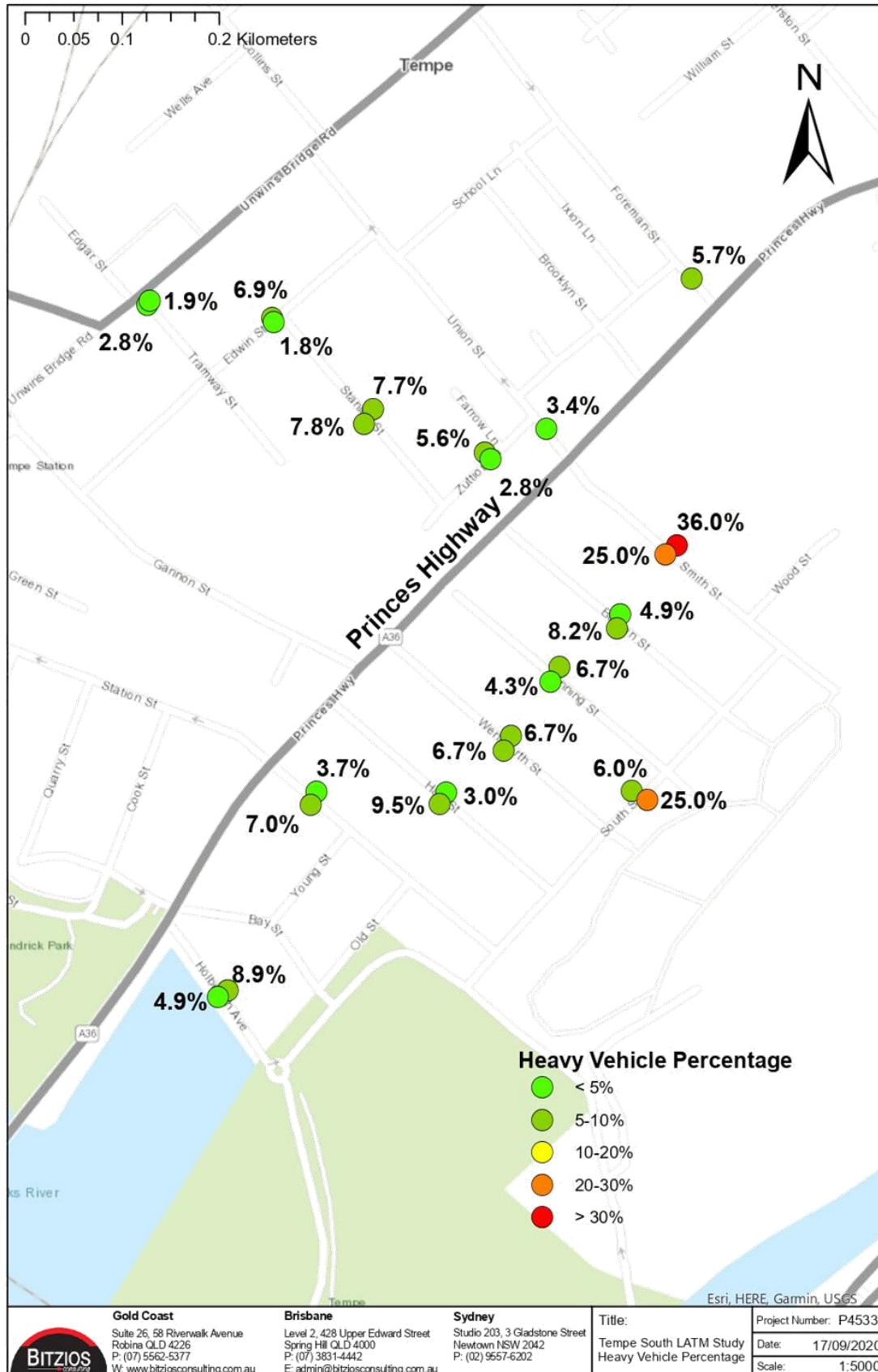
Item 4

Attachment 4

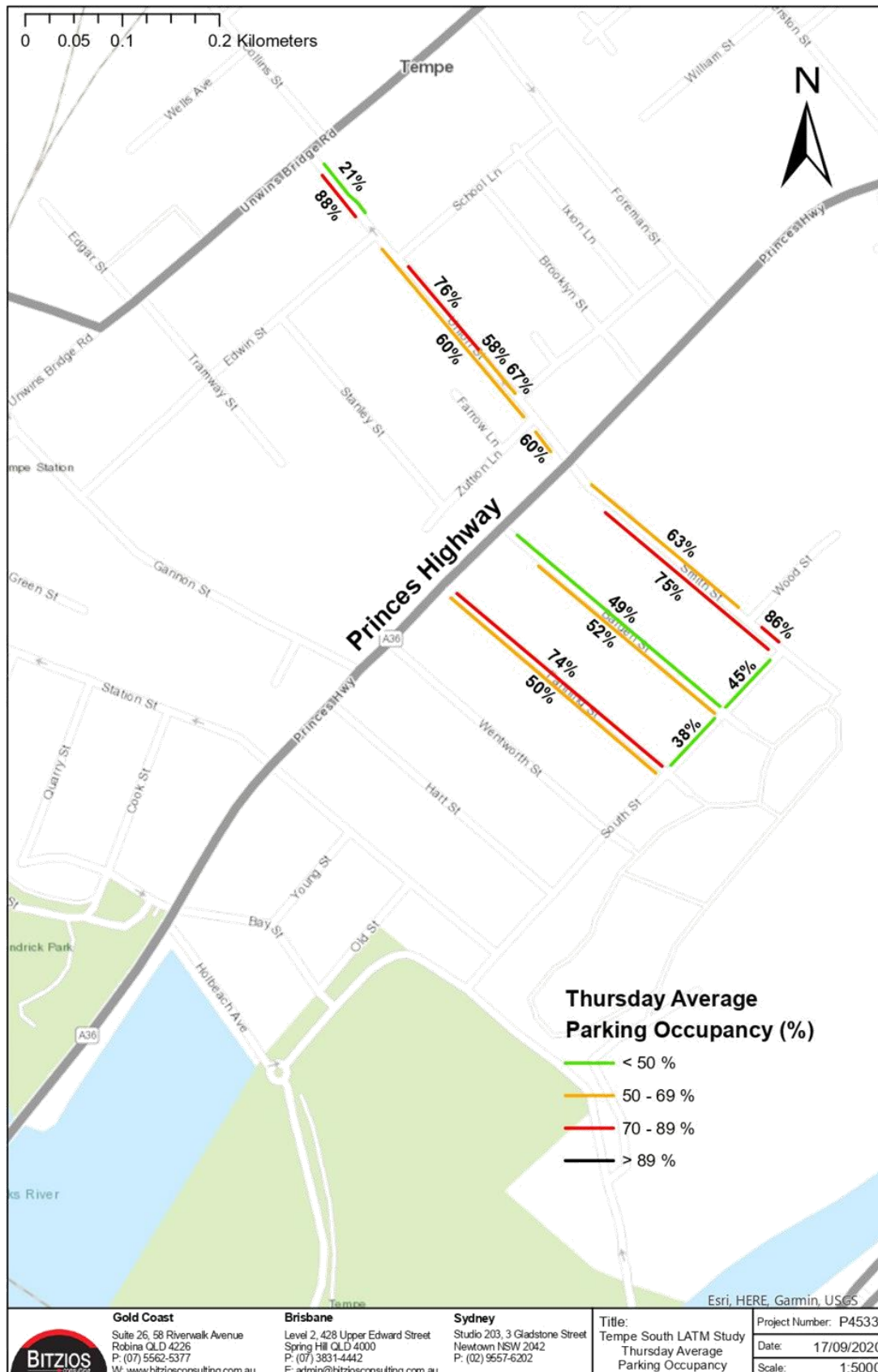








Gold Coast Suite 26, 58 Riverwalk Avenue Robina QLD 4226 P: (07) 5562-5377 W: www.bitziosconsulting.com.au	Brisbane Level 2, 428 Upper Edward Street Spring Hill QLD 4000 P: (07) 3831-4442 E: admin@bitziosconsulting.com.au	Sydney Studio 203, 3 Gladstone Street Newtown NSW 2042 P: (02) 9557-6202	Title: Tempe South LATM Study Heavy Vehicle Percentage	Project Number: P4533
				Date: 17/09/2020 Scale: 1:5000







Appendix C: Site Audit Data and Maps

Item 4

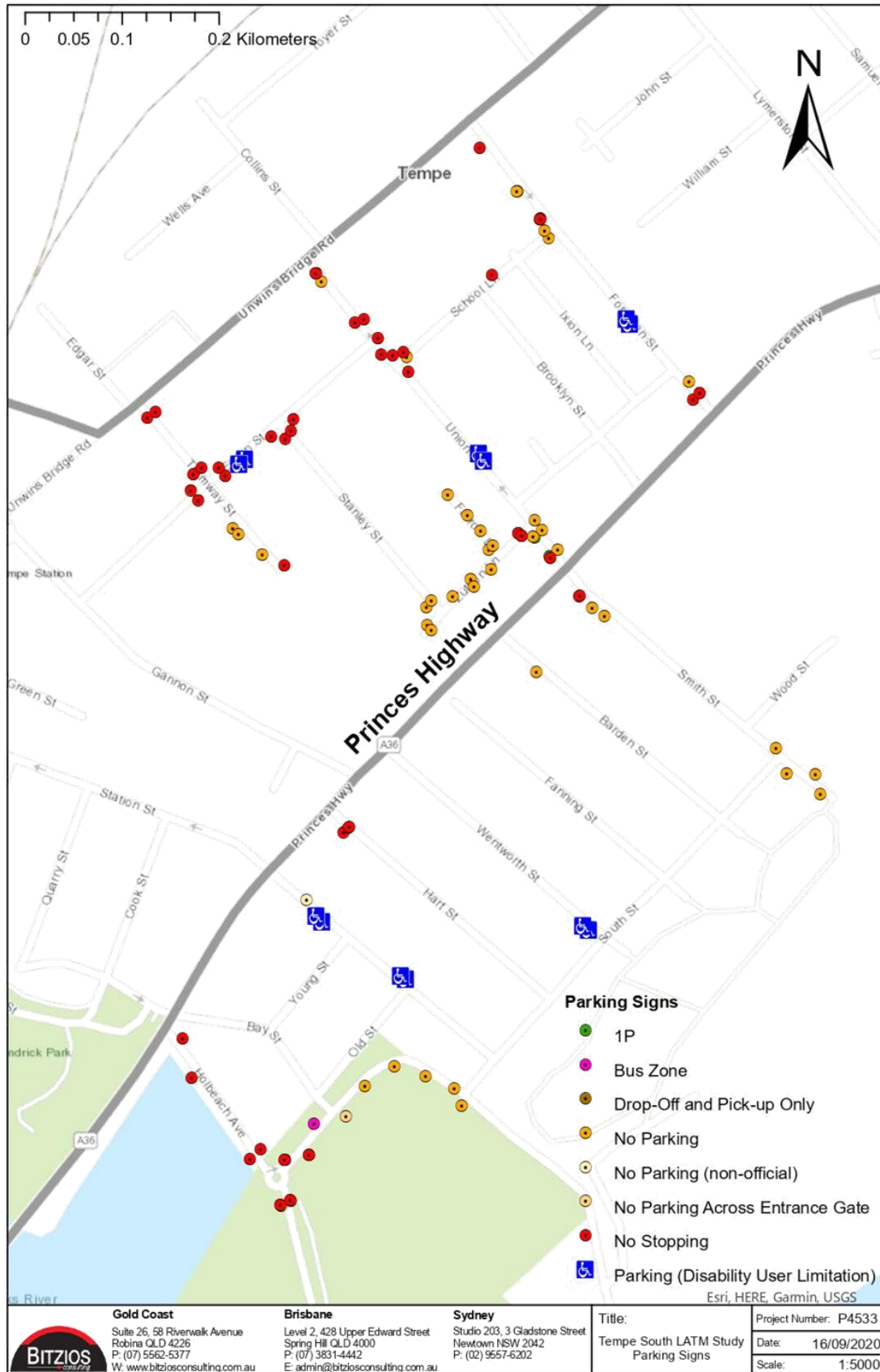
Attachment 5

P4533 Tempe South LATM Study

Parking Signs - Site Audit

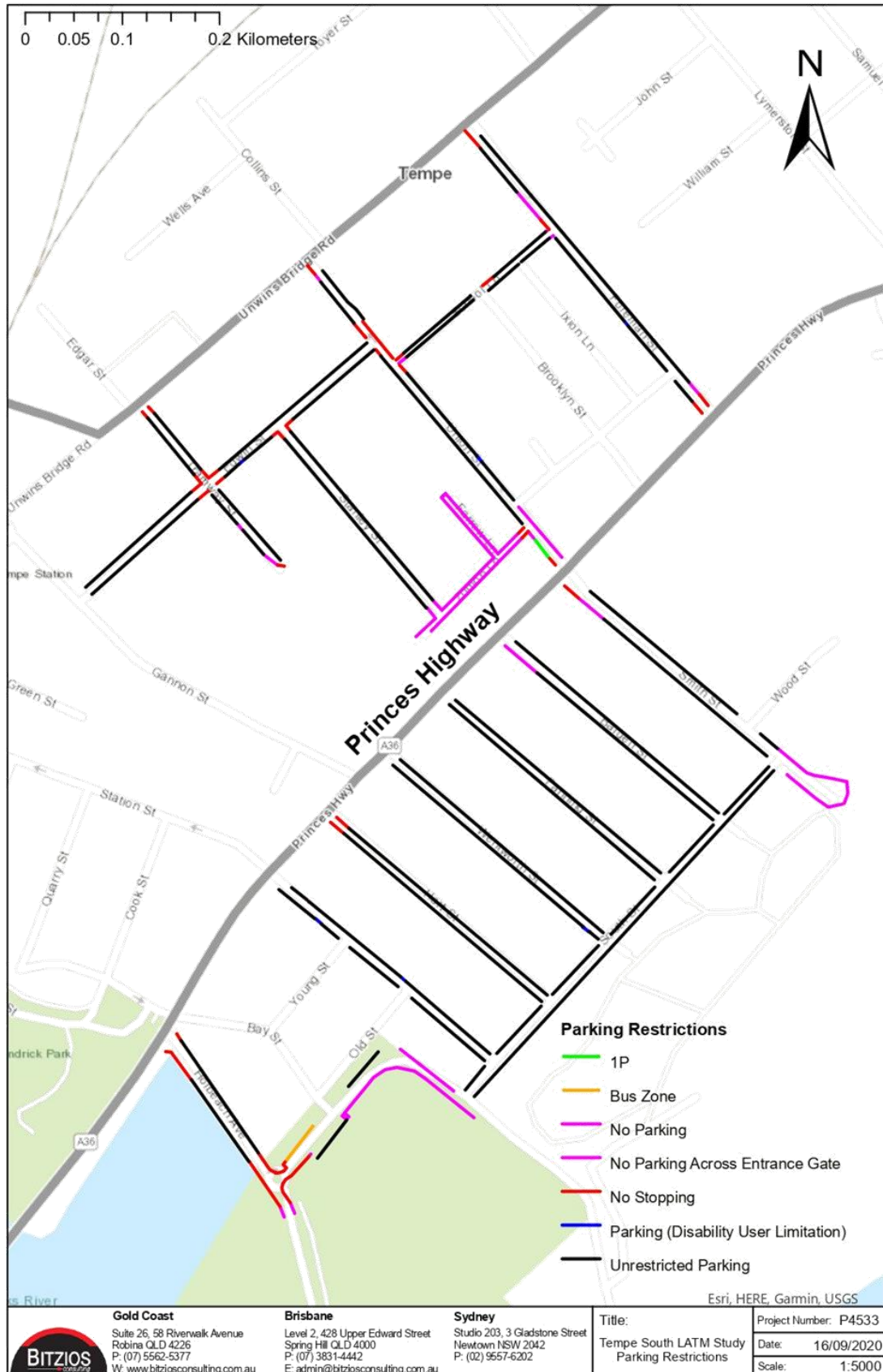
Number	Street	Direction of Traffic	Condition	Restrictions	Time_1	Day_1	Time_2	Day_2	Direction of Arrow	Obstruction	Sign Code	x	y	Other
001	Barden Street	Northbound	Faded	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (LR)	151.1621	-33.9242	
001	Edwin Street	Westbound	Good	No Stopping					Right	Tree	R5-400 (R)	151.1598	-33.9223	
002	Edwin Street	Westbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1596	-33.9224	
003	Edwin Street	Westbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Right		R5-1-3 (R)	151.1594	-33.9226	
004	Edwin Street	Westbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Left		R5-1-3 (L)	151.1593	-33.9226	
005	Edwin Street	Westbound	dalsed/Graffited	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1592	-33.9227	
006	Edwin Street	Eastbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1592	-33.9227	
007	Edwin Street	Eastbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1589	-33.9228	
008	Edwin Street	Westbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1590	-33.9229	
001	Farrow Lane	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1617	-33.9233	
002	Farrow Lane	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1617	-33.9233	
003	Farrow Lane	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1616	-33.9231	
004	Farrow Lane	Southbound	Good	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1613	-33.9229	
005	Farrow Lane	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1615	-33.9230	
001	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1635	-33.9221	
002	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1636	-33.9221	
003	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1636	-33.9221	
004	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1635	-33.9220	
005	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Right		R5-1-3 (R)	151.1630	-33.9215	
006	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Left		R5-1-3 (L)	151.1629	-33.9215	
008	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1621	-33.9207	
009	Foreman Street	Southbound	Faded	No Parking	8am - 930am	School Days	230pm - 4pm	School Days	Right		R5-41 (R)	151.1621	-33.9207	
010	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	Drop-Off and Pick-up Only										Tag Plate
011	Foreman Street	Southbound	Faded	No Parking	8am - 930am	School Days	230pm - 4pm	School Days	Left		R5-41 (L)	151.1619	-33.9205	
012	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	Drop-Off and Pick-up Only										Tag Plate
013	Foreman Street	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1616	-33.9202	
001	Hart Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1603	-33.9255	
002	Hart Street	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1604	-33.9254	
003	Hart Street	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1604	-33.9254	Sign on wall
001	Holbeach Avenue	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1588	-33.9270	
002	Holbeach Avenue	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1598	-33.9283	
003	Holbeach Avenue	Southbound	Good	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1598	-33.9283	
004	Holbeach Avenue	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1597	-33.9283	
005	Holbeach Avenue	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1597	-33.9283	
006	Holbeach Avenue	Southbound	Damaged	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1595	-33.9279	Signpost fallen
007	Holbeach Avenue	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1594	-33.9280	
008	Holbeach Avenue	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1589	-33.9274	
009	Holbeach Avenue	Eastbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1598	-33.9280	
010	Holbeach Avenue	Eastbound	Good	Bus Zone					Right		R5-20	151.1598	-33.9280	
011	Holbeach Avenue	Eastbound	Good	Bus Zone					Left		R5-20	151.1600	-33.9277	
012	Holbeach Avenue	Westbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1600	-33.9279	
013	Holbeach Avenue	Westbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1600	-33.9279	
014	Holbeach Avenue	Eastbound	dalsed/Graffited	No Parking Across Entrance Gate							Custom	151.1603	-33.9276	Sign on Entrance Gate, No Arrows
015	Holbeach Avenue	Eastbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1605	-33.9274	
016	Holbeach Avenue	Westbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1608	-33.9273	
017	Holbeach Avenue	Westbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1611	-33.9273	
018	Holbeach Avenue	Southbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1613	-33.9274	
019	Holbeach Avenue	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1614	-33.9276	
001	School Lane	Westbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1622	-33.9209	
002	School Lane	Eastbound	Good	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1622	-33.9208	
003	School Lane	Eastbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1609	-33.9218	
004	School Lane	Westbound	Faded	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1609	-33.9218	
001	Smith Street	Northbound	dalsed/Graffited	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1617	-33.9212	
002	Smith Street	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1644	-33.9250	
002	Smith Street	Northbound	dalsed/Graffited	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1647	-33.9252	
003	Smith Street	Southbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1647	-33.9250	
004	Smith Street	Southbound	Good	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1643	-33.9248	
005	Smith Street	Northbound	Faded	No Parking					Right	Tree	R5-40 (R)	151.1627	-33.9238	
007	Smith Street	Northbound	Faded	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (LR)	151.1626	-33.9237	
008	Smith Street	Northbound	Faded	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1625	-33.9236	
009	Smith Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1625	-33.9236	
001	Stanley Street	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1611	-33.9237	
002	Stanley Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1598	-33.9224	
003	Stanley Street	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1598	-33.9224	
004	Stanley Street	Southbound	dalsed/Graffited	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1611	-33.9237	
001	Station Street	Southbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Left		R5-1-3 (L)	151.1609	-33.9266	
002	Station Street	Southbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Right		R5-1-3 (R)	151.1608	-33.9266	
003	Station Street	Northbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Right		R5-1-3 (R)	151.1601	-33.9261	
004	Station Street	Northbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Left		R5-1-3 (L)	151.1601	-33.9261	
005	Station Street	Southbound	Good	No Parking (non-official)							Not an official si	151.1600	-33.9260	Resident Parking Only Keep Driveway Clear
001	Tramway Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1589	-33.9227	
002	Tramway Street	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1590	-33.9227	

Number	Street	Direction of Traffic	Condition	Restrictions	Time_1	Day_1	Time_2	Day_2	Direction of Arrow	Obstruction	Sign Code	x	y	Other
003	Tramway Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1585	-33.9223	
004	Tramway Street	Southbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1586	-33.9222	
005	Tramway Street	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1593	-33.9231	Sign on fence
006	Tramway Street	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Right	Tree	R5-40 (R)	151.1593	-33.9232	Sign on fence
007	Tramway Street	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1596	-33.9233	
008	Tramway Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Right	Tree	R5-400 (R)	151.1598	-33.9234	
001	Union Street	Northbound	dalised/Graffitted	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1622	-33.9233	
002	Union Street	Northbound	Good	1P	830am - 6pm	Mon-Fri	830am - 1230pm	Sat	Right		R5-1-1 (R)	151.1622	-33.9233	
003	Union Street	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (L,R)	151.1623	-33.9233	
004	Union Street	Northbound	dalised/Graffitted	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (L,R)	151.1622	-33.9231	
005	Union Street	Northbound	Good	1P	830am - 6pm	Mon-Fri	830am - 1230pm	Sat	Left		R5-1-1 (L)	151.1621	-33.9232	
006	Union Street	Northbound	Faded	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1621	-33.9232	
007	Union Street	Northbound	Damaged	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (L,R)	151.1621	-33.9231	
008	Union Street	Northbound	Faded	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1607	-33.9218	
009	Union Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1604	-33.9215	
010	Union Street	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1601	-33.9212	
011	Union Street	Northbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1601	-33.9212	
012	Union Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1601	-33.9212	
013	Union Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1605	-33.9215	
014	Union Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Both		R5-400 (L,R)	151.1606	-33.9217	
015	Union Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Both		R5-400 (L,R)	151.1608	-33.9218	
016	Union Street	Northbound	Good	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1609	-33.9219	
017	Union Street	Northbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Right		R5-1-3 (R)	151.1616	-33.9225	
018	Union Street	Northbound	Faded	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Left		R5-1-3 (L)	151.1616	-33.9226	
001	Wentworth Street	Northbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Right		R5-1-3 (R)	151.1626	-33.9262	
002	Wentworth Street	Northbound	Good	Parking (Disability User Limitation)					Left		R5-1-3 (L)	151.1625	-33.9262	
001	Zutton Lane	Eastbound	Good	No Stopping					Right		R5-400 (R)	151.1619	-33.9232	
002	Zutton Lane	Eastbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1619	-33.9232	
003	Zutton Lane	Westbound	Faded	No Stopping					Left		R5-400 (L)	151.1620	-33.9232	
004	Zutton Lane	Westbound	Faded	No Parking					Right		R5-40 (R)	151.1620	-33.9232	
005	Zutton Lane	Westbound	Faded	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (L,R)	151.1617	-33.9234	
006	Zutton Lane	Eastbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (L,R)	151.1615	-33.9235	
007	Zutton Lane	Westbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (L,R)	151.1615	-33.9236	
008	Zutton Lane	Eastbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (L,R)	151.1613	-33.9236	
009	Zutton Lane	Eastbound	Good	No Parking					Both		R5-40 (L,R)	151.1611	-33.9239	
010	Zutton Lane	Westbound	Good	No Parking					Left		R5-40 (L)	151.1611	-33.9239	Sign on wall



Item 4

Attachment 5



Item 4

Attachment 5

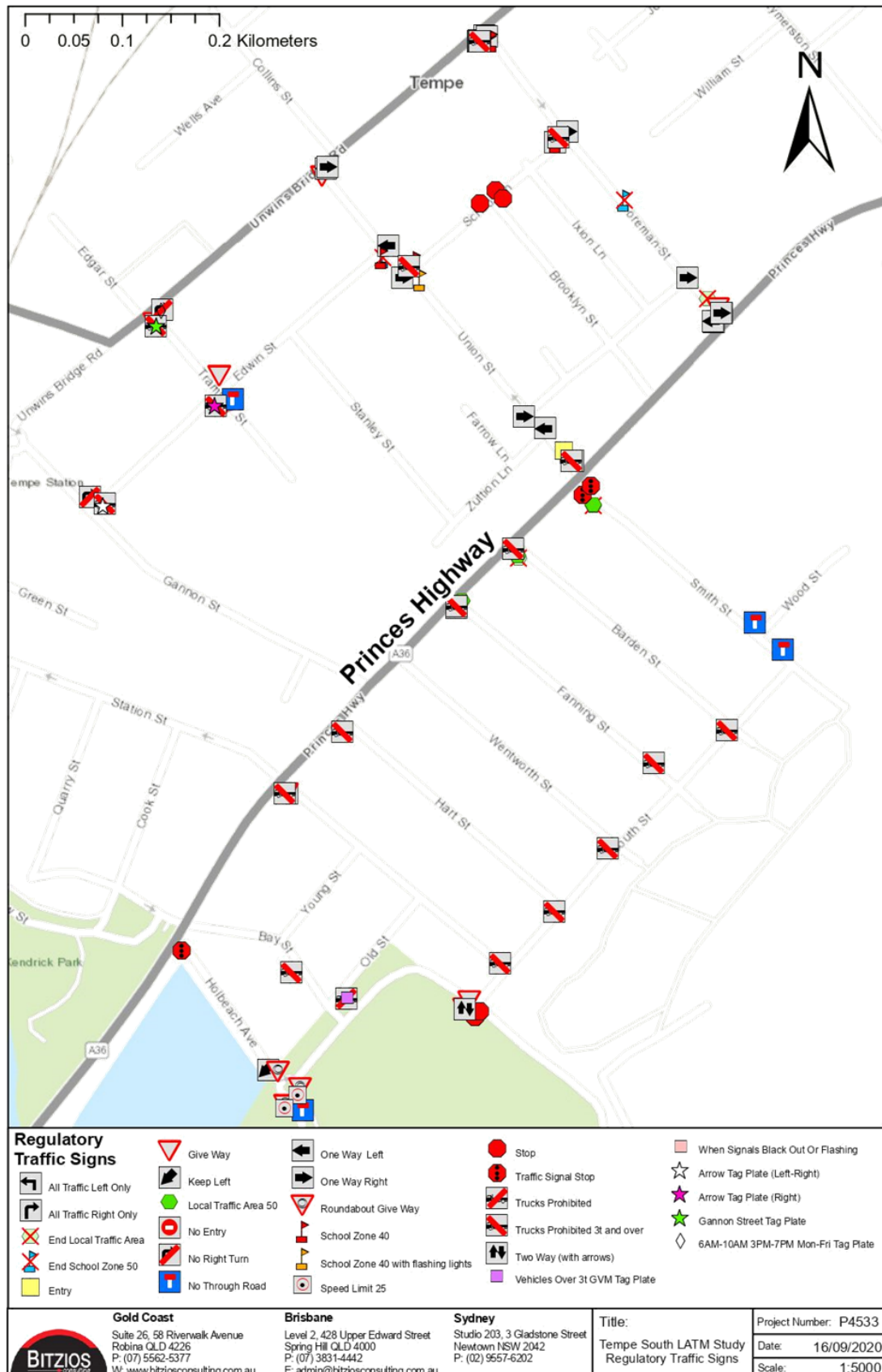
P4533 Tempe South LATM Study

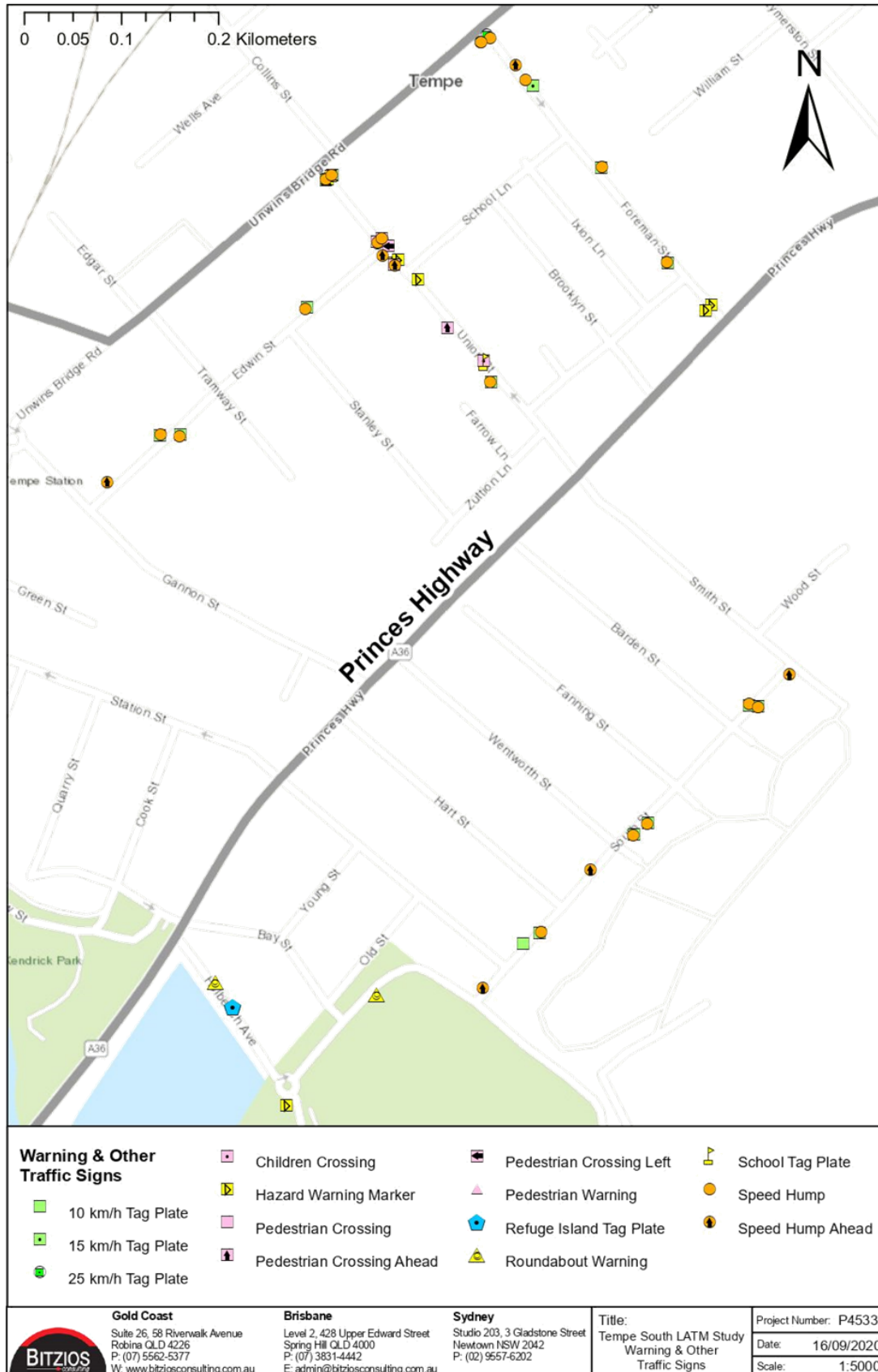
Traffic Signs - Site Audit

Number	Street	Sign	Direction	Condition	Obstruction	Code	x	y	Comments
001	Barden Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Northbound	Good		R6-222	151.1637	-33.9254	
002	Barden Street	End Local Traffic Area	Northbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R4-241	151.1618	-33.9240	
003	Barden Street	Local Traffic Area 50	Southbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R4-240 (50 km/h)	151.1618	-33.9240	
004	Barden Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Southbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R6-222	151.1618	-33.9240	
005	Bay Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Northbound	Good		R6-222	151.1597	-33.9272	
006	Brooklyn Lane	One Way Right	Eastbound	Faded		R2-2 (R)	151.1634	-33.9219	At Foreman Street
007	Brooklyn Lane	One Way Right	Westbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R2-2 (R)	151.1619	-33.9230	At Union Street
008	Edwin Street	Speed Hump	Eastbound	Good		W5-10	151.1599	-33.9221	
009	Edwin Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Eastbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		W8-2	151.1599	-33.9221	
010	Edwin Street	Speed Hump Ahead	Westbound	Good		W3-4	151.1606	-33.9217	
011	Edwin Street	End School Zone 50	Westbound	Good		R4-231	151.1606	-33.9217	
012	Edwin Street	One Way Left	Eastbound	Good		R2-2 (L)	151.1606	-33.9216	At Union Street
013	Edwin Street	Pedestrian Crossing Left	Eastbound	Good		W6-2-1	151.1606	-33.9217	
014	Edwin Street	School Zone 40	Eastbound	Good		R4-230	151.1606	-33.9217	
015	Edwin Street	Speed Hump	Westbound	Good	Tree	W5-10	151.1587	-33.9231	
016	Edwin Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Westbound		Tree	W8-2	151.1587	-33.9231	
017	Edwin Street	Speed Hump	Eastbound	Good	Tree	W5-10	151.1585	-33.9231	
018	Edwin Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Eastbound	Good	Tree	W8-2	151.1585	-33.9231	
019	Edwin Street	Speed Hump Ahead	Eastbound	Good		W3-4	151.1580	-33.9235	
020	Edwin Street	Stop	Westbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R1-1	151.1580	-33.9236	
021	Edwin Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Eastbound	Good		R6-222	151.1580	-33.9236	
022	Edwin Street	Arrow Tag Plate (Left-Right)	Westbound	Good		W8-245 (LR)	151.1580	-33.9236	Non-standard design
023	Fanning Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Northbound	Good		R6-222	151.1631	-33.9256	
024	Fanning Street	All Traffic Left Only	Northbound	Good		R2-14	151.1612	-33.9244	
025	Fanning Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Southbound	Good		R6-222	151.1612	-33.9244	
026	Fanning Street	Local Traffic Area 50	Southbound	Faded		R4-240 (50 km/h)	151.1613	-33.9244	
027	Foreman Street	No Entry	Northbound	Good		R2-4n	151.1636	-33.9222	
028	Foreman Street	No Entry	Northbound	Good		R2-4n	151.1637	-33.9222	
029	Foreman Street	Give Way	Southbound	Good		R1-2	151.1637	-33.9221	
030	Foreman Street	Hazard Warning Marker	Southbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		T5-5	151.1636	-33.9221	
031	Foreman Street	Hazard Warning Marker	Southbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		T5-5	151.1636	-33.9222	
032	Foreman Street	End Local Traffic Area	Southbound	Good		R4-241	151.1636	-33.9220	
033	Foreman Street	Speed Hump	Southbound	Good		W5-10	151.1632	-33.9218	
034	Foreman Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Southbound	Good		W8-2	151.1632	-33.9218	
035	Foreman Street	End School Zone 50	Southbound	Good		R4-231	151.1628	-33.9213	Sign facing perpendicular to road
036	Foreman Street	Speed Hump	Southbound	Faded		W5-10	151.1626	-33.9211	
037	Foreman Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Southbound	Faded		W8-2	151.1626	-33.9211	
038	Foreman Street	Speed Hump	Southbound	Good		W5-10	151.1619	-33.9204	
039	Foreman Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Southbound	Good		W8-2	151.1620	-33.9204	Sign loose/slanted
040	Foreman Street	Speed Hump Ahead	Southbound	Damaged		W3-4	151.1618	-33.9203	
041	Foreman Street	School Zone 40	Southbound	Good		R4-230	151.1616	-33.9201	Signpost bent
042	Foreman Street	Speed Hump	Southbound	Good		W5-10	151.1616	-33.9201	
043	Foreman Street	25 km/h Tag Plate	Southbound	Good		W8-2	151.1615	-33.9200	
044	Foreman Street	Speed Hump	Southbound	Good		W5-10	151.1615	-33.9201	
045	Foreman Street	25 km/h Tag Plate	Southbound	Good		W8-2	151.1615	-33.9201	
046	Foreman Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Southbound	Good		R6-222	151.1615	-33.9201	
047	Gannon Street	No Right Turn	Northbound	Good		R2-6 (R)	151.1579	-33.9236	At Edwin Street
048	Hart Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Southbound	Damaged		R6-222	151.1602	-33.9254	
049	Hart Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Northbound	Good		R6-222	151.1622	-33.9268	
050	Holbeach Avenue	Roundabout Warning	Southbound	Good		W2-7	151.1590	-33.9273	
051	Holbeach Avenue	Pedestrian Warning	Southbound	Good		W6-1	151.1592	-33.9275	Pairs with "Refuse Island" Tag Plate
052	Holbeach Avenue	Refuge Island Tag Plate	Southbound	Good		W8-211	151.1592	-33.9275	Pairs with "Pedestrian" Warning Symbol Sign
053	Holbeach Avenue	Keep Left	Southbound	Good		R2-3	151.1595	-33.9280	On Pedestrian Refuge
054	Holbeach Avenue	Roundabout Give Way	Southbound	Good		R1-13	151.1596	-33.9280	
055	Holbeach Avenue	Speed Limit 25	Southbound	Good		R4-1	151.1598	-33.9282	
056	Holbeach Avenue	Roundabout Give Way	Northbound	Good		R1-13	151.1597	-33.9282	
057	Holbeach Avenue	No Through Road	Southbound	Good		G9-18	151.1598	-33.9283	
058	Holbeach Avenue	Hazard Warning Marker	Northbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		T5-5	151.1597	-33.9283	
059	Holbeach Avenue	Speed Limit 25	Southbound	Good	Tree	R4-1	151.1597	-33.9283	
060	Holbeach Avenue	Traffic Signal Stop	Northbound	Good		R1-4n	151.1587	-33.9271	

Number	Street	Sign	Direction	Condition	Obstruction	Code	x	y	Comments
061	Holbeach Avenue	Stop	Northbound	Good		R1-1	151.1614	-33.9276	
062	Holbeach Avenue	Stop	Northbound	Good		R1-1	151.1615	-33.9275	
063	Holbeach Avenue	Roundabout Give Way	Westbound	Good		R1-13	151.1598	-33.9281	
064	Holbeach Avenue	Roundabout Warning	Westbound	Good		W2-7	151.1605	-33.9274	
065	Holbeach Avenue	Give Way	Southbound	Faded		R1-2	151.1613	-33.9275	
066	Holbeach Avenue	Two Way (with arrows)	Northbound	Good		R2-223	151.1613	-33.9275	
067	Holbeach Avenue	Give Way	Southbound	Good		R1-2	151.1614	-33.9274	Signpost slanted
068	Old Street	Trucks Prohibited	Eastbound	Good		R6-10-2	151.1602	-33.9274	Pairs with "Vehicles over 3t GVM" Sign
069	Old Street	Vehicles Over 3t GVM Tag Plate	Eastbound	Good	"Trucks Prohibited" Sign	R9-221	151.1602	-33.9274	Pairs with "Trucks Prohibited" Sign
070	Princes Highway	One Way Left	Eastbound	Faded		R2-2 (L)	151.1623	-33.9233	At Union Street
071	Princes Highway	One Way Left	Westbound	Good		R2-2 (L)	151.1636	-33.9222	At Foreman Street
072	Princes Highway	One Way Right	Eastbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R2-2 (R)	151.1637	-33.9222	At Foreman Street
073	School Lane	One Way Right	Westbound	Good		R2-2 (R)	151.1607	-33.9219	At Union Street, signpost slanted
074	School Lane	One Way Right	Eastbound	Good		R2-2 (R)	151.1623	-33.9208	At Foreman Street
075	School Lane	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Westbound	Good		R6-222	151.1622	-33.9208	
076	School Lane	School Zone 40	Westbound	Faded		R4-230	151.1622	-33.9208	
077	School Lane	All Traffic Right Only	Eastbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R2-14	151.1622	-33.9209	
078	School Lane	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Eastbound	Good		R6-222	151.1608	-33.9218	
079	School Lane	School Zone 40	Eastbound	Good	Tree	R4-230	151.1609	-33.9218	
080	School Lane	Stop	Eastbound	Good		R1-1	151.1615	-33.9213	
081	School Lane	Stop	Westbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R1-1	151.1616	-33.9212	
082	School Lane	Stop	Westbound	Good		R1-1	151.1617	-33.9213	
083	Smith Street	No Through Road	Southbound	Good		G9-18	151.1643	-33.9248	
084	Smith Street	End Local Traffic Area	Northbound	Good		R4-241	151.1625	-33.9236	
085	Smith Street	Local Traffic Area 50	Southbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R4-240 (50 km/h)	151.1625	-33.9236	
086	Smith Street	Traffic Signal Stop	Northbound	Good		R1-4n	151.1624	-33.9236	
087	Smith Street	Traffic Signal Stop	Northbound	Good		R1-4n	151.1625	-33.9235	Pairs with "When Signals Black Out Or Flashing" Sign
088	Smith Street	When Signals Black Out Or Flashing Tag Plate	Northbound	Good		R9-201	151.1625	-33.9235	Pairs with Traffic Signal Stop Sign
089	South Street	Speed Hump Ahead	Eastbound	Good		W3-4	151.1615	-33.9274	
090	South Street	10 km/h Tag Plate	Eastbound	Good		W8-2	151.1619	-33.9270	Attached high up on an electric pole
091	South Street	Speed Hump	Westbound	Good		W5-10	151.1620	-33.9269	
092	South Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Westbound	Good		W8-2	151.1620	-33.9269	
093	South Street	Speed Hump Ahead	Eastbound	Good		W3-4	151.1625	-33.9265	
094	South Street	Speed Hump	Eastbound	Good		W5-10	151.1629	-33.9262	
095	South Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Eastbound	Good		W8-2	151.1629	-33.9262	
096	South Street	Speed Hump	Westbound	Good	Tree	W5-10	151.1630	-33.9261	
097	South Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Westbound	Good	Tree	W8-2	151.1630	-33.9261	
098	South Street	Speed Hump	Eastbound	Faded		W5-10	151.1640	-33.9252	
099	South Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Eastbound	Faded		W8-2	151.1640	-33.9252	
100	South Street	Speed Hump	Westbound	Faded		W5-10	151.1640	-33.9252	Also slightly bent
101	South Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Westbound	Faded		W8-2	151.1641	-33.9252	
102	South Street	Speed Hump Ahead	Westbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		W3-4	151.1643	-33.9250	
103	Station Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Northbound	Faded		R6-222	151.1617	-33.9272	
104	Station Street	All Traffic Left Only	Northbound	Good		R2-14	151.1597	-33.9259	
105	Station Street	Give Way	Northbound	Damaged	All Traffic Left Only' sign	R1-2	151.1597	-33.9259	
106	Station Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Southbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		R6-222	151.1597	-33.9259	
107	Tramway Street	Give Way	Southbound	Good		R1-2	151.1591	-33.9226	
108	Tramway Street	Give Way	Northbound	Good		R1-2	151.1585	-33.9222	
109	Tramway Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Southbound	Good		R6-222	151.1590	-33.9229	
110	Tramway Street	Arrow Tag Plate (Right)	Southbound	Good		W8-245 (R)	151.1590	-33.9229	Non-standard design
111	Tramway Street	Give Way	Northbound	Faded		R1-2	151.1591	-33.9229	
112	Tramway Street	No Through Road	Southbound	Good		G9-18	151.1592	-33.9228	
113	Union Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Northbound	Good		R6-222	151.1623	-33.9233	
114	Union Street	Entry	Northbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		Custom	151.1622	-33.9232	Into Private Property (No. 669 Princes Highway), Sign on wall
115	Union Street	Speed Hump	Northbound	Good	Obstructed by trees	W5-10	151.1616	-33.9227	
116	Union Street	15 km/h Tag Plate	Northbound	Faded		W8-2	151.1616	-33.9227	
117	Union Street	Children Crossing	Northbound	Damaged		W6-3	151.1615	-33.9225	Pairs with "School" Warning Sign
118	Union Street	School Tag Plate	Northbound	Damaged		W8-14	151.1615	-33.9225	Pairs with "Children Crossing" Symbol Sign
119	Union Street	Pedestrian Crossing Ahead	Northbound	Good		W6-2	151.1612	-33.9223	
120	Union Street	Pedestrian Crossing Ahead	Northbound	Good		W6-2	151.1607	-33.9218	
121	Union Street	Speed Hump Ahead	Northbound	Good		W3-4	151.1607	-33.9218	
122	Union Street	Hazard Warning Marker	Northbound	Good		T5-5	151.1607	-33.9218	
123	Union Street	Hazard Warning Marker	Northbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		T5-5	151.1607	-33.9218	

Number	Street	Sign	Direction	Condition	Obstruction	Code	x	y	Comments
124	Union Street	Speed Hump	Northbound	Good		W5-10	151.1605	-33.9216	
125	Union Street	25 km/h Tag Plate	Northbound	Good		W8-2	151.1605	-33.9216	
126	Union Street	Pedestrian Crossing	Southbound	Good		R3-1	151.1605	-33.9216	Facing the wrong way (facing north)
127	Union Street	Hazard Warning Marker	Northbound	Good		T5-5	151.1601	-33.9211	
128	Union Street	Speed Hump	Northbound	Good		W5-10	151.1600	-33.9211	
129	Union Street	Pedestrian Warning	Northbound	Good		W6-1	151.1600	-33.9212	
130	Union Street	10 km/h Tag Plate	Northbound	Good		W8-2	151.1601	-33.9212	
131	Union Street	Give Way	Northbound	Good		R1-2	151.1600	-33.9211	
132	Union Street	Hazard Warning Marker	Northbound	Good		T5-5	151.1601	-33.9211	
133	Union Street	Speed Hump	Northbound	Good		W5-10	151.1601	-33.9211	
134	Union Street	Pedestrian Warning	Northbound	Good		W6-1	151.1601	-33.9211	
135	Union Street	10 km/h Tag Plate	Northbound	Good		W8-2	151.1601	-33.9211	
136	Union Street	Pedestrian Crossing	Northbound	Good		R3-1	151.1606	-33.9216	
137	Union Street	Speed Hump	Northbound	Good		W5-10	151.1606	-33.9216	
138	Union Street	25 km/h Tag Plate	Northbound	Vandalised/Graffitied		W8-2	151.1606	-33.9216	
139	Union Street	Hazard Warning Marker	Northbound	Good		T5-5	151.1609	-33.9219	
140	Union Street	School Zone 40 with flashing lights	Northbound	Good		R4-230-1	151.1609	-33.9219	
141	Unwins Bridge Road	One Way Left	Eastbound	Good		R2-2 (L)	151.1600	-33.9211	At Union Street
142	Unwins Bridge Road	One Way Right	Westbound	Faded		R2-2 (R)	151.1601	-33.9210	At Union Street
143	Unwins Bridge Road	One Way Right	Eastbound	Good		R2-2 (R)	151.1615	-33.9200	At Foreman Street
144	Unwins Bridge Road	No Right Turn	Eastbound	Good		R2-6 (R)	151.1615	-33.9200	At Foreman Street
145	Unwins Bridge Road	One Way Left	Westbound	Good		R2-2 (L)	151.1615	-33.9201	At Foreman Street
146	Unwins Bridge Road	No Right Turn	Eastbound	Good		R2-6 (R)	151.1614	-33.9201	At Foreman Street
147	Unwins Bridge Road	No Right Turn	Eastbound	Good		R2-6 (R)	151.1585	-33.9221	At Tramway Street
148	Unwins Bridge Road	6AM-10AM 3PM-7PM Mon-Fri Tag Plate	Eastbound	Good		R9-1-2	151.1585	-33.9221	
149	Unwins Bridge Road	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Westbound	Good		R6-222	151.1585	-33.9223	Located at Tramway Street
150	Unwins Bridge Road	Gannon Street Tag Plate	Westbound	Good		Custom	151.1585	-33.9223	Located at Tramway Street
151	Wentworth Street	Trucks Prohibited 3t and over	Northbound	Faded		R6-222	151.1626	-33.9263	
152	Wood Street	No Through Road	Eastbound	Good		G9-18	151.1640	-33.9245	
153	Zultion Lane	One Way Left	Eastbound	Good		R2-2 (L)	151.1621	-33.9231	At Union Street

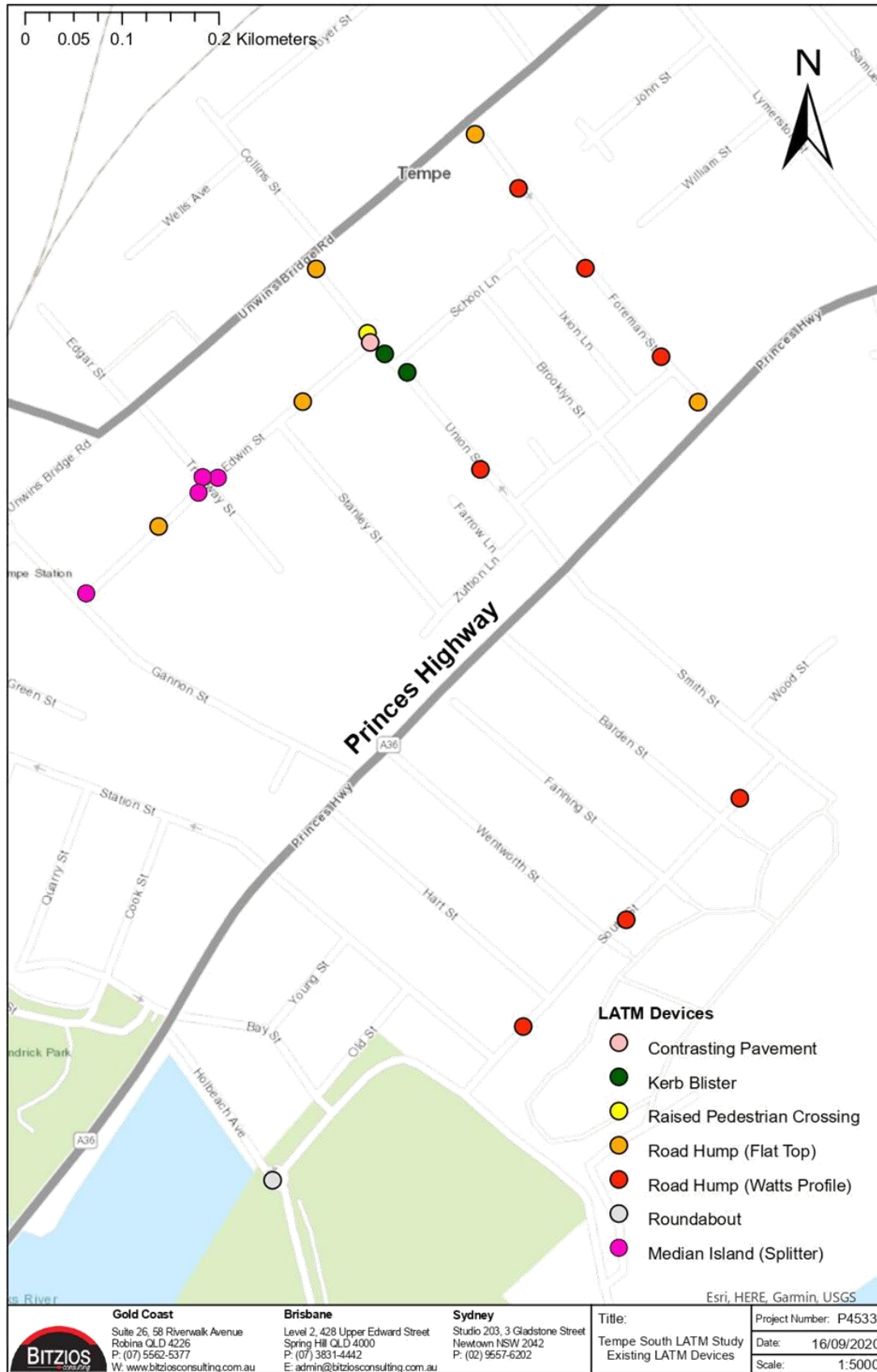




P4533 Tempe South LATM Study

LATM Devices - Site Audit

Street	Type	Comments	x	y
Edwin Street	Road Hump (Flat Top)	Parking over hump	151.1599	-33.9221
Edwin Street	Contrasting Pavement	Contrasting Pavement	151.1606	-33.9217
Edwin Street	Median Island (Splitter)	Faded linemarking, rumble strips	151.1592	-33.9227
Edwin Street	Road Hump (Flat Top)	Parking over hump	151.1586	-33.9231
Edwin Street	Median Island (Splitter)	Rumble strips	151.1579	-33.9236
Edwin Street	Median Island (Splitter)	Faded linemarking, rumble strips	151.1590	-33.9228
Foreman Street	Road Hump (Flat Top)	With kerb blisters and contrasting pavement	151.1636	-33.9221
Foreman Street	Road Hump (Watts Profile)	Parking over hump	151.1633	-33.9218
Foreman Street	Road Hump (Watts Profile)	Parking over hump	151.1626	-33.9211
Foreman Street	Road Hump (Watts Profile)	Parking over hump	151.1619	-33.9205
Foreman Street	Road Hump (Flat Top)	With kerb blisters and contrasting pavement	151.1615	-33.9201
Holbeach Avenue	Roundabout	With kerb blister at Holbeach Avenue northbound approach	151.1597	-33.9281
South Street	Road Hump (Watts Profile)	Parking over hump	151.1620	-33.9270
South Street	Road Hump (Watts Profile)	Faded line marking	151.1629	-33.9261
South Street	Road Hump (Watts Profile)	Parking over hump	151.1640	-33.9252
Tramway Street	Median Island (Splitter)	Rumble strips	151.1590	-33.9227
Union Street	Road Hump (Watts Profile)	Parking over hump	151.1616	-33.9227
Union Street	Kerb Blister	A pair of kerb blisters with contrasting pavement	151.1607	-33.9218
Union Street	Raised Pedestrian Crossing	Also recorded as Ped facility	151.1605	-33.9216
Union Street	Road Hump (Flat Top)	With kerb blisters	151.1601	-33.9211
Union Street	Kerb Blister	Only one at eastern Side of Union Street	151.1609	-33.9219



P4533 Tempe South LATM Study

Pedestrian Facilities - Site Audit

Street	Type	Comments	x	y
Barden Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1618	-33.9240
Collins Street	Pedestrian Refuge		151.1601	-33.9209
Collins Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1600	-33.9210
Collins Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1601	-33.9209
Edwin Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1606	-33.9217
Edwin Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1605	-33.9217
Edwin Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1579	-33.9236
Edwin Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1580	-33.9237
Fanning Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1612	-33.9244
Foreman Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1636	-33.9222
Foreman Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1614	-33.9201
Foreman Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1615	-33.9200
Foreman Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1637	-33.9222
Hart Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1603	-33.9253
Hart Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1602	-33.9254
Hart Street	Kerb Ramp	No footpath connectivity from northern side of South Street	151.1622	-33.9268
Hart Street	Kerb Ramp	No footpath connectivity onto northern side of South Street	151.1622	-33.9267
Holbeach Avenue	Signalised Pedestrian Crossing		151.1587	-33.9270
Holbeach Avenue	Pedestrian Refuge	In conjunction with Roundabout	151.1596	-33.9280
Holbeach Avenue	Kerb Ramp		151.1598	-33.9281
Holbeach Avenue	Kerb Ramp		151.1598	-33.9281
Holbeach Avenue	Kerb Ramp		151.1596	-33.9280
Holbeach Avenue	Kerb Ramp	Stormwater drain located on kerb ramp	151.1595	-33.9281
Holbeach Avenue	Kerb Ramp	No footpath western side of Holbeach Avenue	151.1598	-33.9280
Holbeach Avenue	Kerb Ramp		151.1587	-33.9270
Holbeach Avenue	Kerb Ramp		151.1587	-33.9270
Princes Highway	Signalised Pedestrian Crossing		151.1586	-33.9270
Princes Highway	Signalised Pedestrian Crossing		151.1613	-33.9243
Princes Highway	Signalised Pedestrian Crossing		151.1623	-33.9235
Princes Highway	Kerb Ramp		151.1624	-33.9235
Princes Highway	Signalised Pedestrian Crossing		151.1624	-33.9234
Princes Highway	Kerb Ramp		151.1625	-33.9234
Princes Highway	Kerb Ramp		151.1624	-33.9233

Street	Type	Comments	x	y
Princes Highway	Kerb Ramp		151.1622	-33.9234
Princes Highway	Kerb Ramp		151.1586	-33.9270
Princes Highway	Kerb Ramp		151.1586	-33.9270
Smith Street	Signalised Pedestrian Crossing		151.1624	-33.9235
Smith Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1624	-33.9235
Smith Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1625	-33.9235
South Street	Kerb Ramp	Only connectivity to southern side of South Street	151.1617	-33.9272
Stanley Street	Kerb Ramp	no connectivity to Eastern Side	151.1597	-33.9224
Tramway Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1591	-33.9227
Tramway Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1590	-33.9228
Tramway Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1584	-33.9222
Tramway Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1585	-33.9222
Tramway Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1592	-33.9228
Tramway Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1591	-33.9229
Union Street	Signalised Pedestrian Crossing		151.1623	-33.9233
Union Street	Pedestrian Crossing	Raised. Also recorded as LATM	151.1605	-33.9216
Union Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1608	-33.9218
Union Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1608	-33.9219
Union Street	Continuous Footpath	Corresponding road hump recorded as LATM	151.1600	-33.9211
Union Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1623	-33.9234
Union Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1623	-33.9233
Unwins Bridge Road	Signalised Pedestrian Crossing	With pedestrian fencing	151.1610	-33.9204
Wentworth Street	Kerb Ramp	No connectivity	151.1627	-33.9263
Wentworth Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1608	-33.9249
Wentworth Street	Kerb Ramp		151.1608	-33.9249
Zutton Lane	Kerb Ramp	No connectivity to other side as there are no footpaths on Zutton Lane	151.1613	-33.9237
Zutton Lane	Kerb Ramp		151.1620	-33.9231
Zutton Lane	Kerb Ramp		151.1620	-33.9231

P4533 Tempe South LATM Study Cycling Facilities - Site Audit

Type	Street	Comments	x	y
Route Wayfinding	Holbeach Avenue	"Route L13 Sydenham Green"	151.1588	-33.9270
Shared Path	Holbeach Avenue	Princes Highway to Roundabout western side, sticker on southbound sign	151.1591	-33.9276
Bike On Ramp	Holbeach Avenue	Connects to Shared Path for bikes northbound	151.1589	-33.9273
Route Wayfinding	Holbeach Avenue	Left Arrow	151.1598	-33.9281
Route Wayfinding	Holbeach Avenue	Left Arrow	151.1614	-33.9276
Route Wayfinding	Holbeach Avenue	Right Arrow	151.1598	-33.9281
Signalised Shared Crossing	Princes Highway		151.1624	-33.9234
Cycle Direction	Smith Street	"Use Path", onto path at Princes Highway, shared crossing	151.1625	-33.9236
Signalised Shared Crossing	Smith Street		151.1624	-33.9235
Bicycle Symbol Linemarking	South Street	Faded	151.1615	-33.9274
Route Wayfinding	South Street	Left Arrow and Right Arrow	151.1643	-33.9250



Item 4

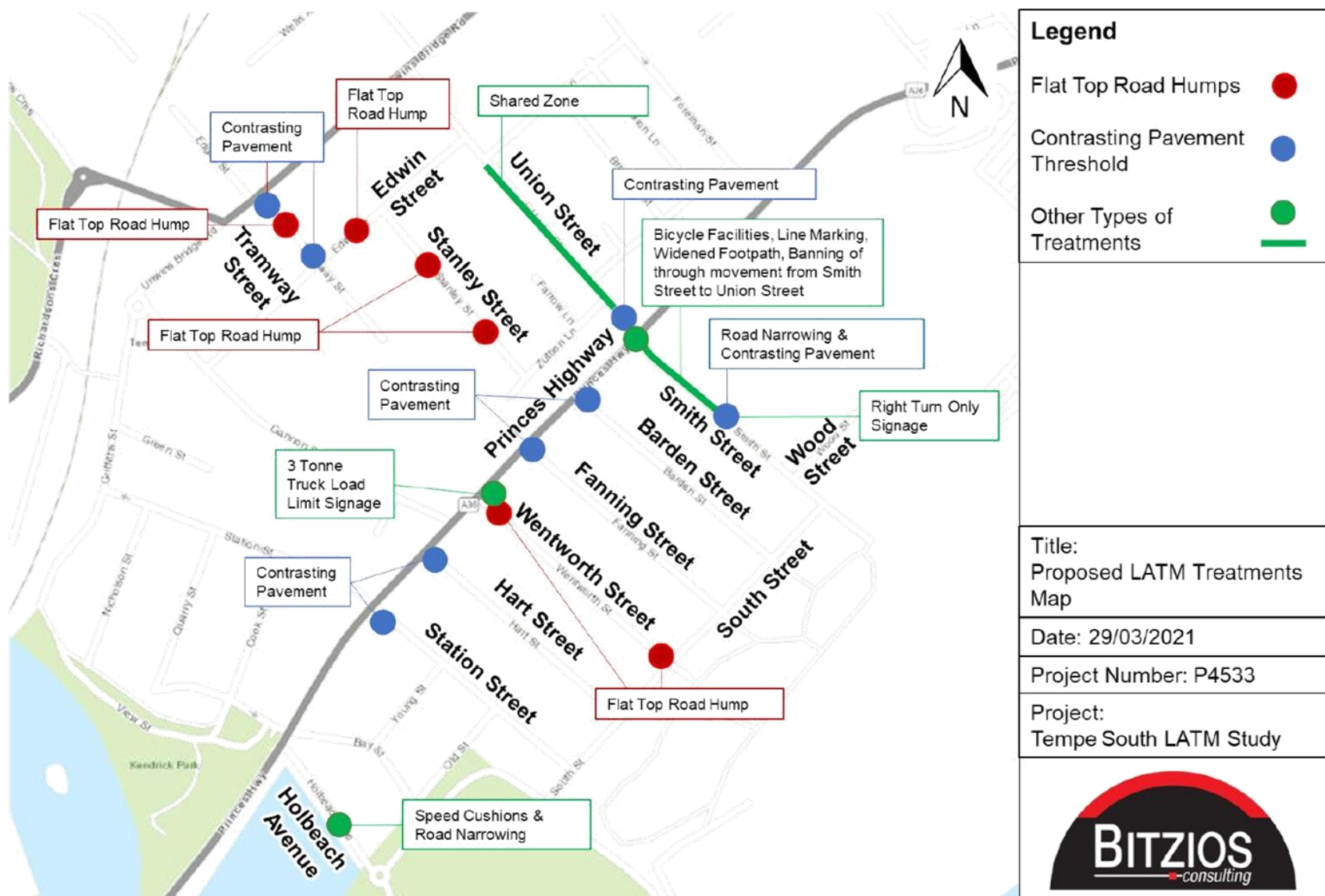
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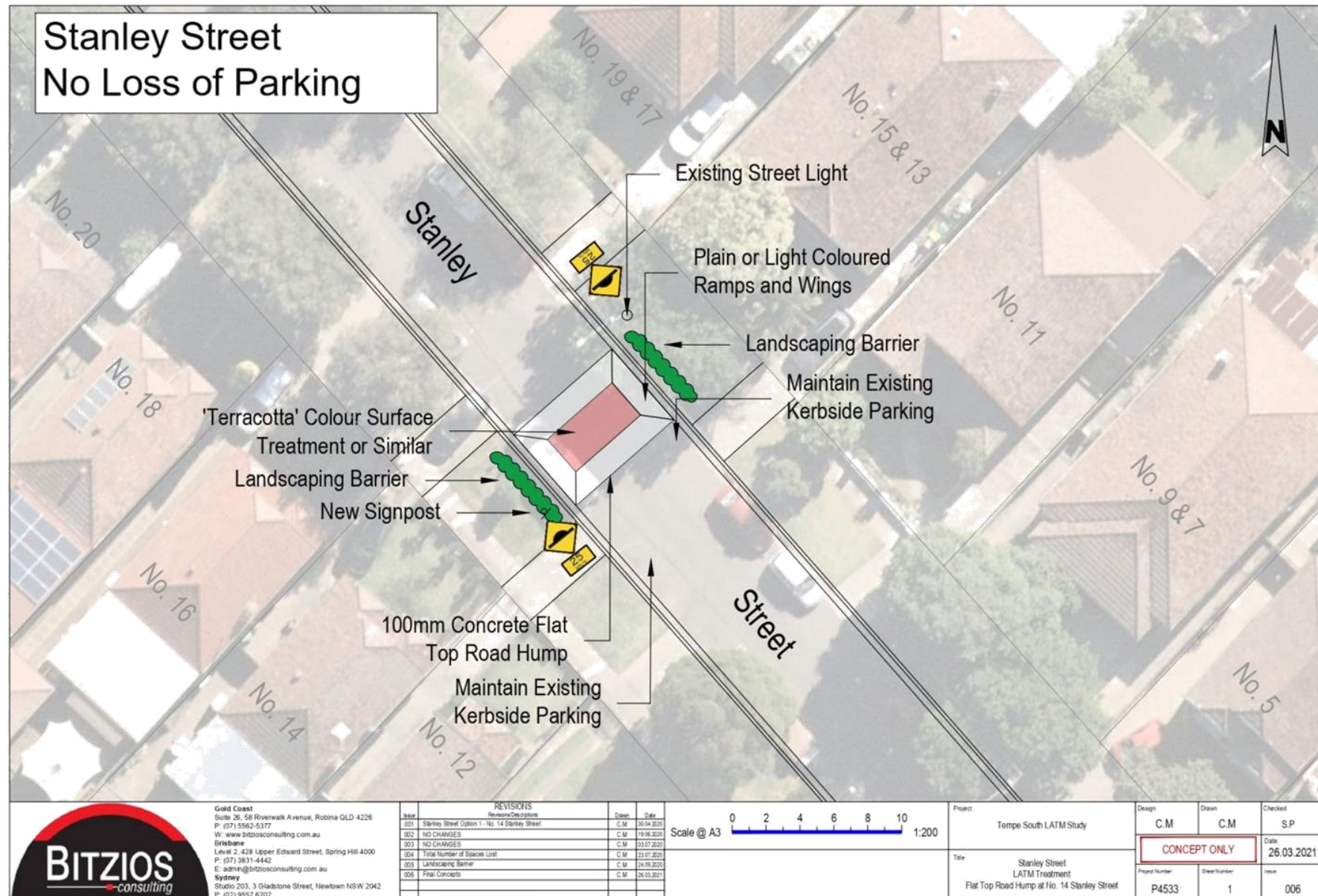


Appendix D: LATM Treatment Concept Designs

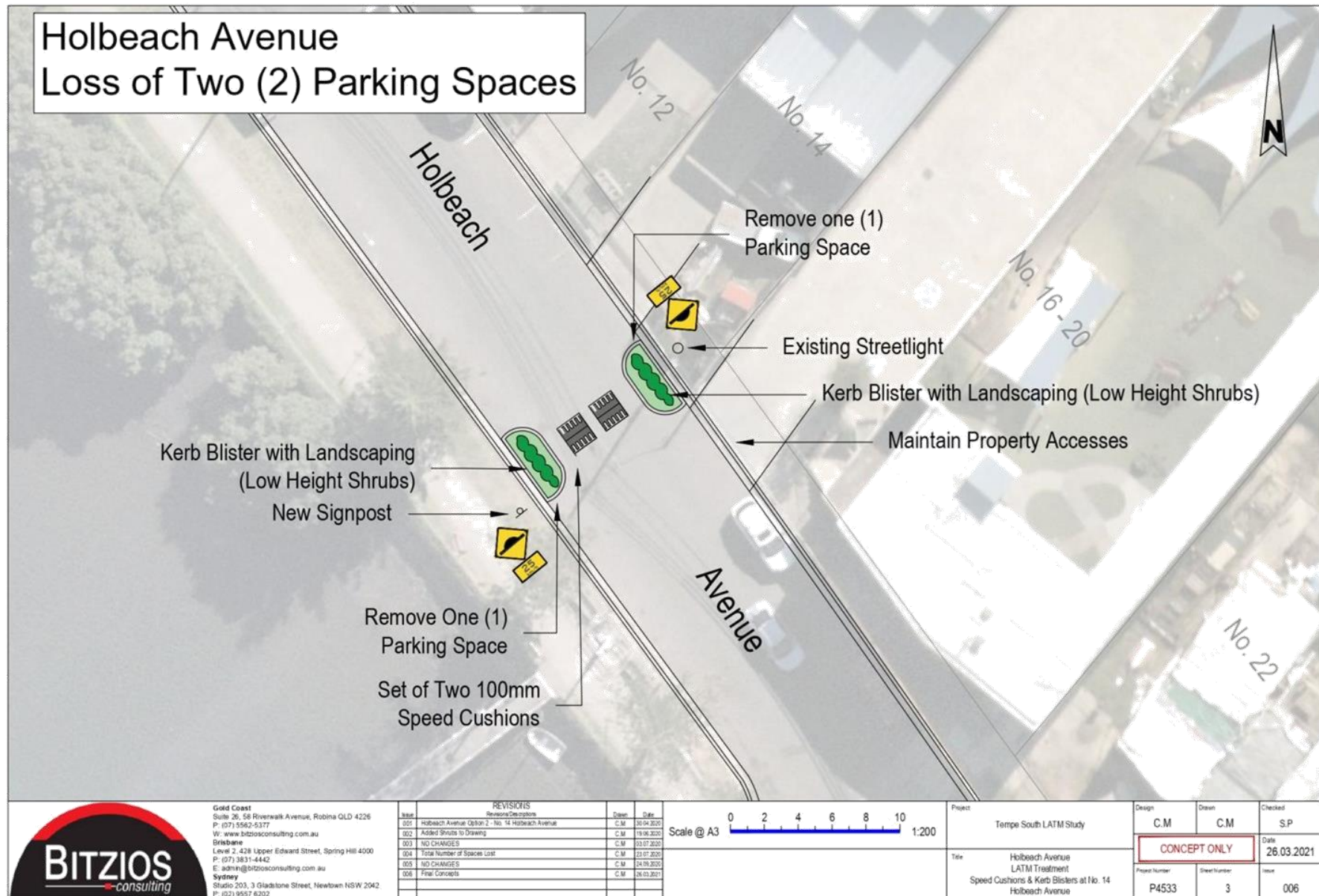
Item 4

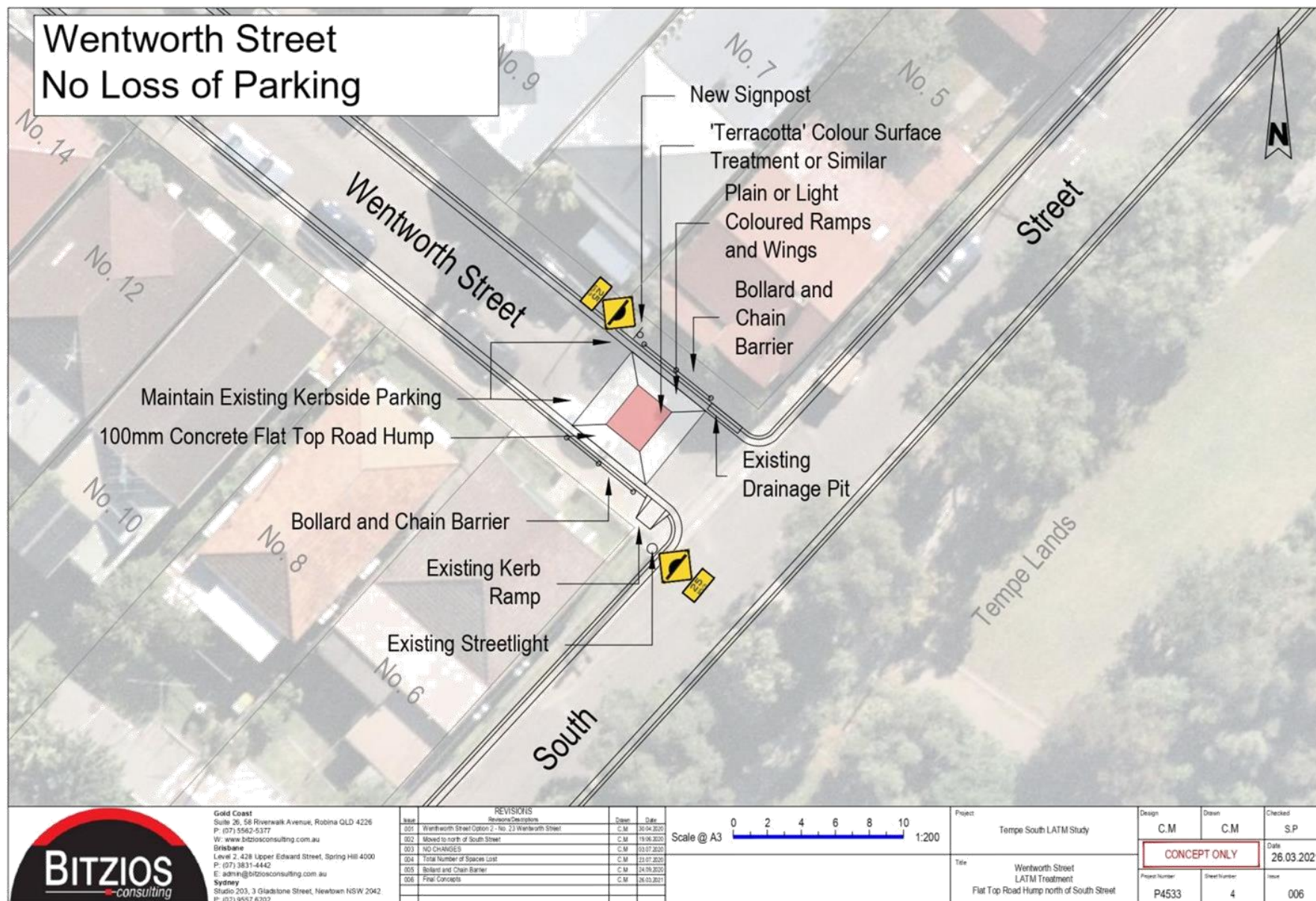
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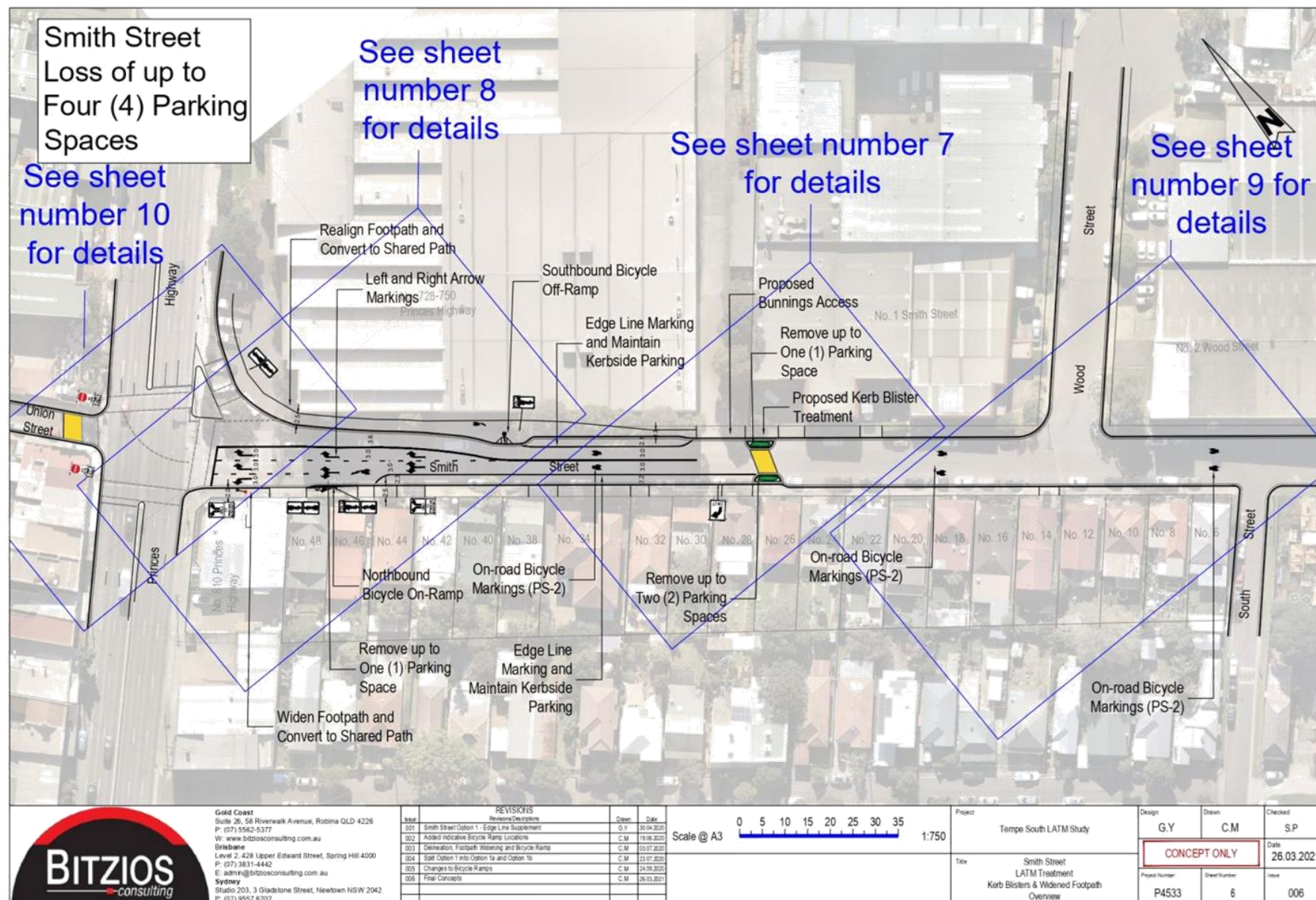


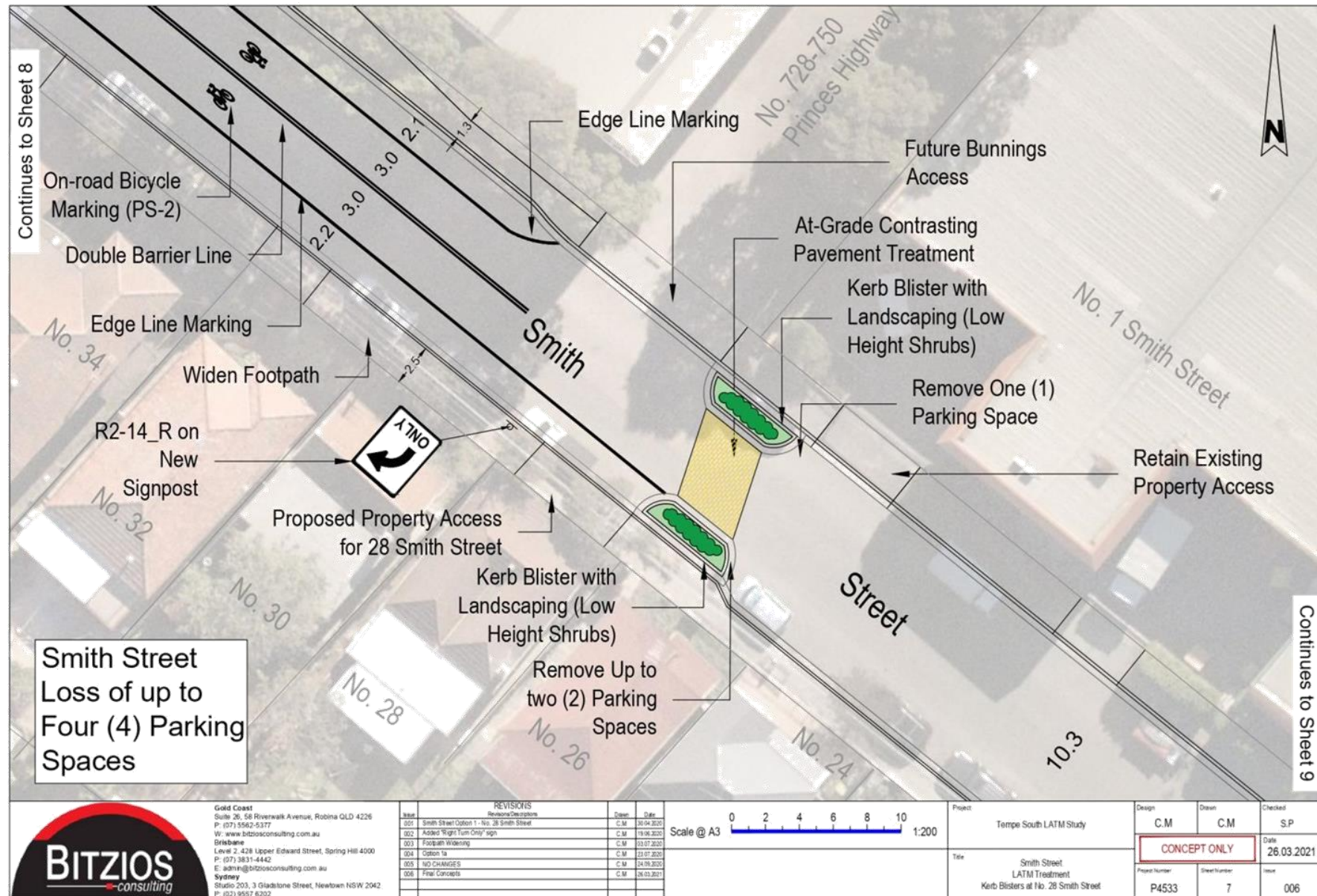


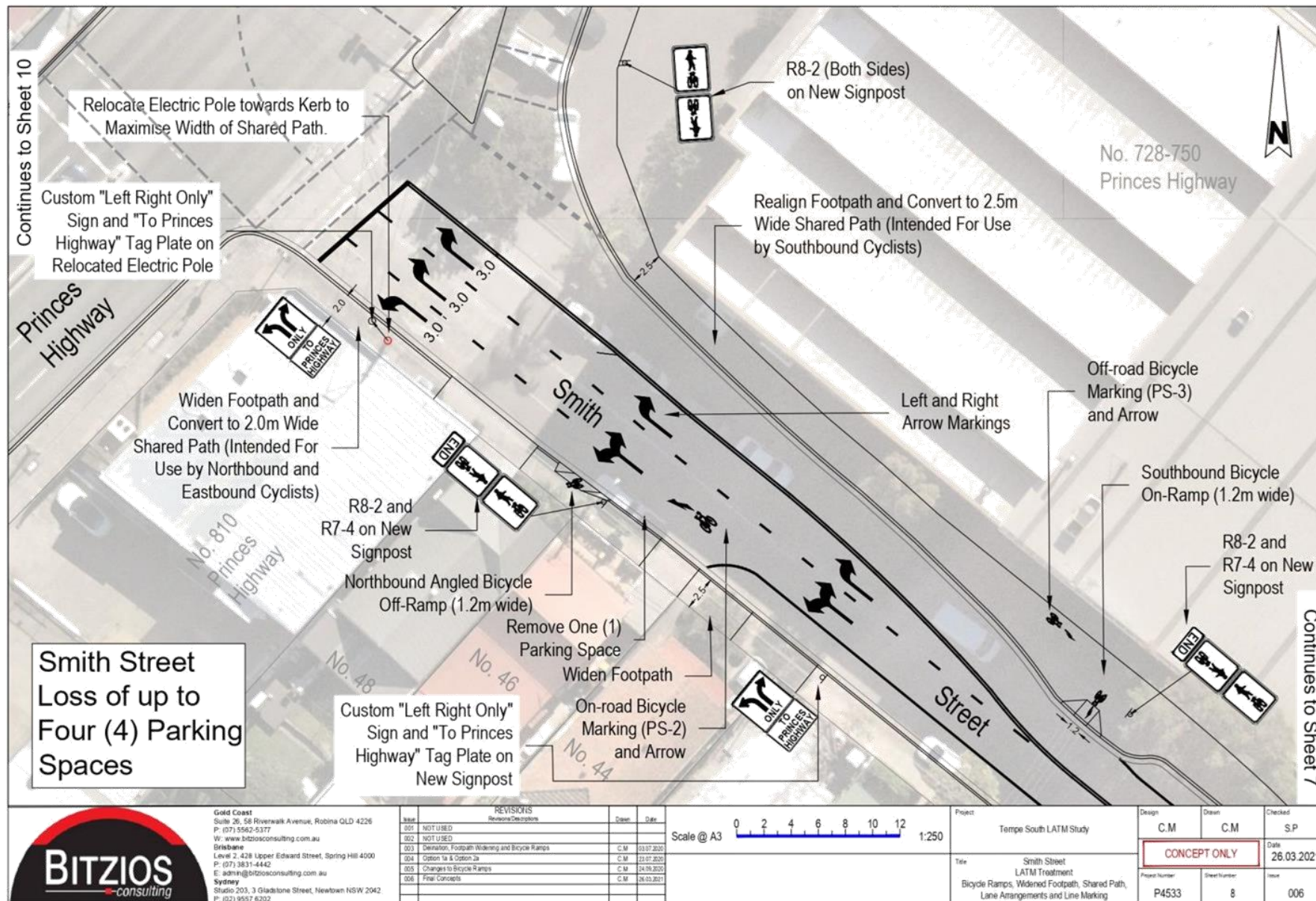


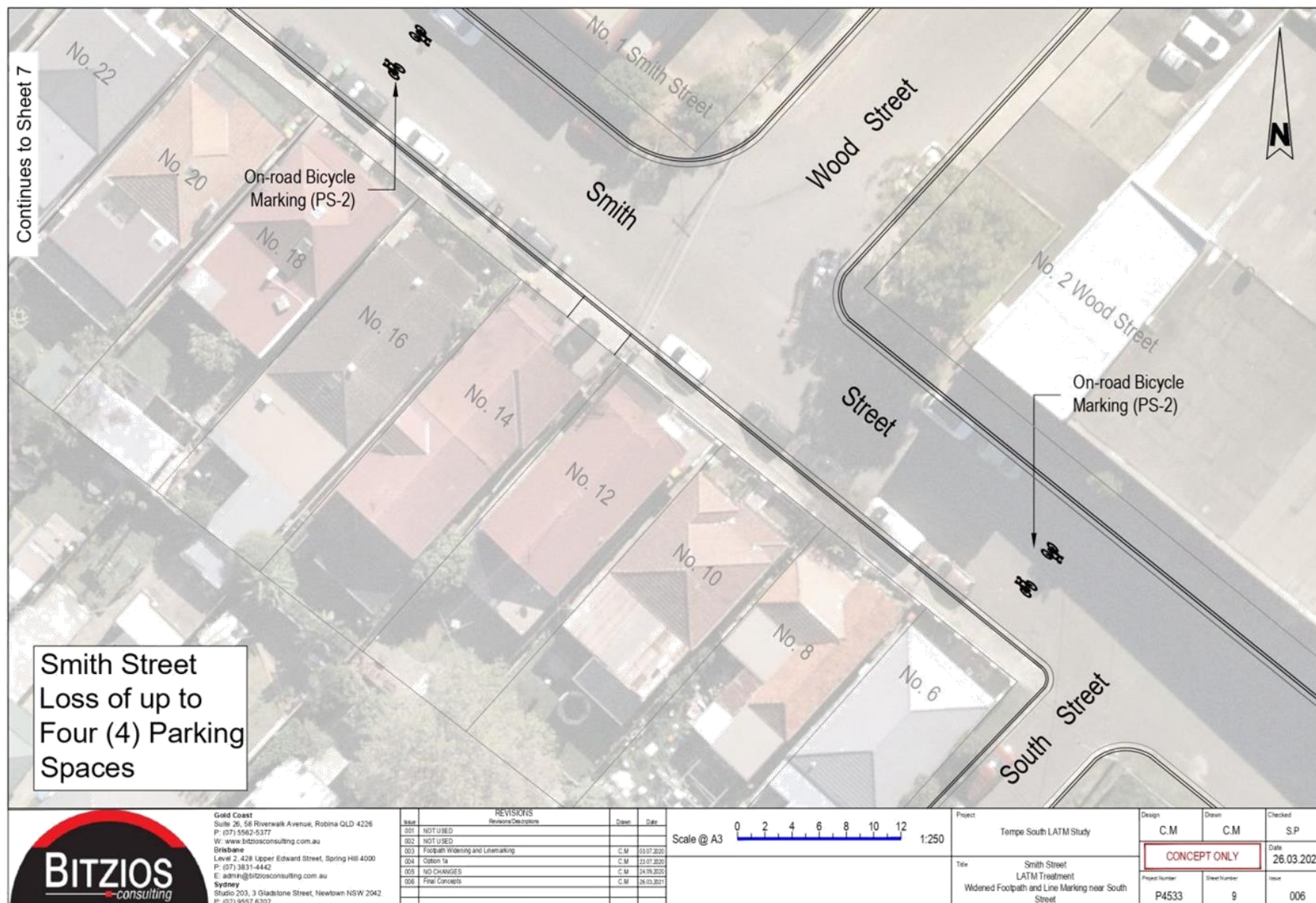


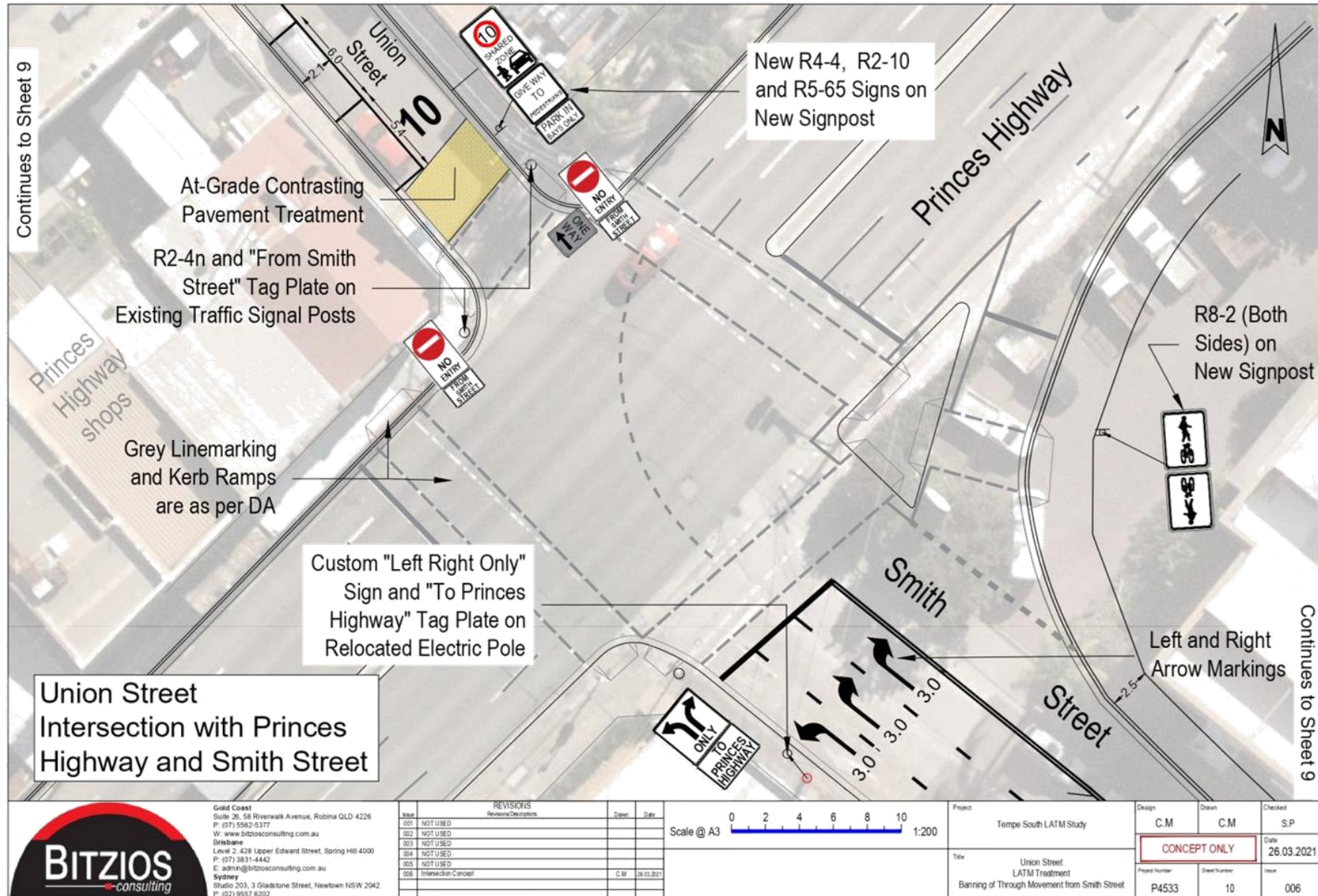


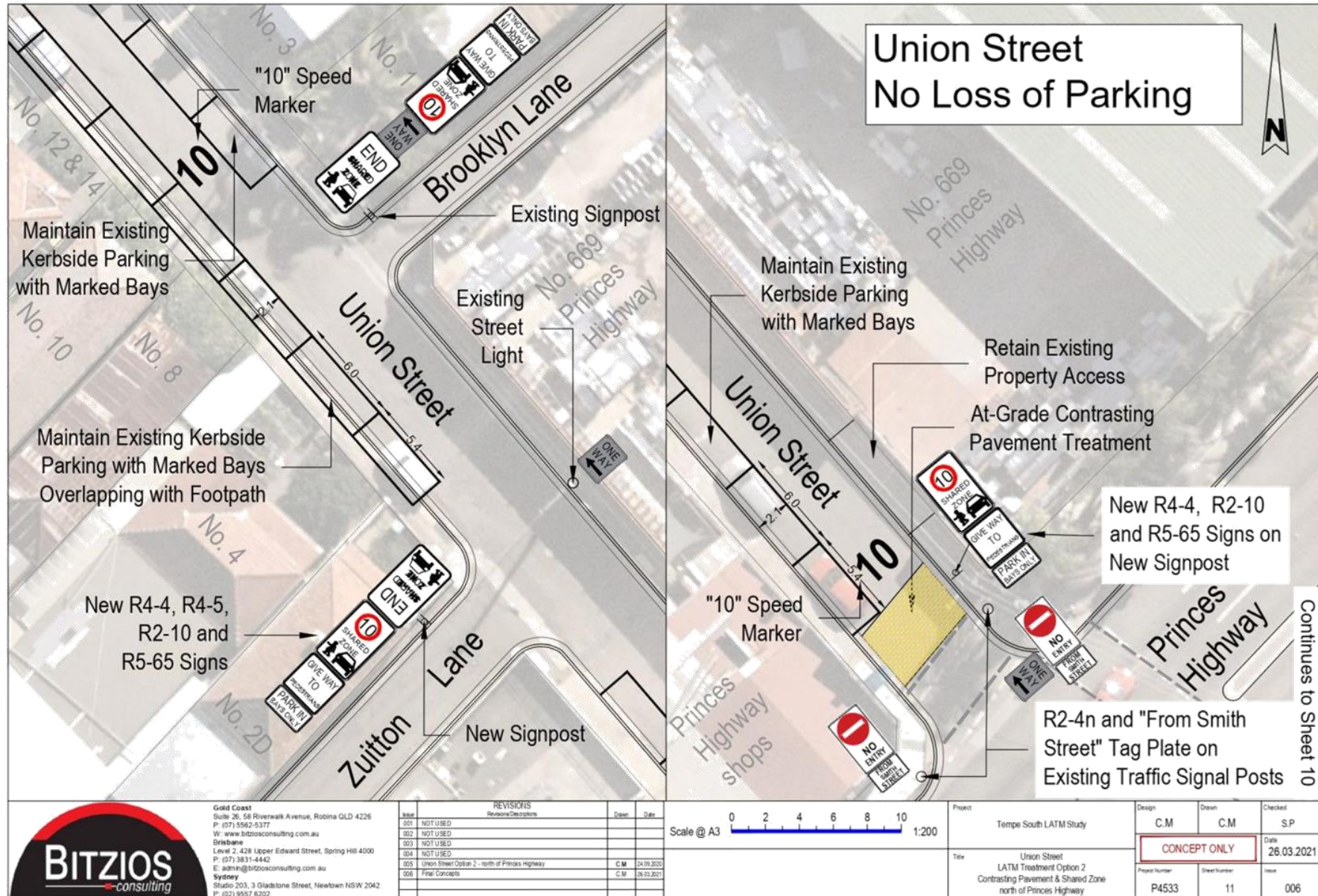


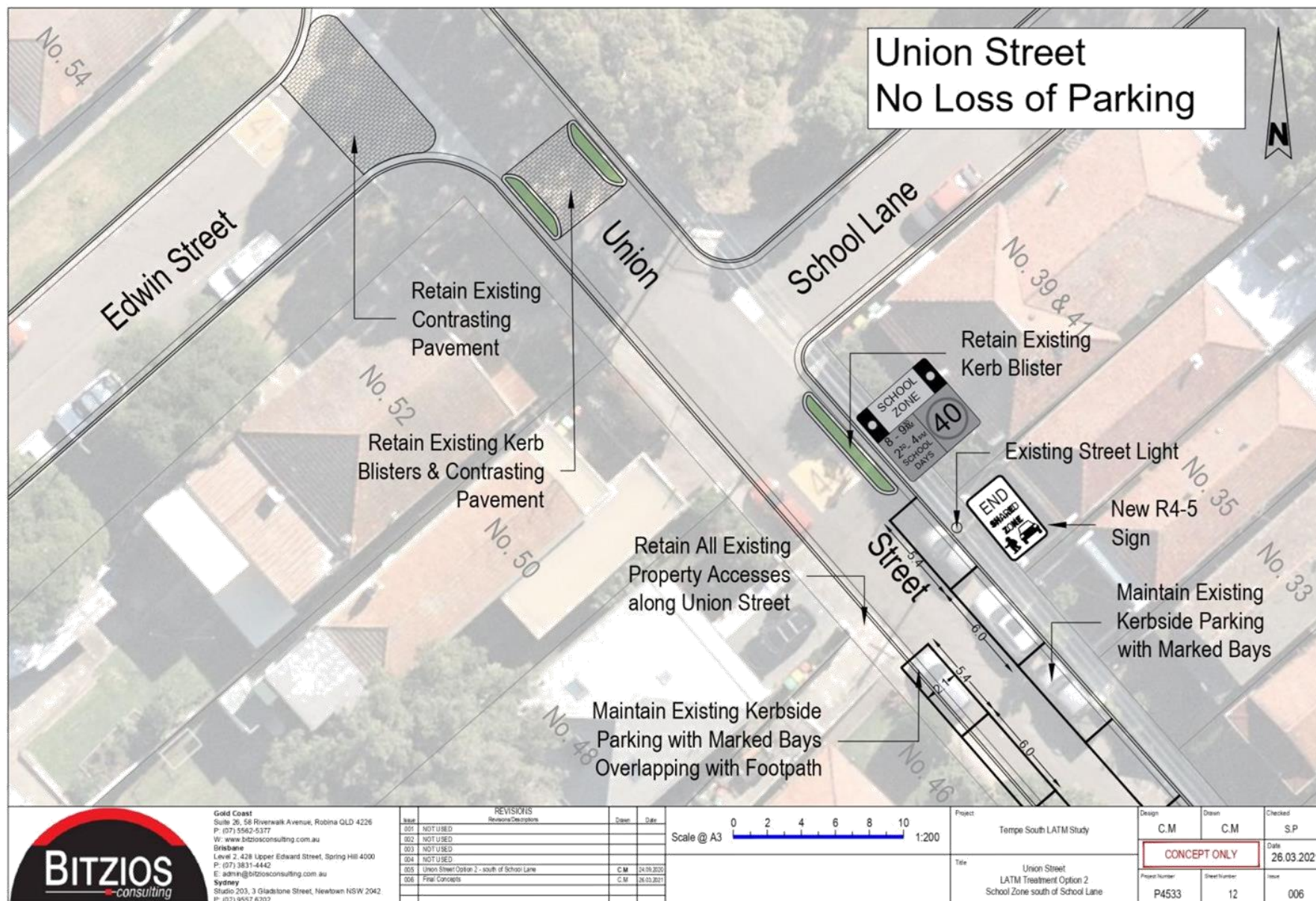


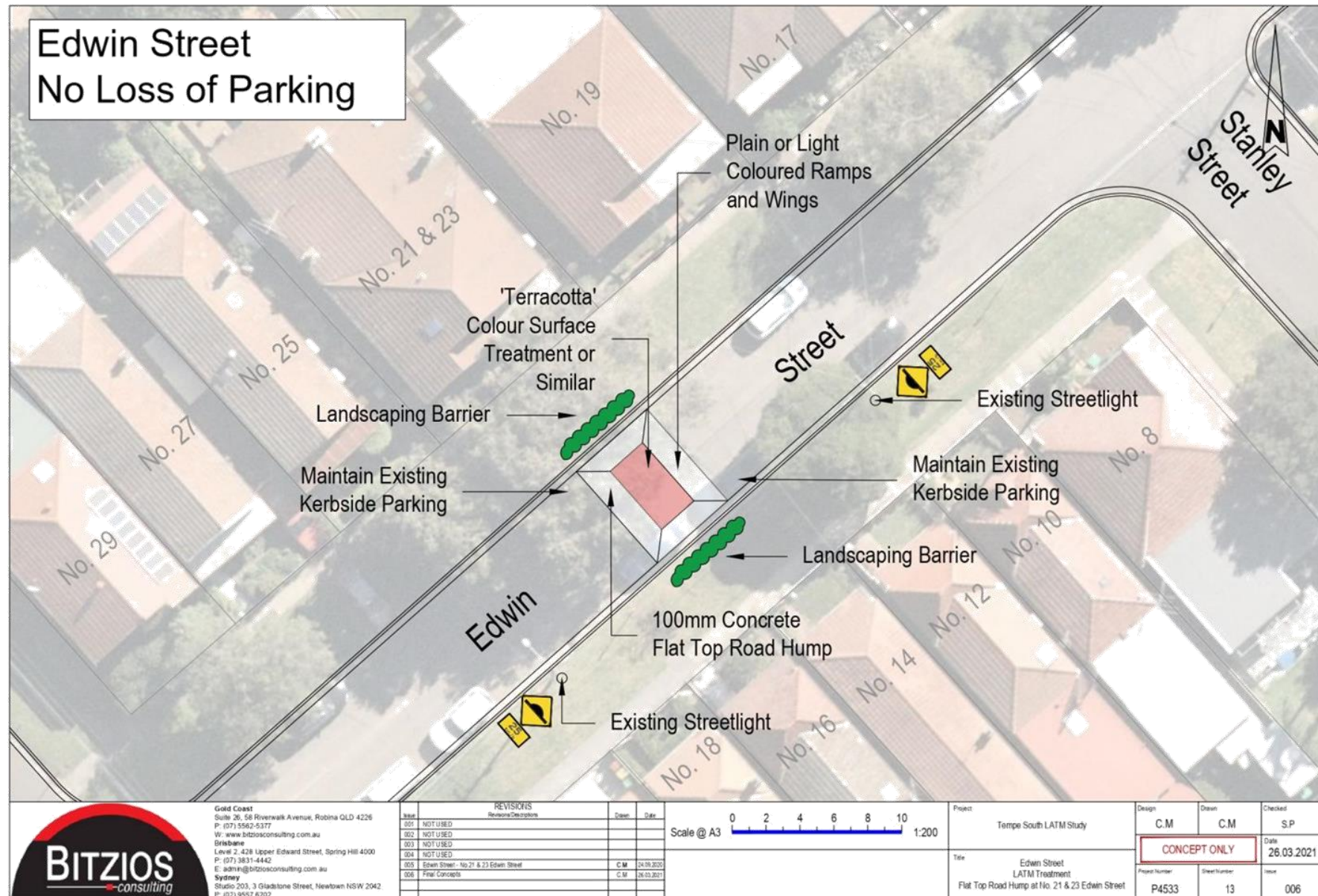


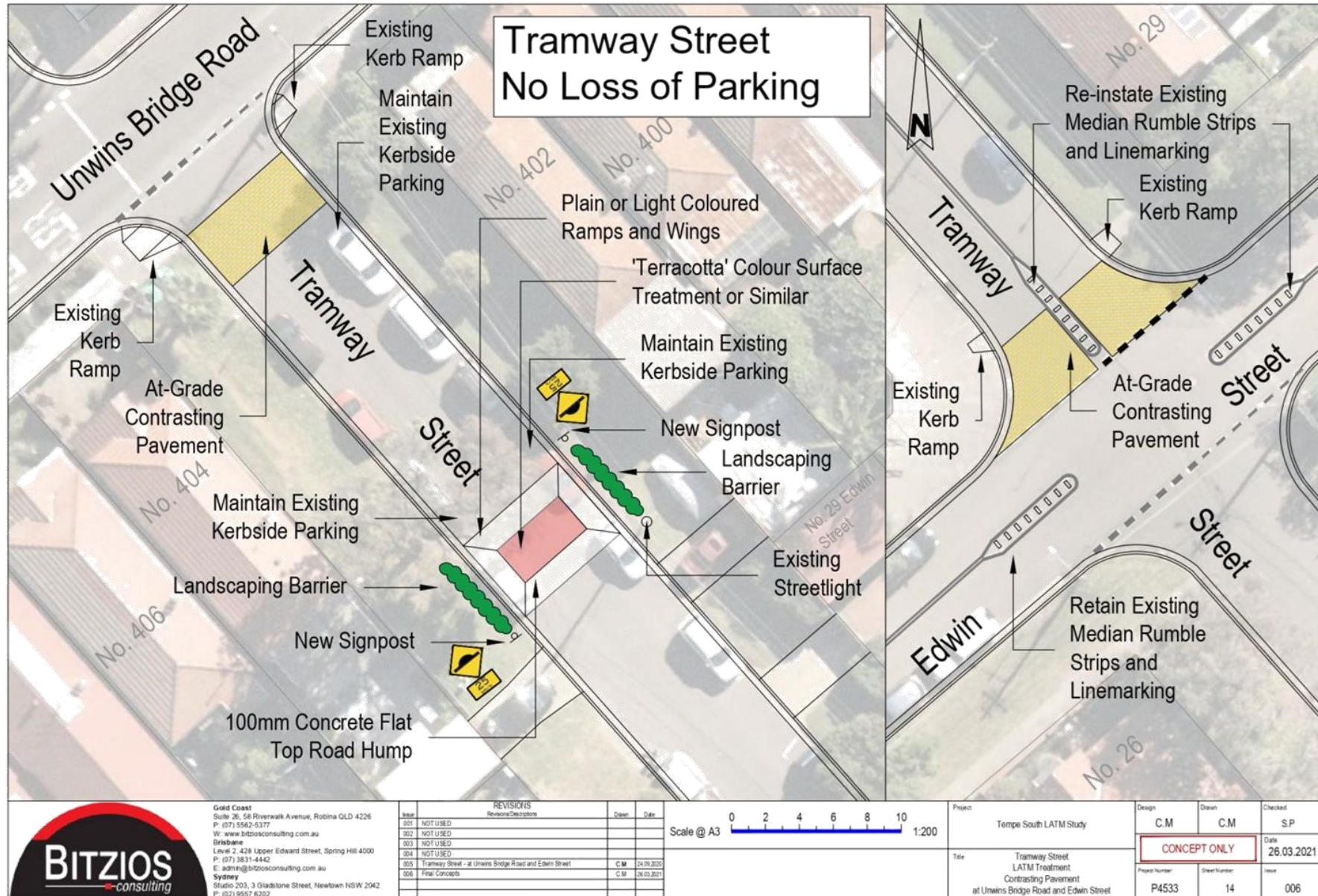


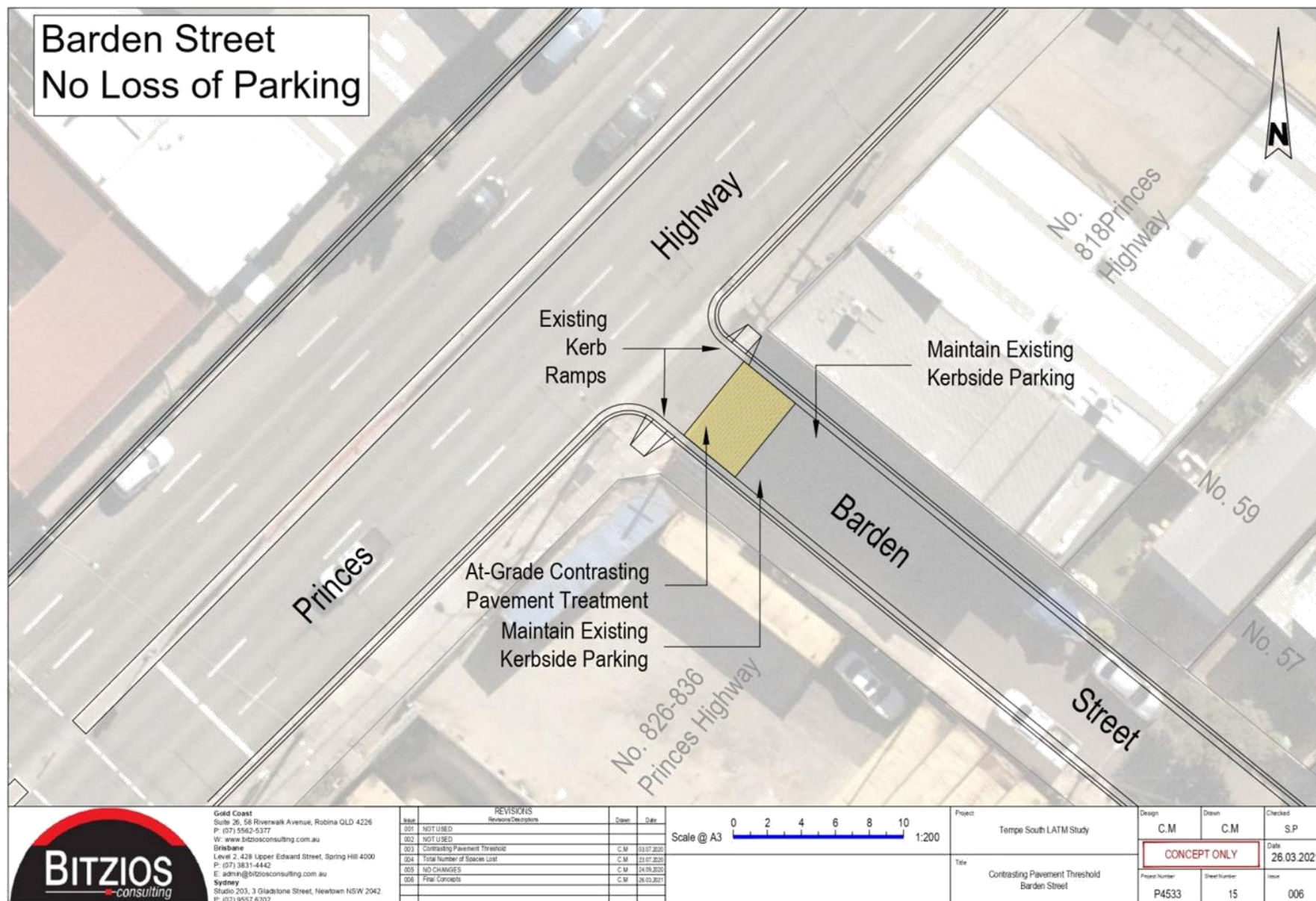


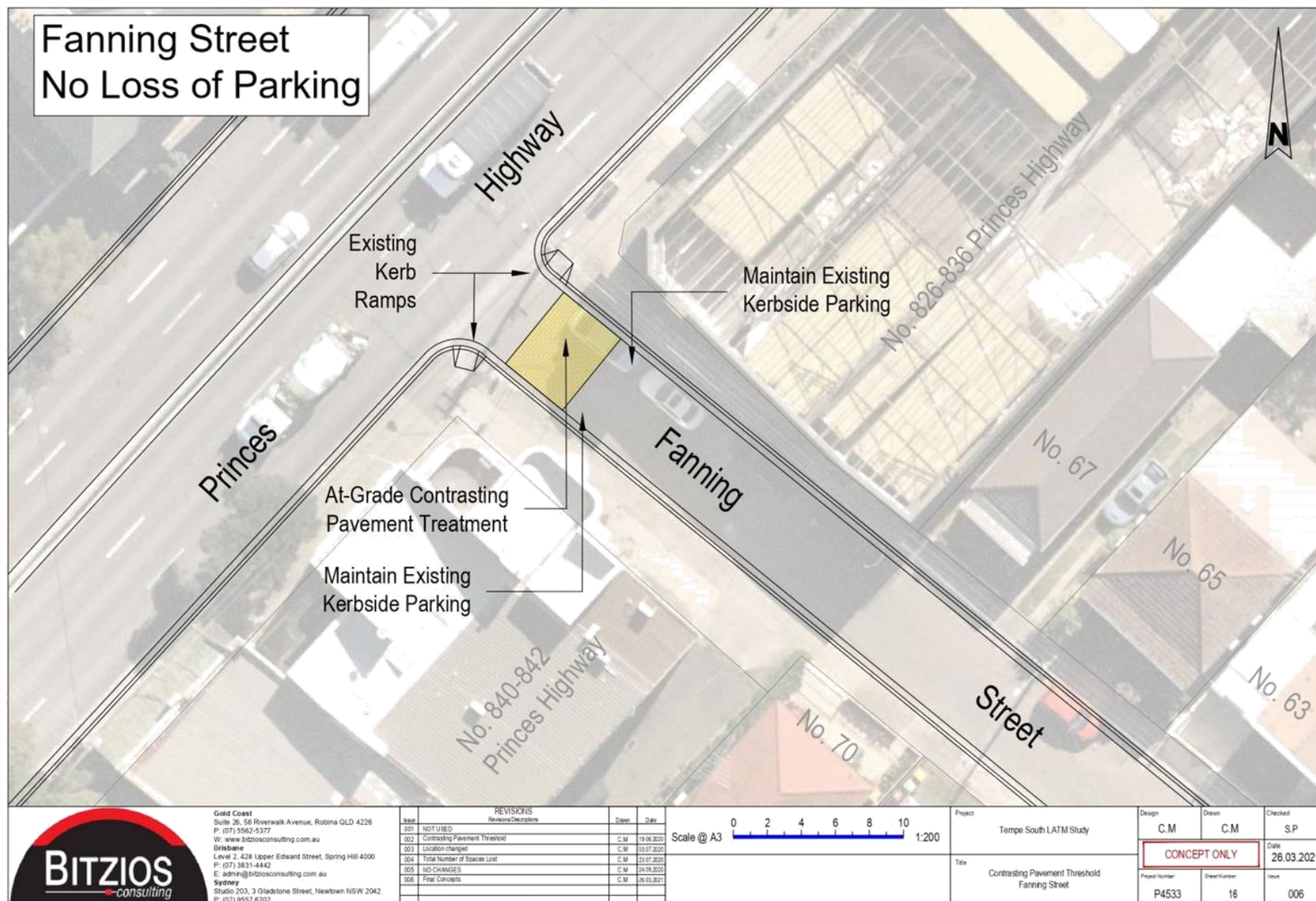


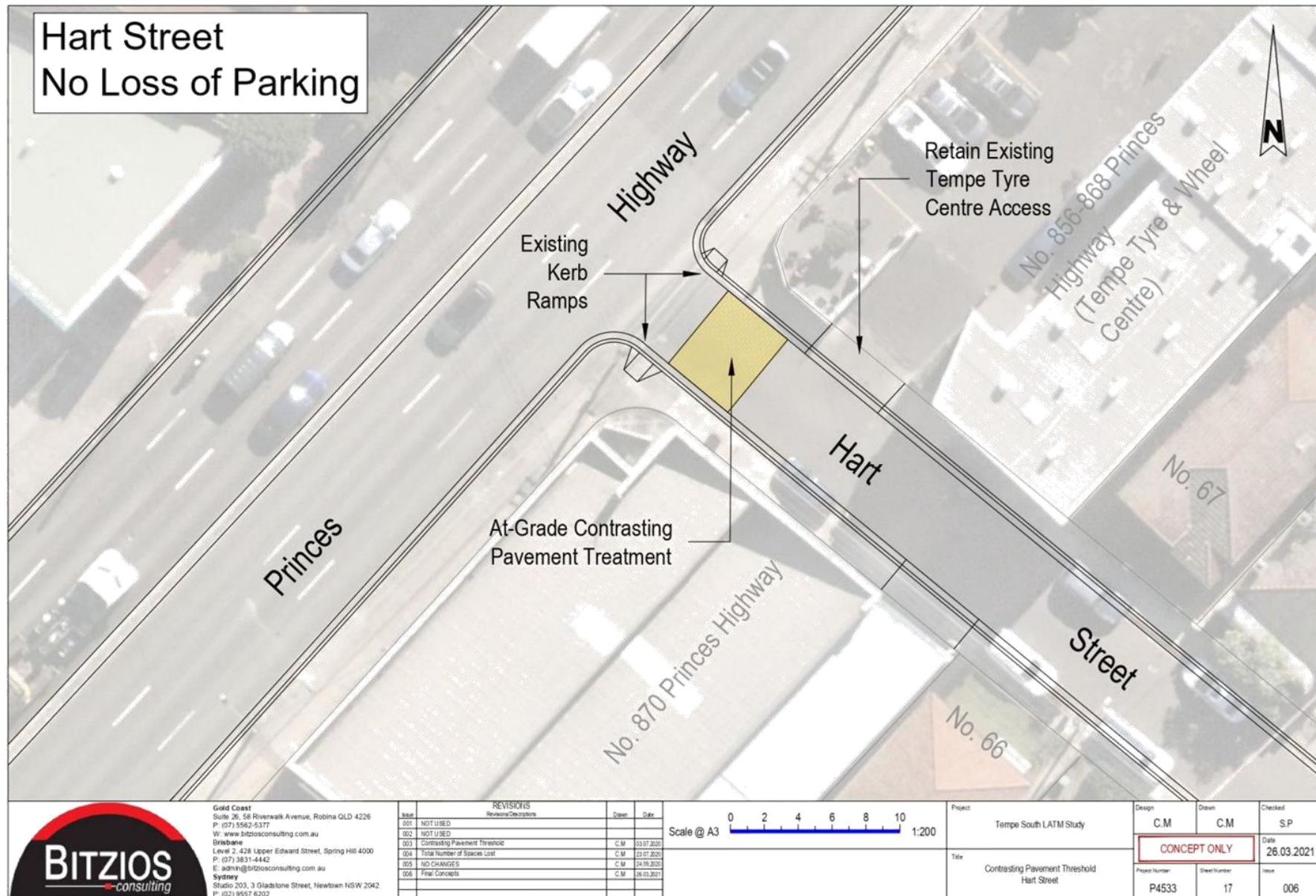


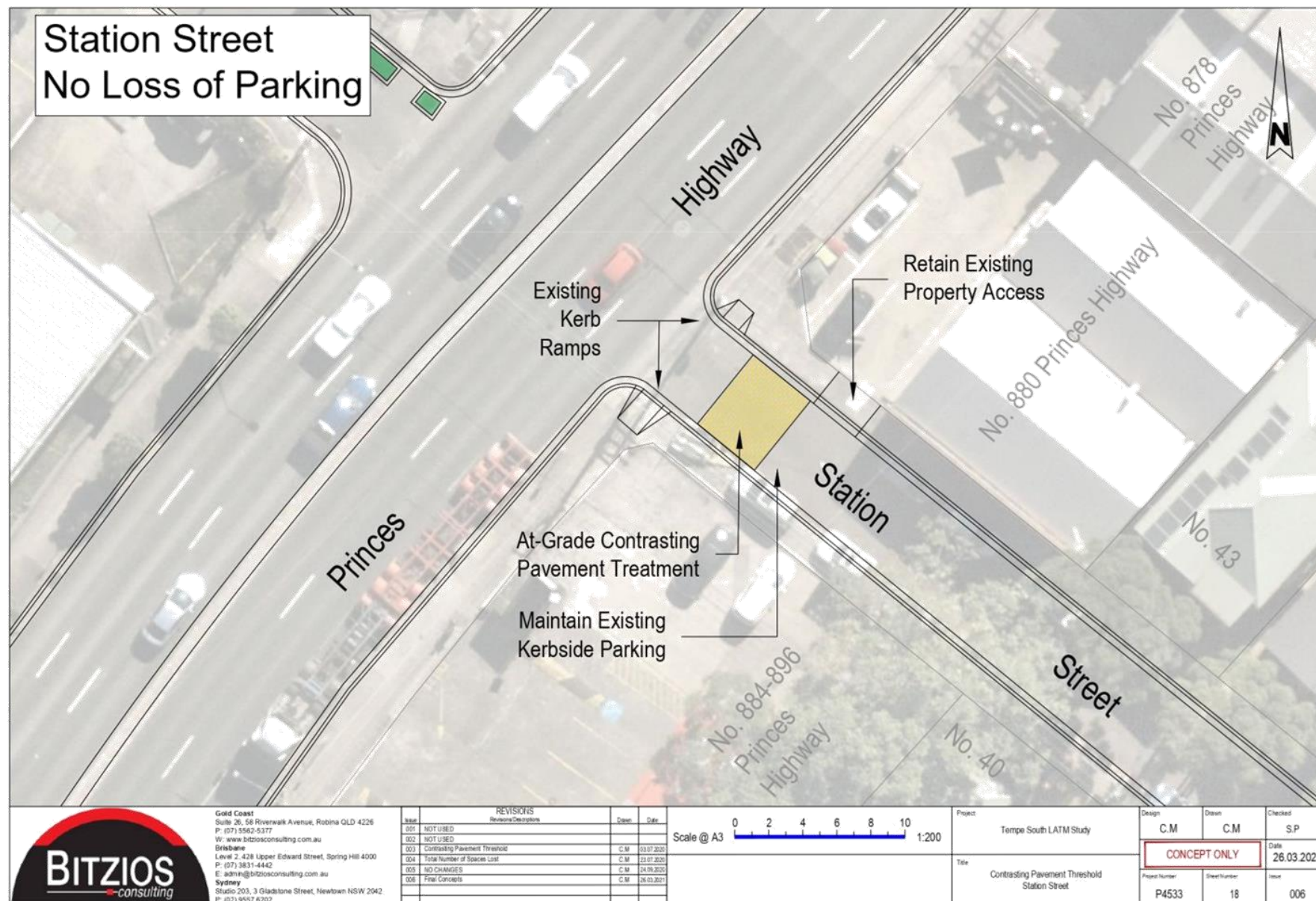














Appendix E: Engagement Outcomes Report

Item 4

Attachment 7

INNER WEST



Engagement outcomes report
Tempe South LATM Study

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Summary

As part of the development of the Tempe South Local Area Traffic Management study, the community could provide feedback on a draft LATM study report and concept designs. These documents were presented for public exhibition between 3 November 2020 and 12 January 2021.

The community could participate in the consultation via a questionnaire on the *Your Say Inner West* or direct email. Participants could indicate their preference on the treatment proposals and options for each subject street and provide further comments or suggestions.

It is approximated that 139 people participated in this engagement. Specific numbers cannot be determined as we can't verify participants in group submissions. There were 519 people who visited the Your Say Inner West project page. Of these, 265 people downloaded a document and 87 people provided feedback. One of the participants later provided additional comments via email.

A community group made up of 22 residents from Union Street submitted a document via email covering several issues from the draft report. A petition by 30 residents along Smith Street was also submitted via email. Businesses in the study area have also provided their comments.

The preferred option for each street is:

- Edwin Street: no consensus on the flat top road hump
- Barden Street, Fanning Street, Hart Street and Station Streets: Contrasting pavement threshold
- Holbeach Avenue: Option 2 (speed cushions and road narrowing)
- Stanley Street: Option 1 (flat top road humps)
- Wentworth Street: Option 2 (flat top road humps)
- Smith Street: Option 1a (Road narrowing & contrasting pavement with widened footpath)

Streets where opposition was predominant include:

- Tramway Street: oppose contrasting pavement threshold
- Union Street: oppose both proposed options

General comments included:

- The calculated traffic generated from Bunnings along local streets such as Union Street is too low.
- Local streets often have children and additional Bunnings traffic will make the streets unsafe.
- Proposals are out of touch with community concerns and practicalities and do not deter additional non-local traffic.
- Banning through traffic from Smith Street to Union Street. This will also address potential rat-running problems in Stanley, Edwin and Tramway Streets.
- No substantial treatments have been proposed on many local streets in the area to stop alternative routes.
- Concerns with traffic safety and congestion affecting truck movements to and from Wood Street.
- Signage should be enforced.

Background

As part of the conditions of consent for an approved Bunnings Warehouse at 728-750 Princes Highway, the Eastern City Planning Panel has conditioned that a Local Area Traffic Management (LATM) study be undertaken for the Tempe South area. A LATM would provide proposals to manage the impacts of the proposed Bunnings development on local traffic.

Following the initial stages of the study, streets where impacts would be experienced were identified and treatment options were provided for each street. Only one treatment option was provided for Barden, Fanning, Hart, Station, Edwin and Tramway Streets, while a total of four variations of the treatment options were provided for Smith Street.

Engagement Methods

The community could provide feedback via:

- **Your Say inner West (YSIW)** – including online questionnaire and document download
- **Email** – responses went directly to the Council project team

Due to COVID-19 restrictions, it was decided not to hold in person consultation. Instead the Council project team was available to take calls regarding any questions the community had before providing their feedback.

Promotion

- Letterbox drop
- YSIW E-newsletter
- YSIW Homepage
- Council website

Engagement outcomes

Who did we hear from?

Almost half the respondents (47%) were in the 35-49 age group, followed by approximately 27% who identified with the 50-59 age group.

Age Group	Number	Percentage
25-34	11	12.1%
35-49	43	47.3%
50-59	25	27.5%
60-69	4	4.4%
70+	3	3.3%
Undisclosed	5	5.5%
Total responses	91	100%
Skipped	1	-

When asked about their relationship to the study area, 89% of respondents identified as residents, 15% of respondents who were bicycle users through the area and almost 10% were local school users.

It should be noted respondents were able to select up to three responses and as such does not present a direct correlation to the number of responders.

Relationship	Number	Percentage
Resident	82	89.1%
Business Owner	4	4.3%
Visitor	5	5.4%
Pass through area for work	7	7.6%
Bicycle user in the area	14	15.2%
School user	9	9.8%
Other	4	4.3%
Totals	92	100%

What did they say?

[Online via yoursay.innerwest.nsw.gov.au](https://yoursay.innerwest.nsw.gov.au)

The following is an overview of the feedback provided as part of the online engagement. It should be noted all button questions asked were optional and could be skipped. This enabled respondents to provide feedback on as many streets as they wanted to.

Barden, Fanning, Hart and Station Streets

The same treatment (contrasting pavement threshold) was proposed for these streets. Participants were asked to tick the boxes of each street that they agreed with this treatment being applied to. A blank would indicate opposition for that location.

At least 32 of 34 responses (94%) to this question indicated **support** for the contrasting pavement threshold treatments on Barden Street, Fanning Street, Hart Street and Station Streets.

The majority of respondents (58 people) chose not to answer this question.

	Barden Street	Fanning Street	Hart Street	Station Street
Support	33	33	33	32
Blank (oppose)	1	1	1	2
Total responses	34	34	34	34
Skipped	58	58	58	58

Key themes in the comments included:

- Concerns with high parking on these streets, often occupied by Tempe Tyres traffic and international travellers
- Vehicles parked on footpath restricts pedestrian access
- Difficulties with two way travel with parking on both sides of the road
- Physical deterrent such as a closure is preferred

Edwin Street

In total, 63 people responded to the proposal to install a flat top road hump in Edwin Street. Overall, the community was divided on whether this treatment was appropriate. A total of 24 respondents (38%) indicated they were *dissatisfied* or *completely dissatisfied*, 18 (28%) were *neutral*, and 21 (33%) were *satisfied* or *completely satisfied* with the proposal.

This question was skipped by 29 participants.

Response	Number	Percentage	Combined
Completely satisfied	4	6.3%	33.3%
Satisfied	17	27.0%	
Neutral	18	28.6%	28.6%

Response	Number	Percentage	Combined
Dissatisfied	13	20.6%	38.1%
Completely dissatisfied	11	17.5%	
Total responses	63	100%	100%
Skipped	29	-	-

Key themes in the comments included:

- Proposal does not necessarily reduce rat runs, or non-local traffic in the area
- Pedestrian safety concerns
- Parking is critical and residents don't have enough parking

Tramway Street

In total, 61 people responded to the proposal to install contrasting pavement in Tramway Street. Overall, the community did not support this treatment. A total of 24 (39%) were *dissatisfied* or *completely dissatisfied*, 19 (31%) were *neutral*, and 18 (29%) were *satisfied* or *completely satisfied* with the proposal.

This question was skipped by 31 participants.

Response	Number	Percentage	Combined
Completely satisfied	1	1.6%	29.5%
Satisfied	17	27.9%	
Neutral	19	31.1%	31.1%
Dissatisfied	10	16.4%	39.4%
Completely dissatisfied	14	23.0%	
Total responses	61	100%	100%
Skipped	31	-	-

Key themes in the comments included:

- Concerns with current rat running
- Proposal may not change drivers behaviour
- No footpaths on both sides of the street

Holbeach Avenue

In total 57 people responded to the proposals for Holbeach Avenue. Overall, the community preferred option 2 (speed cushions and road narrowing) with 19 people (33%). A total of 13 people (23%) preferred *Option 1 (speed cushions only)*, 11 (19%) preferred neither and 14 (24%) had no opinion.

This question was skipped by 35 participants.

Response	Number	Percentage
Option 1 (speed cushions)	13	22.8%
Option 2 (speed cushions & road narrowing)	19	33.3%
Neither	11	19.3%
No Opinion	14	24.6%
Total responses	57	100%
Skipped	35	-

Key themes in the comments included:

- Measures should improve pedestrian safety due to the childcare centre
- Landscaped island is a concern for cyclists, attracts litter and reduces parking

Stanley Street

In total 62 people provided feedback on the proposed treatments for Stanley Street. Overall, the preference was for option 1 (flat top road humps) with 24 people (38.7%). A total of 9 people (14%) preferred *Option 2 (road narrowing)*, 16 (25%) preferred *neither* and 13 (21%) had no opinion on either treatment (*neutral*).

This question was skipped by 30 participants.

	Number	Percentage
Option 1 (flat top road humps)	24	38.7%
Option 2 (road narrowing)	9	14.5%
Neither	16	25.8%
No Opinion	13	21.0%
Total responses	62	100%
Skipped	30	-

Key themes in the comments included:

- Proposal does not necessarily reduce rat runs, or non-local traffic in the area
- Difficulties in parking in the street, often taken up by employees in Princess Highway, Tempe depot.

Wentworth Street

In total 61 people provided feedback on the proposed treatments for Wentworth Street. Overall, 21 (34%) of responses preferred *Option 2 (flat top road humps)*, 17 (27%) preferred *Option 1 (road narrowing & contrasting pavement)*, 8 (13%) preferred *neither* and 15 (24%) had no opinion on either treatment (*neutral*).

This question was skipped by 31 participants.

Treatment option	Number	Percentage
Option 1 (road narrowing & contrasting pavement)	17	27.9%
Option 2 (flat top road humps)	21	34.4%
Neither	8	13.1%
No Opinion	15	24.6%
Total responses	61	100%
Skipped	31	-

Key themes in the comments included:

- Proposal does not necessarily address existing traffic and parking problems from Tempe Tyres
- Difficult for vehicles to pass each other due to parked cars on both sides
- Road hump results in more noise due to Tempe Tyres trucks

Union Street

Proposals to Union Street were the most popular among respondents, which explains the high skip rate prior and following this question. In total, 78 people provided feedback on the proposals for Union Street. Responses indicate opposition to both options (flat top road humps or shared zones) with 36 people (46%) selecting that they prefer neither treatment and 9 people (11%) had no opinion on either treatment (*neutral*).

Key themes that emerged in the comments were:

- The traffic expected in Union Street is a concern for residents, do not agree with the traffic generation rates, traffic distribution, assessment criteria, treatments, used in the draft report.
- Disagree with the traffic data that was used during the COVID-19 lockdown with lower traffic
- Suggested alternative options, change Bunnings design -exit only onto Princes Highway with traffic signals, Smith Street entry only into Bunnings
- Left turn and Right turn entry only from Smith Street, block through movement from Smith Street to Union Street, using 'dog leg' island design

A further 24 people (30%) preferred *Option 2 (shared zone)* and 17 people (27%) preferred *Option 1 (road narrowing & contrasting pavement)*.

This question was skipped by 14 participants.

Treatment option	Number	Percentage
Option 1 (flat top road humps)	9	11.5%
Option 2 (shared zone)	24	30.8%
Neither	36	46.2%
No Opinion	9	11.5%
Total responses	78	100%
Skipped	14	-

Smith Street

Proposed treatments for Smith Street received feedback from 48 people. Overall, option 1A (road narrowing and contrasting pavement, with widened footpath) was the preferred option with support from 25 respondents (52%). Only 3 respondents (6%) preferred Option 1b, 8 respondents (16%) preferred Option 2a, and 12 respondents (25%) preferred Option 2b.

This question was skipped by 14 participants.

Treatment Option	Number	Percentage
Option 1a (road narrowing & contrasting pavement, with widened footpath)	25	52.1%
Option 1b (road narrowing & contrasting pavement, with widened footpath and landscaped verge)	3	6.3%
Option 2a (mountable concrete median, with widened footpath)	8	16.7%
Option 2b (mountable concrete median, with widened footpath and landscaped verge)	12	25.0%
Total responses	48	100%
Skipped	44	-

Key themes that emerged in the comments were:

- Concerns with vehicular access to residential properties in Smith Street and to the Tempe Wetlands.
- Preference for resident permit parking, additional parking is needed
- The options do not consider the ability of Wood Street businesses to carry out business activities requiring large trucks, and that the road should not be narrowed further

General comments raised

In addition to the comments on specific street treatments, participants could provide general comments about the project, attracting up to 108 comments on the study in general and for specific streets.

The participants provided opinions on the proposals and on the Bunnings development:

- Local streets often have children and additional Bunnings traffic will make the streets unsafe.
- The proposals on Union Street and Stanley Street do not deter additional non-local traffic.
- Proposals are out of touch with community concerns and practicalities.
- Speed humps generate additional noise.
- Landscaping attract litter and will require maintenance.

Participants also provided some suggestions:

- Turning Tramway Street to one-way northbound, or banning the left turn from Unwins Bridge Road onto Tramway Street
- Turning local roads south of Princes Highway into one-way roads
- Banning through traffic from Smith Street to Union Street. This will also address potential rat-running problems in Stanley, Edwin and Tramway Streets.
- Physical deterrent such as road closures are preferred.

One participant of the engagement emailed Council to provide additional comments and feedback:

- The report does not consider a partial closure of Union Street (i.e. left turn only from Princes Highway) and should be considered
- Changing the No Right Turn at Gannon Street
- The report does not consider the resulting threat to public safety.
- School and parents were not consulted.
- Stronger measures (including partial closure) and prioritising pedestrians (School Lane) have not been considered.

Comments from a community group

A community group representing residents raised their concerns about additional traffic generated, particularly in Union Street from the proposed Bunnings development.

Key issues raised include:

- Doubts over the draft LATMs process, including concerns that it doesn't adequately address Council's objectives/requirements and lacks transparency in data and modelling
- Doubts over traffic volume calculations presented in the report aligning with RMS Traffic Generation Rates and implications on the suitability of proposed treatments
- Concern that traffic modelling used to inform the proposals does not align with publicly available sources, such as Google Maps and implications on the suitability of the proposed treatments

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Criticism of proposed treatments

- The proposed treatments do not aim to deter traffic, only to calm it, particularly around the school areas. This raises issues during peak times around the school, will increase traffic queuing at Unwin's Bridge Road and are not acceptable from an environmental impact perspective
- The points criteria system is flawed, unfair and inconsistent. It does not truly account for one way and narrow nature of Union Street, and presence of school. Score is on the low end but has been recognised as significant in the report. Effectively, score should be much higher.
- A new bicycle route crosses Union street at School Lane and Edwin Street, increased traffic will not be safe.
- The 85th percentile speeds are higher on Union Street.
- Signage such as the Right Turn Only and truck load limit will need to be enforced.

Suggestions

- Suggestion 1: Change Bunnings to exit onto Princes Highway with signalised intersection, Smith Street to be used as entry only into Bunnings
- Suggestion 2: Left Turn and Right Turn only from Smith Street, block through movement to Union street, potentially using 'dog leg' island design.

Submissions from businesses

Submissions were received from businesses along Princes Highway and Wood Street.

General Comments

- Additional traffic (from Bunnings) on Smith Street will negatively impact the businesses in Wood Street
- Concern that many drivers will ignore the No Left turn restriction at the Bunnings driveway.

Feedback on the process

- Concern that the LATM has been prepared after the development approval. Residents should have been engaged on treatments prior to this as part of the DA process so that feedback could have informed the Development Assessment and consent
- No information on funding and if Bunnings is funding the LATM, has the study been done independently
- Suggestion of a follow-up study to ensure unforeseen issues are addressed

Feedback on the LATM study

- There is no information provided on what measures are proposed (only options presented), as operating conditions may be different to theoretical
- Road Safety Audit should assess the Princes Highway access and is critical to reduce impacts on Smith Street. The audit did not cover the Right Turn into Smith Street, which is expected to be intensified due to Bunnings
- Audit does not cover safety issues along local streets
- Keep Clear (on Princes Highway) may encourage drivers to undertake a right turn into Bunnings when sight lines are poor with stopped traffic

Feedback on proposals

Issue 1: The treatments are not sufficient

- Right turn only at the Bunnings exit will need enforcement, such as a physical barrier, to stop traffic from using southern streets to access the Princes Highway. Anticipate there will be delays at Smith/Princes Hwy intersection creating this behaviour
- The treatments focus on gateways to local streets and do not discourage vehicles taking alternative routes through the local area
- Local narrowing in Wentworth Street south of Princess Highway is appropriate but may not be enough. More aggressive solution is required, in conjunction with proposed flat top road humps. No measures proposed for South Street. More measures will be needed to discourage vehicles using South Street.
- Wentworth Street is a key street to some businesses. However, only heavy vehicle issues have been considered.
- The need for a kerb blister may not be required if the exit to Princes Highway is signalised.

Issue 2: Impact of increased queuing and traffic

- Diverted traffic issues (from Wentworth Street) should be considered, including queueing at Princes Highway.

Issue 3: Oppose loss of resident parking

- For a development of this size, Bunnings should provide its own access as Smith Street residents do not agree to any loss of on-street parking. However, they generally support a proposal which results in the lowest impact to on-street parking.
- An extensive and elaborate regime is required, mid block and at intersections with South Street.

Smith Street Petition

A petition comprising signatures by Smith Street residents has been provided by email, summarising issues and concerns regarding the proposed treatment options.

- Smith Street residents do not agree to any loss of on-street parking. However, they generally support a proposal which results in the lowest impact to on-street parking.
- The need for a kerb blister may not be required if the exit to Princes Highway is signalised and should be reviewed in connection to the feasibility study of the signals.
- A Resident Parking Zone should be implemented to deter tradesmen working on the new Bunnings from parking on Smith Street during construction, and deter customers from parking after completion.
- Widen the footpath north of the Bunnings access instead of whole length due to the increased traffic. Retain the footpath width in the southern section as a narrower road section will result in an increase in vehicle damage and sideswiping.
- Retain sandstone kerbs due to the heritage nature.

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- There is an existing DA application for a new dual driveway at 26-28 Smith Street, which interferes with the location of the proposed kerb blisters as part of Option 1 (road narrowing). The residents request a reduction in the width of the kerb blister to allow for the driveway entrance.

Officer comments in response to public exhibition

The draft LATM study report will be revised to address comments gathered during community consultation and include a summary of the engagement outcomes. There will be adjustments to the proposals in response to some of the comments received. A preferred option will be adapted for each street and presented in the report.

Responses to key issues identified in the public exhibition of the Draft LATM study report and concept designs are outlined in the table below.

Issue	Description	Response
Existing parking issues	Residents have highlighted difficulty in parking outside their property due to parking by nearby workers, airport users and other visitors. They prefer a residential parking scheme to be implemented to improve parking in the local area.	As part of the study, a parking survey on a number of streets was undertaken. The parking levels found were generally within 50-70% occupancy during weekdays and weekends, which do not meet the level required for a resident parking scheme as outlined in Council's Public Domain Parking Policy.
Efficiency of LATM proposals	Residents do not agree that the proposals will be able to address the increase in non-local traffic and do not reduce non-local traffic volumes.	The proposals aim to deter non-local traffic by reducing vehicle speeds and increasing travel time as to make routes using local roads less desirable for non-local traffic. LATM proposal was selected based on traffic volumes, speed and/or crash history.
Existing rat-running and non-local traffic issues	Residents have highlighted existing rat-running routes and use by non-local traffic. They have suggested schemes such as one-way system or road closures.	The LATM study focuses on the additional non-local traffic caused by Bunnings and may not universally address existing rat running issues.
Alternative Union Street proposal	Union Street residents have suggested closing Union Street to Smith Street through traffic, i.e. left turn entry only from Princes Highway	This option may be required given the direct route along Union Street and presence of schools. This option is to be further explored.
Children safety	Local streets often have children and residents have highlighted that additional Bunnings related	The LATM study aims to minimise additional traffic by reducing through traffic and vehicle speeds using the selected proposals.

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	traffic will make the streets unsafe	
Alternative Bunnings entrance and exit	Bunnings traffic should not exit via Smith Street and an alternative access be provided on Princes Highway.	An alternative access on Princes Highway will be the subject of further investigations, however it is noted that Transport for NSW has not supported an alternative signalised exit on Princess Highway.
Alternative transport	Residents preferred solutions that encourage alternative transport such as cycleways to ensure walking and cycling are more attractive	Active transport has been considered in Smith Street, which provides connectivity to existing routes. Traffic calming results in lower vehicle speeds, and improving safety for vulnerable road users such as pedestrians and cyclists.